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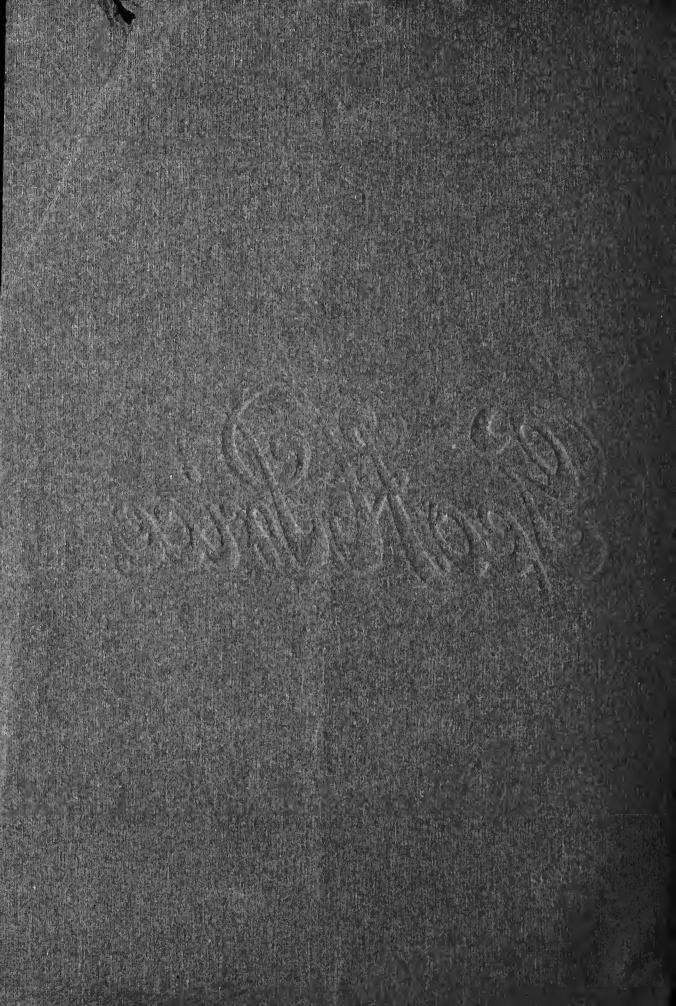
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1831=1914

CEC/UNICE

SEEDSMAN ALBAN NEW YORK



1831

THE ALBANY SEED STORE

Established 1831

Annual Catalogue

____OF____

FINE FLOWER,
VEGETABLE
AND FIELD

SEEDS

_____FROM_____

GEORGE H. PRICE,

Importer, Grower and Dealer in Seed.

Also Dealer in Horticultural and Agricultural Implements

516 and 518 Broadway, 31 and 33 James Street,

ALBANY, N. Y.

1914

1831

EIGHTY-THIRD YEAR OF THE ALBANY SEED STORE

1914

TO CUSTOMERS

Y SEEDS are all of my own growing and importing, and I take the greatest care in their production to have them pure and true to name, testing everything before selling, making a thorough business of it, and never send out anything that does not grow; this, taken in connection with the system of furnishing the best stock seeds and carefully watching the crops, gives my customers the most ample protection. The seeds offered in this Catalogue are of the very best sorts and strains to be obtained; they comprise all the best and standard kinds and some new varieties of value.

The prices this season on some varieties are higher than usual. This is owing to the heat and drouth of the past three summers, at the time when many varieties were producing seed; this has injured many of the seed crops. This has made some varieties short, especially Beans, which are almost a failure. Prices are low considering the choice quality of the seeds I offer.

Thanking you for your patronage during the past, I trust for a continuance of the same this season.

How to Order.—In writing out your order, do it as plainly as possible, and be sure to sign your name distinctly, giving post-office address, county and State, in full, and also express office, for many times it is better to send by express than by mail. Each year we have orders we cannot fill because they are unsigned. Make your order out as soon as possible. It will be an advantage to you and a favor to us.

How to Remit.— Send money by post-office or express money order, registered letter or draft. We guarantee the safe arrival of money sent in this way. Postage stamps received as cash when notes are not obtainable, or to make proper change. (Two-cent stamps preferred.)

We Pay the Postage to all parts of the United States on the seeds mentioned in this Catalogue in packets, ounces and pounds, without adding anything to the list price, except where specially noted.

Please observe that though we prepay the postage on seeds, as above stated, we make no addition to our Catalogue price to cover this outlay. Peas, Beans, Sweet and Field Corn, when ordered by mail, 10 cents per pint and 15 cents per quart must be added to the price list for postage, and for Onion Sets 8 cents per quart, and for Bird Seed 14 cents per quart. Seeds can be sent by Parcel Post, but not at Parcel Post rates, as the seed rate remains unchanged, it is still 8 cents per pound to any place in the United States.

Remember, the Mail and Express bring Our Store to your Door.

It costs no more to buy of us from a distance than if you came into our store and purchased seed over our counter.

We Fill Orders Promptly.— We aim to fill orders and dispatch them immediately after receipt, unless some special cause prevents, in which case acknowledgment is made and explanation given. Where no shipping instructions are given, we send by the best route we know of. Packages too large to send by mail we shall send either by express or freight. We fill an order for ten cents worth of seed with the same promptness and care as one for fifty dollars. We guarantee the safe arrival of all packages.

Testing.— All our seeds are thoroughly tested in a most careful manner before we sell them, and only those that *grow well* do we send out. This, in connection with our system of having to do only with the *best stocks* and carefully watching the crops, affords ourselves and customers the best protection possible.

My long experience for the past 48 years in the growing, selecting and improving of stocks enables me to supply customers with seeds that cannot be surpassed.

We do not warrant seed, because, as is well known, so many causes may, and often do, prevent the best seeds from growing and producing crops, from no fault in the seeds. We, therefore, in common with all other reliable seedsmen, wish it distinctly understood that, while we exercise very great care to have all seed pure and reliable, we sell no seeds with warranty, express or implied, in any respect, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the seeds on these terms they must be returned at once, and the money that has been paid for the same will be refunded.

Novelties in Flower Seeds.

Aster, Single White Japanese. This new single Aster, which bears large star-shaped flowers, reminds one of the single blooming Japanese Chrysanthemum, It has a yellow central disc which is encircled by a wreath of long quilled ray petals, which gives it an uncommon graceful aspect of branching habit, the plant throws up a large number of strong side stalks right from the base of the main stem. It is in the front rank as a cut flower and can also be used for late summer bedding. Per packet, 25 cents.

Snapdragon, Large Flowered Double Yellow. This variety bears flowers of a brilliant canary yellow and produces abnormal fantastic petals which emerge from the mouth-like aperture, giving quite a different aspect to the blooms from the other varieties and a more massive appearance to the spikes. A striking feature of these double Snapdragons is that the flowers completely eclipse all others in size. Per packet, 25 cents.

Alyssum Benthami Compactum Lilacinum. A very distinct sort, with upright spikes of pure lilac.

When in full bloom it resembles a miniature lilac candytuft; is very bushy and compact. Per packet, 20 cents.

Snapdragon, Large Flowered, Brilliant Rose. very large flowered variety of the tall Snapdragons. The flowers are very uniform, of a pure bright Rose. Per packet, 20 cents.

Centaurea Moschata Rosea, Rose Sweet Sultan. A new variety of Sweet Sultan, opening reddish white and passing to a delicate rose. The habit and size of flowers resemble the older kinds. Very valuable for bouquet work and cut flowers. Per packet, 20 cents.

Dimorphotheca Aurantica, Hybrid, Double Flow-Double and semi-double varieties of the Dimorphotheca hybrids, introduced two years ago. The shades of colors are as numerous as in the single sorts, ranging from light to dark yellow and from salmon rose to orange. Per packet, 25 cents.

Verbena, Hybrida Compacta, Salmon Queen. The compact growth of flowers are of a salmon rose. It is fine for bedding and dwarf borders. Per packet, 25

CLUB RATES.—To those who wish a variety of choice and expensive seeds, or who take trouble to induce their neighbors to join in ordering, we will discount from the list as follows:

To those ordering, we will send seeds in packets, half ounces and ounces as follows:

For \$4.00 we will send to the value of \$4.80 For \$1.00 we will send to the value of \$1.20 For 2.00 we will send to the value of 2.40 For 3.00 we will send to the value of 3.60 For 5.00 we will send to the value of 6.00 For 10.00 we will send to the value of 12.00

These rates refer only to seeds in packets, half ounces and ounces. Nothing heavier than ounces is included in these rates. Seeds when ordered by the one-quarter, one-half pound, pints and quarts, plants, roots, bulbs, etc., will not be included.

Classification of Annuals, Biennials, Perennials, Etc.

HARDY ANNUALS.

BIENNIALS.

Ammobium. Alyssum, Sweet. Asters. Bartonia. Callirhoe Candytuft. Catchfly.

Centranthus. Chrysanthemum Clarkia. Clematis Convolvulus Minor. Coreopsis Dianthus Heddewegii. Hibiscus

Dianthus Laciniatus. Dianthus Diadematus. Flos Adonis. Gilia. Helichrysum.

Jacobea. Larkspur. Love-in-a-mist. Lupins. Madea. Malope. HALF-HARDY ANNUALS.

Mignonette. Morning Glory. Nemophila. Phlox Drummondii. Pink, China. Poppy. Sunflower.

Sweet Pea. Sweet Sultan. Venus' Looking-Glass Viscaria Whitlavia. Xeranthemum

Ambrosia. Abronia, Acroclinium. Ageratum.
Amaranthus. Balloon Vine. Brachycome.
Browallia.
Cacalia.
Canary Bird Flower.
Celosia. Cockscomb

Didiscus Euphorbia. Gaillardia. Globe Amaranthus. Hyacinth Bean. Ice Plant. Lobelia.

Love-Lies-Bleeding. Marigold. Momordica. Nasturtium. Ornamental Gourds. Perilla. Portulaca.

Primrose, Evening. Princess Feather. Rhodanthe. Ricinus. Salpiglossis. Schizanthus.

Sensitive Plant. Snap Dragon.
Stocks, Ten Weels.
Thunbergia, Zinnia.

Canterbury Bells.

Everlasting Peas. Forglove. French Honeysuckle.

Pink, Indian. Pink, Clove. Jacob's Ladder.

Pink, Imperial. HARDY PERENNIALS.

Stocks, Intermediate. Stocks, Brompton.

Adonis. Alyssum Saxatile. Aquilegia. Delphinium.

Hollyhock.

Honesty.

Lychnis. Nymphæa. Pyrethrum. HALF-HARDY AND TENDER PERENNIALS.

Pansy. Pink, Pheasant's Eye. Pink, Maiden.

Pink, Double Garden. Rocket.
Polyanthus. Sweet William.
Pose Campion. Viola. Polyanthus. Rose Campion.

Forget-me-not. Coleus. Cyclamen. Dahlia. Geranium. Gloxinia. Heliotrope. Eschscholtzia. Lantana

Marvel of Peru. Maurandya. Oxalis. Petunia Pink, Picotee.

Pink, Carnation. Primrose, Chinese. Scabiosa Smilax. Stocks, Brompton.

Verbena. Wallflower.

Balloon Vine. Canary Bird Flower

Cobæa Scandens. Cypress Vine.

Hyacinth Bean. Ipomœa. Morning Glory.

Maurandya. Momordica.

CLIMBERS. Fine for Covering Trellises, Arbors, Old Fences, etc. Nasturtium. Ornamental Gourds.

Smilax. Thunbergia.

Everlasting Pea.

EVERLASTINGS OR IMMORTELLES. Fine for Winter Bouquets. Globe Amaranthus. Helichrysum.

Xeranthemum.

Acroclinium.

Calceolaria.

Centaurea. Cineraria.

Canna.

Ammobium.

FOLIAGE PLANTS. Making a Fine Appearance Singly, or in Groups. Ornamental Grasses. Ricinus.

Zinnia.

Amaranthus. Canna.

Cineraria. Dahlia.

FRAGRANT FLOWERS OF A SINGLE COLOR. Blooming Nearly the Whole Season. Eschscholtzia.

Helianthus.

Pansy. Pink Portulaca Stocks Sweet Alyssum. Sweet Peas. Sweet Rooket. Sweet Violet. erbena. Wallflower.

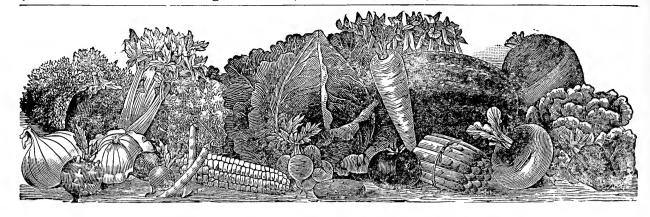
Abronia Ageratum. Asters. Balsam.

Coreopsis. Candytuft. Dianthus Erysimum.

Larkspur. Lobelia Mignonette.

Phlox Drummondii.

Zinnia.



VEGETABLE SEEDS

ARTICHOKE.

CULTURE. The seed should be planted about the beginning of May, in open ground, highly enriched with plenty of well-rotted cow manure, and kept clear of weeds. Water frequently if the weather is dry. Seedlings should be set in rows three feet apart each way.

ASPARAGUS.

Sow the seed in the Spring as early as the ground will permit, in rows one foot apart. Soak the seed twenty-four hours in warm water. Cover about 1½ inches, and press the earth down by treading or rolling. Carefully hoe and keep free from weeds. When two years old trans plant to permanent beds, no base being required. Plow or dig the ground 9 or 10 inches deep. Set in rows 12 inches apart and 15 inches between the rows. Top-dress the bed with 3 inches of old, well-rotted, pulverized manure. Every Autumn the stalks should be rolled down and in the Spring top-dressed with old, rotten manure, and sprinkle the bed well with salt. Never use a fork on the bed, as it injures the crown. Should not be cut until the plants are three years old, and then as near

the surface as possible.	Pr pkt	Pr oz	Pr lb
Giant Argentiel	\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 75
Palmetto. Fine variety		10	60
Barr's Mammoth. Large and fine		10	60
Donald's Elmira		10	70
Columbian Mammoth. White	05	10	70
_	Per 10		1,000
Asparagus Roots. Conovers; two years		0	\$6 00
Palmetto, two years	10	0	6 50
Barr's Mammoth, two years	10	0	6 50
Donald's Elmira, two years		Ю	7 00
Columbian Mammoth, White, two years	1.0	0	7 00

DWARF or SNAP BEANS.

Plant about the middle of May in a warm, dry spot, in drills an inch deep and 2 ft. apart, 2 in. apart in the drills, and cultivate when not wet. Keep hoed and kill the weeds. For succession, plant every two weeks

By mail add 16 cents per quart, See page 2.

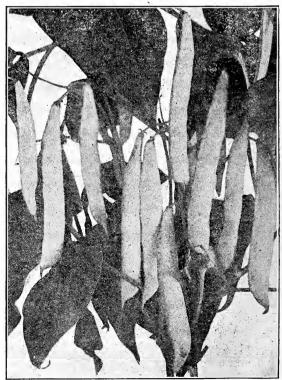
Packets of each variety, 10 cents; where quarts are



BUSH LIMA BEANS.

GREEN POD.

EXTRA EARLY RED VALENTINE, the earli- Pr	qt	\mathbf{Pr}	pk
est of all green snap beans, ready to pick 35 or 40 days			
from planting. Pods smooth, round and productive \$0	25	\$1	50
BLACK VALENTINE, has long straight green pods		•	
of good quality; very hard and productive; medium early.	25	1	50
EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE. Having all the			
qualities of the well-known refugee; 10 days earlier;			
great vielder; sure to produce a crop	25	1	40
Refugee, or 1,000 to 1. Very productive; best for			
pickling	25	1	75
EARLY SIX WEEKS, LONG. Early and produc-			
tive; one of the best green sorts	25	1	50
Giant Stringless, Green Pod	25		75
HODSON'S GREEN POD	25		75
DWARF HORTICULTURAL. A bush variety of	20	-	10
the Horticultural Pole Bean	05	1	05
Goddard's Favorite. Pods yellow, splashed with red.	25	1	75
BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA. The true type of the			
large White Lima; of very dwarf growth; beans as large		_	
as the large Lima; fine flavor and a good yielder	35	2	00
New Wonder Bush Lima. Best of the Bush Limas,			
of fine quality and very prolific	35	2	25
DREER'S BUSH LIMA. A strong grower of the			
potato type, productive and of good quality	35	2	-00
White Marrow. Good for Baking	20	1	25
White Kidney. A capital shell	20	1	25
The state of the s			



DAVIS KIDNEY WAX BEANS.

BEANS - YELLOW PODS.

DAVIS KIDNEY WAX. Stand up well from the ground, and very productive. It is absolutely rustless. Pods are handsome, large, and of a beautiful waxy yel-	Pr qt	Pr pk
low. It is the earliest of all the wax sorts; white seeds. WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX. Early, long,	\$0 30	\$2 00
flat, wax pods, free from rust, very hardy, early and pro-		
ductive, one of the finest wax sorts	30	2 00
ROUND POD KIDNEY WAX. The plant grows tall, strong and sturdy, with long handsome stringless		
tall, strong and sturdy, with long handsome stringless		
waxy yellow pods of large size, great breadth, meat crisp,		
brittle and free from rust. It is very early, productive, and the eating quality is unsurpassed	00	0.05
GERMAN WAX DWARF or BUTTER. Ten-	30	2 25
der, delicious and productive. No string	95	2 00
IMPROVED PROLIFIC BLACK WAY AD	20	2 00
improved strain of the old Black Wax; much earlier	25	2 00
CURRIE'S RUST-PROOF WAX. A fine		
variety, early. Pods flat and straight, of a fine golden		
waxy color, said to be perfectly rust proof	25	2 00
IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX. Handsomest and		
large. The pods are straight, long and thicker than the Golden Wax and said to be rust proof	0.0	0 00
HODSON WAX. A strong, sturdy grower, very pro-	30	2 00
ductive, free from blight and rust, with pods 6 to 7 inches		
long, which are straight, handsome, brittle and tender	30	1.85
GOLDEN EYE WAX. It is very productive; the	00	1 00
pods are flat, large and almost rust proof	30	2 00
IMPERIAL WAX. Fine wax sort	30	2 00
Refugee Wax. It is a perfect Refugee, with wax pods		
that are long, round and golden yellow color	25	1 75
Flageolet Wax. Early variety; pods long, yellow,		
succulent and tender	25	1 75
succulent and tender Yosemite Mammoth Wax. It has immense pods of	0.0	1
a rich golden color; stringless and tender	30	
		1

POLE or RUNNING BEANS.

Pole beans do best in sandy loam, enriched with short manure in the hills, which range from $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet apart, with 5 or 6 beans planted eye downward in each hill, 1 inch deep. If warm and dry, plant about the tenth of May for an early crop; and for the general crop a little later.

Packets of each variety. 10 cents.

Horticultural or Speckled Cranberry. Good	Pr qt I	Pr pk
as a snap, capital, dry		\$1 75
German Wax or Butter Pole. No string, a standard sort		1 75
Early Golden Cluster Wax. A large golden yellow, fleshy pods, fine flavor, good as shell or string	30	2 25
Golden Carmine Podded. Handsome golden pods, mottled with carmine, fine for snap or shell	30	1 75

Extra Early Jersey Lima. The beans of this variety are large and flat in shape, of a greenish white and mature very early. The vines are vigorous in growth, bearing profusely large broad pods. SEIBERT'S EARLY LIMA. The earliest true Lima. The vine is productive, hardy and vigorous, and	30	2 00
the pods large and thin, easily opened. The green beans		
are large, tender and succulent; a very fine sort	30	2 00
Early Leviathan. Very fine, large and early	30	2 25
DREER'S IMPROVED LIMA. (Potato Lima.)	00	2 20
Matures early; a large yielder of fine flavor	30	1 75
King of the Garden Lima. A vigorous grower;	•	1 10
pods from 5 to 8 inches long; early and prolific	30	2 00
LARGE WHITE LIMA. The most delicious shell	50	2 00
bean, green or dry. In planting place the eye downward.	30	1.85
White Dutch Runner. Productive; good for baking	00	1 00
and boiling; often called the Butter Bean	30	
Scarlet Runner. Productive and ornamental	30	

BEET.

Sow in drills 14 to 16 inches apart, 1 inch deep, in light, rich soil, sandy loam being preferable, well manured with decomposed compost carefully worked in. For an early supply, sow as soon as the ground can be worked; about the middle of May for general crop. When the plants are 3 inches high thin out to about 6 inches apart.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

EXTRA EARLY LENTZ. In shape resembles the	Pr oz	Pr lb
Turnip Beet. It is fully as early as the Egyptian, but larger and better quality. Flesh of a dark blood red	en 15	ວາ ຄະ
EXTRA EARLY EGYPTIAN TURNIP. The	φυ 10	ĢI 20
earliest in cultivation. Deep red, very fine	15	1 25
CROSBY EGYPTIAN, EXTRA EARLY. A		
fine strain of Egyptian Beet, early, small top	15	1 25
EXTRA EARLY ECLIPSE. Early as Egyptian,		
but larger, of a carmine color, of extra fine quality	15	1 00
Arlington Blood Turnip. An early dark-leaved,		- 00
dark-blood variety, very sweet; follows the Eclipse	19	1 00
DETROIT DARK RED TURNIP. Fine shape,	15	1 25
deep blood red, smooth; best for main crop EDMUND'S BLOOD TURNIP. A handsome	19	1 25
round shape, of a deep red color, medium size, fine grain.	15	1 00
Dewing's Improved Blood Turnip. Deep red,	10	1 00
of fine form and flavor	15	1 00
Early Blood Turnip. Red, smooth and early	15	1 00
Long Blood. Good Winter variety	15	1 25
Yellow Turnip. Flesh yellow; early		1 25
Swiss Chard. For Greens		1 25
SWISS Chard. For Greens	10	1 20

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

Sow same as cabbage through May, and transplant in July. Improved Dwarf......Per packet, 5 cents; per ounce, 20 cents.



CROSBY EGYPTIAN BEET.

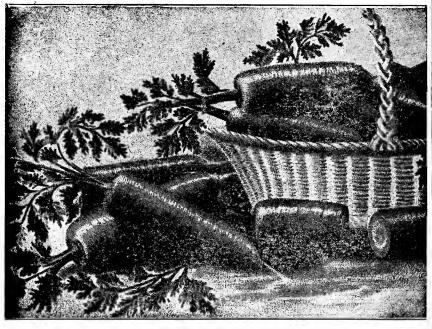
Use Sheep Manure on Garden and Field Crops,

CARROT.

Sow as early in the Spring as the ground can be worked, in a rich, light soil, well manured with old, fine manure, and thoroughly worked, very deep. Fresh stable manure is likely to make them fork and branch. Land that was heavily manured the previous season is the best. Plant in rows 14 inches apart in the garden, but from 20 to 22 inches in the field, and thin plants to 4 to 5 inches in the rows, hoeing often between them, just enough to kill the weeds, otherwise the roots tend to branch or fork. For general crop sow during last of May or June.

Packets of each variety. 5 cents.

Pr	oz	Pr	lb
Extra Early French			
Short Horn. For forcing;			
the conlinet venictur fine flower			
the earliest variety; fine flavor,			
roots small\$0	15	\$ 2	00
Early Horn. Early variety,			
resermbling Oxheart; good for			
the table	15	7	25
	10	_	20
Chantenay. A productive		_	
	15	1	50
OXHEART (or Guer-			
ande). It is an intermediate			
between Danvers and Short			
Horn, producing carrots from			
4 to 6 inches in diameter, and a			
good yielder	15	1	00
Intermediate or St. Val-			
lerv. Roots straight and			
smooth; color deep orange	15	1	50
	10	1	JU
PRICE'S IMPROVED			
DANTERS A fine stump.			



DANVERS. A fine stumprooted variety; the best in use.

IMPROVED CHANTENAY CARROT.

IMPROVED CHANTENAY CARROT.

IMPROVED CHANTENAY CARROT.

IMPROVED CHANTENAY CARROT. Pr oz Pr lb IMPROVED LONG ORANGE. An improved variety, roots of a dark color.....

STOCK and SUGAR BEETS.

Special Price in Large Quantities.

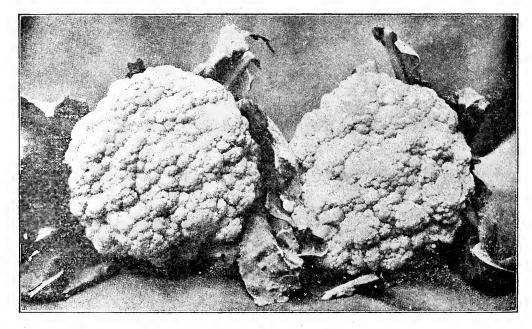
KLEIN WANZELBEN.	A white sugar variety
which is used extensively in Ger.	many and France. It con-
tains a good percentage of sug	ar and will do better on
poor soils than the other varie	eties

LANE'S IMPERIAL WHITE SUGAR. Grows to a large size, very prolific, fine for stock, has a large percentage of sugar.

Pr lb

\$0 50 50

Pr lb \$0 50



EXTRA EARLY SELECTED DWARF ERFURT CAULIFLOWER.

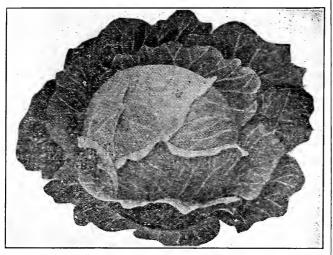
USE SHEEP MANURE ON GARDEN AND FIELD CROPS

CABBAGE

Early varieties should be sown in hot-beds during February and March, transplanted into very richly manured ground about the middle of April. The ground should be loosened and worked up thoroughly to grow large and good heads. For large crops and late varieties, sow in April or first part of May in shallow drills, 3 to 4 inches apart. Transplant last of June or early in July, in rich ground, in rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet in the row. Hoe often to kill weeds, and draw earth up to the stems. Cabbage succeeds best in a fresh, rich soil, well manured and dug or plowed deeply. The late plants are subject to attacks of the cabbage-fly, which destroys them as fast as they appear above ground. To keep off the "fly," soot, wood ashes, lime, slug shot and tobacco dust, or any or all, should be used freely very early in the morning; one day's neglect may spoil the plants.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents

	Pr	οz	Pr	lb
Extra Early Eureka. A very early variety, with				
large flat heads, strong, healthy and a reliable header		25	\$3	25
Early Jersey Wakefield. (True.) Very early; fine				
cone-shaped		25	3	25
Large Jersey Wakefield. A large strain of Wake-				
field, but a little later		25	3	25
PRICE'S EARLY MARKET. A good-sized, very early variety, with fine, solid round, compact heads. As				
early as Wakefield. Per packet, 10 cents		40	6	00
Copenhagen Market. A large, solid, round-heading				
sort, early and a good cropper. Per packet, 10 cents		50	7	00
HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER. (True.)				
Very early; heads solid and compact; fine early variety		25	2	75
Winningstadt. (Cone-shaped.) Second early		20	2	00



PRICE'S EARLY MARKET CABBAGE.

COLLARDS.

	\mathbf{Pr}	pkt	Pr	oz
Cardoon	 . \$0	05	\$0	20
Chives .		10		50

CHICORY.

A substitute for coffee and much used for mixing with it. Cultivate like carrot. When dug cut into squares of sixths, lengthwise, and string to dry. Roast and grind like coffee. Chicory \$0 05 \$0 20

CHERVIL.

Cultivate like parsley. The young leaves are used for flavoring. Chervil. curled \$0 05 \$0 15

CRESS.

Sow thickly in shallow drills every two or three weeks for salad; can be cut three or four times. Water Cress requires a stream of water, in which it will grow without care, except at first keeping the weeds from interfering with it.

Pr pkt Pr oz Pr lb
 CURLED GRASS
 PEPPER GRASS
 \$0 05 \$0 10 \$0 80

 Broad Leaved
 05 10 80

 True Water
 10 40 4 00

CORN SALAD OR FETTICUS.

Sow in drills a quarter of an inch deep and six inches apart, the latter part of August, or in September. Tread on the seed lightly if the weather is dry. Keep free from weeds and cover thinly with straw or leaves just before Winter.

arrato, o combi				
Fottler's Brunswick. Early, large and compact; a standard Summer and Fall variety		oz 20		
EARLY SPRING. A fine early variety. Per packet, 10 cents	Ψ		6	
PRICE & REED'S PREMIUM DRUM-HEAD. A large, fine, round-heading variety, with firm, solid, compact heads of the finest quality		0=	3	0.5
LARGE BRISTOL. Somewhat similar to the Flat			3	
DANISH BALL HEAD. Hard, solid, round heads; a good marketable size, fine grained and a fine keeper, carrying well until early Spring			3	
SUCCESSION. Produces heads about a week later than the Early Summer, but double their size and sure heading qualities		25	3	25
SURE HEAD. Produces heads resembling Flat Dutch; uniform shape, hard, firm and of fine texture; has few loose leaves; sure to head; keeps well		25	3	00
ALL SEASONS. An early Drumhead variety, producing large, solid, hard heads, weighing sixteen to twenty pounds, early in the season. It is of fine quality, sweet and tender. Good for early or Winter		25	3	00
The Lupton. A good solid, dark-green, uniform-heading variety; fine grained, large heads, strong constitution; medium to late; a good keeper		25	3	00
Large Late American Drumhead. A standard variety for Fall and Winter		25	3	00
PREMIUM FLAT DUTCH. A standard variety.		25	3	00
Houseman's Flat Dutch. A late variety; large and fine		25	3	00
Autumn King. Large, solid heads, productive and a good keeper		20	2	50
Perfection Drumhead Savoy. Best curled kind		25	3	25
ERFURT LARGE RED DRUMHEAD. Large and solid; fine for pickling; best of all the red varieties		30	3	75
RED DANISH BALL HEAD. A fine red sort, hard, solid and a good keeper		35	4	5 0



COPENHAGEN MARKET.

CELERY

Should be sown very early in the Spring in open ground or in the hot bed. When 3 inches high transplant, 4 inches apart, into a rich, finely pulverized soil. If the weather is dry, press the earth well around the roots. Water and protect till well rooted; shear off tops once or twice to make them stocky, then transplant into rows 3 or 5 feet apart, in rich ground, setting the plants 6 inches apart. To blanch, close the stalks and draw the soil up, using great care not to get the earth in the center or heart of the stalk, as it will tend to keep it from making a perfect head.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

crisp, tender. Inner leaves and heart white. It is an early variety, requires very little labor in blanching; a good sort for early use. GOLDEN SELF-BILEACHING. Is of dwarf compact growth, with very stocky, vigorous, straight stalks. The ribs are solid, crisp, tender and of good flavor. It is a strong grower, and, like the White Plume, requires very little labor to blanch. With hardly any banking or covering up, the outer ribs become a yellowish white and the center a rich, golden yellow. It is a good keeper. Pkt 10e. Price's Albany Market. Foliage dark green, heart large, solid, white, thick and brittle, without string. It is a late variety but a great keeper, remaining in perfect condition until Spring. Schumacher. Large size, solid and crisp; golden yellow heart. PRICE & REED'S LONG KEEPING. Has large, solid stalk, of fine texture, crisp, brittle and tender, and is a fine keeper. DWARF WHITE GOLDEN HEART. A half dwarf variety; when bleached the heart is large and full; of a golden waxy yellow; early, solid and of fine flavor, a splendid keeper. PERFECTION HEARTWELL. A fine, large Winter variety; heart of golden yellow, and of superior quality. Giaut Pascal. A fine keeping sort. The stalks are thick, broad, solid and crisp, with golden yellow heart; height eighteen inches; easily bleached. Boston Market. A branching dwarf variety; tender.	16	,
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Winter variety; heart of golden yellow, and of superior quality	25	5
thick, broad, solid and crisp, with golden yellow heart; height eighteen inches; easily bleached	50	0
	00	0
Colorino Munnin Dontod Cient Ducarro A	00)
Celeriac Turnip Rooted Giant Prague. A standard variety, producing turnip-shaped roots. The root of this is eaten	50	ð
Celery Seed. For soup and pickles 10	60)

CELERY PLANTS.

(See Vegetable Plants, Page 22.)

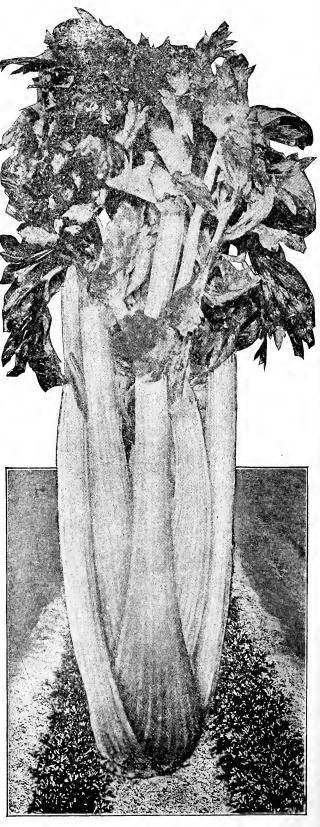
Parties growing celery for their own use will generally find it more satisfactory to buy the plants, which we always have in large quantities from June 15th and through August. White Plume, Golden Seif-bleaching, Golden Heart, Albany Market. Per dozen, 20 cents; per 100, by mail, 50 cents; by express, per 100, 35 cents; per 1000, by express, \$3.00. It is better to send plants by express, as we can pack them carefully with wet moss, and they are sure to reach you in good condition; if sent by mail we cannot use the moss, and they are liable to reach you badly wilted.

CAULIFLOWER.

Should be sown in hot beds in February, transplanted into another frame in the latter part of March, and in May planted out in rows 3 feet apart, 2 feet between plants. Any good cabbage soil will grow cauliflower, as their requirements are almost similar. If the weather is dry, water freely. The large leaves should be broken down over the flower head as they appear, to keep the sun and rain from injuring them. Can also be sown in the open ground during May and transplanted same as cabbage in June and July.

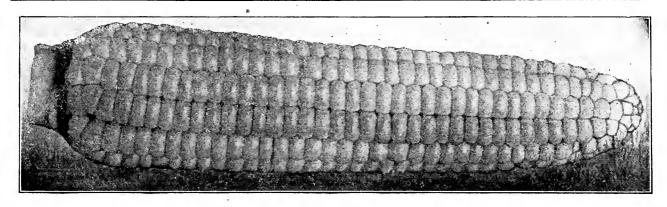
planted same as cabbage in June and July.			
Pr	pkt	Pr	ΟZ
Price's Danish Beauty. A large solid white head.	•		
Price's Danish Beauty. A large solid white head, very early, of compact growth and a sure header	25	\$4	50
Price's Danish Giant. A fine, large, late, sure-head-			
ing variety, producing large solid heads	20	3	50
EXTRA EARLY SELECTED DWARF ER-			
FURT. Finest strain. The earliest of all; very sure			
to head; dwarf growing, large white compact head; the			
best early variety	25	4	50
SNOWBALL. (Selected.) A very early variety, with			
firm, white heads and good heading qualities	20	3	00
NONPAREIL. Late variety	10		75
THOUGH THE EXAMPLE DATE VALUETY	10		• •

Vegetable Plants, See Page 22.



PRICE'S ALBANY MARKET CELERY.

SWEET CORN



PRICE'S EARLY DAY-BREAK SWEET CORN.

The sweet or sugar varieties, being liable to rot in the cold or wet ground, should not be planted before May or until the ground has become warm; the late varieties are more liable to rot than the early sorts. For a succession, continue planting every two weeks until the middle of July, in rich well-manured ground in hills 3 feet apart each way, 7 or 8 kernels in a hill, covering about an inch deep; thin out when up to 4 stalks and break off side shoots. Use plenty of old, fine manure, hoe often and draw up soil to stems. The extra early varieties can be planted nearer together than the late ones.

Packets of each variety, 10 cents; Pints, 13 cents. By mail, add 5 cents per pint and 10 cents per quart for postage.

SWEET CORNS OF OUR OWN INTRODUCTION

Price's New Early Day-Break. A fine new extra early variety of great merit, stalks growing about 5 feet high with 2 to 3 ears on a stalk, the ear is of good size, 8 rowed and well filled at ends, cob white, kernel large, white, plump, sweet and tender. It is the earliest of all Sweet Corns, coming in ahead of Extra Early White Cory. This is a fine extra early market sort and a good yielder. Per pint, 20 cents; per quart, 40 cents; four quarts, \$1.25; peck, \$2.25.

pint, 20 cents; per quart, 40 cents; four quarts, \$1.25; peck, \$2.25.	_	
The state of the s	Prqt	Pr pk
PRICE'S 190') SWEET CORN. It has a very large ear set well down on the stalk, which is of medium height, stou and strong; the kernel is large, plump, white, sweet and tender. It is very early, a first-class family or market-garden corn	\$0.25	\$1 50
and strong; the kerner is large, planny, which, sweet and tender. It is very early, and strong or market-garden com-	. Ç ∪ 2 0	WI 00
PRICE'S EXTRA EARLY COLOSSAL. A fine large, extra-early sort, ears set well down, stalk 5 feet high, good and strong. Kernel large, plump, white and sweet; ears large as the Champion and a week earlier. It is the earliest of all large	,	
and strong. Refliet large, plants, white and sweet, cars large as the Champton and I was defined. The Earlies by all large street corns.	25	1 50
PRICE & REED'S PERFECTION. This variety is a large early sort, ears plump and 12-rowed, growing on stout		
strong stalks about 6 feet high. It is early and prolific, with large, white, sweet and tender kernels. The cob is white, long and thick	25	1 50
PRICE & REED'S CHAMPION. This is one of the early large-eared corns, sweet and tender.		1 25
PRICE & REED'S ECLIPSE. A very early variety. It has a medium-sized ear, with white cob and plump kernels		
medium-sized stalks	' 20	1 25
DRICE & UNICKERROCKER'S HARLY PER-AND-KAY. Is very early, only a few days behind the early	,	
sorts, with a large ear. The stalk grows 6 feet high, with 2 or 3 ears on a stalk. Ears 8 to 10-rowed, long and large kernels; large		
plump, pearly-white, sweet an 1 tender	20	1 25
PRICE & KNICKERBOCKER'S EXTRA EARLY TOM THUMB. Originated and introduced by us in	ı	
1874. It is an 8-rowed sort; kernels large, white and very sweet; stalks about 3 feet high; ears large for so early a variety. A		1.05
splendid yielder, having 2 or 3 ears on a stalk.	. 20	1 25
Prát Prpk	Pr qt	Pr pk
ASDINTEAT. A large early cost fine large ears to 30 to 150 Kendall's Early Glant. Large, early, 10 to 12		** 05
Toward Carry, Retired pare	•	\$1 25
Burbauk Early Maine. A very early variety; medium-sized ears, white cob and kernels 20 1 25 Potter's Excelsior. A large productive, sweet variety; medium early.		1 25
EARLY CORY. Very early, ears of good size and		1
handsome. A good variety, a red cob, extra early sort 20 1 25 growing only from 4 to 5 feet high; kernels white, large		
EXTRA EARLY WHITE CORY. Same vari-		1 25
ety as above, with white cob and kernel; it is very early and a good writer. Early, ears good size		
kernels large; straight in the row and white; a fine variety	. 20	1 25
MANNOTH WHITE CORY. A large 12-rowed Black Mexican Sugar. A medium early sort, early sort, early of White Cory.	i	
8-rowed being white in a green state, and turning black		1 50
as it becomes old, tender and sweet-		1 50
GOLDEN BANTAM. Extra early variety, kernels yellow, very sweet and tender; stalk growing about 3		1 25
feet high. The best for family use and can be planted. Early Mammoth. A very large, medium early, fit		
feet high. The best for family use and can be plante i earlier than most sorts	20	1 25
Early Minnesota. Ears 8-rowed and white, fair size		1 20
and sweet		
EARLY CROSBY. A fine early variety. Height	20	1 25
about 3 feet; ears 10 to 16 rows, short and plump; kernels	20	1 25
8 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
Moore's Early Concord. A large dwarf variety, producing large ears; 12 to 16-rowed, tender and sweet 20 1 25 latest and sweetest variety, stalks growing tall, produc.		
frost comes ears handsome. 12 to 16-rowed, with a small,		
deep kernel, very tender and sweet; cob medium	20	1 25
Ne Plus Ultra (or Shoe Peg). Tender and sweet; long, white kernels, small cob		
used instead of the common white corn, being worth		
country gentleman. Ears good size; kernel irregular, deep, white and sweet, resembling the Ne Plus cured for fodder in Winter, being very nice for cattle, cut		
Ultra 20 1 25 and mixed with meal. Per bushel, —.		

FIELD CORN.

By mail add 5 cents pints, 10 cents quarts, for postage. Special price on large lots.

Pr pk		
Longfellow. An eight-rowed yellow flint sort \$0 70	\$2	5 0
Angel of Midnight. Ears eight-rowed fine variety 70	2	50
	2	50
Compton's Early. Ears from twelve to fifteen inches 70	2	50
Early eight-rowed Yellow Canada. Ears small,		
	2	50
King Philip. Dark reddish yellow flint 70	2	50
Early White Flint. Ears eight-rowed, ten inches		
	2	50
Large Yellow Flint. Ears long, eight-rowed 70	2	50
Early Butler. The earliest of all Dent varieties,		
	2	00
	1	50
Pride of the North. It is an early Dent variety,		
	1	50
Early Mastodon. Very early Dent variety, with		
	2	00
White Cap Dent. Early, ears large and a good		
yielder	2	00
The Learning, Pride of the North, Mastodon		
White Cap Dent are the favorite Ensilage and Fodder cor	ns,	as

CUCUMBER.

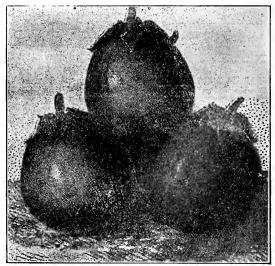
Pop Corn. White Pearl, 15 cents lb., ears.

the stalks grow tall and tender with more leaves than other varieties.

For main crop, plant the seeds in open ground as soon as the weather becomes warm and settled, in hills four feet apart, using a shovelful of warm, well-rotted manure to each hill; cover manure with two inches of fine earth, and plant eight or ten seeds in each hill; cover these with one-half inch of soil well pressed down. Hoe often, and when out of danger of insects, thin out to three or four plants in a hill. Fruit should be plucked when large enough, whether required for use or not, for if left on the vines it destroys their productiveness.

Packets of each variety 5 cents.

	\mathbf{Pr}	οz	Pr	lb
Early Russian. Earliest. Grows in pairs	\$0	10	\$1	00
EARLY GREEN CLUSTER. Early, small and				
prickly; very productive; growing in clusters		10	1	00
Green Prolific. Productive. Fine flavor and crisp	,	10	1	00
IMPROVED WHITE SPINE. A favorite market				
sort, of medium size, and deep green color; flesh crisp		10	1	2 5
Peerless White Spine. Fine variety, large and early		10	1	25
ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE. A selection from				
White Spine, more pointed at the end. The young fruit				
is very tender; color, dark green; fine pickling sort		10	1	25
EVERGREEN WHITE SPINED. A fine pro-				
ductive variety, holding its dark green color much longer				- 1
than other sorts, both before and after being taken from				
the vines. Good length and size, straight and handsome.		10	_	25
Bennett's White Spined. Of fine shape and color.		10	1	25
LONG GREEN. Color, dark green; firm and crisp		10	1	00
Price's Pickling. Strong, hardy, vigorous vines, thick				
symmetrical fruit, thick set with small spines		10	1	25
Nichol's Medium Green. Productive, medium size		10	1	00
Short Green. Productive and good for pickling		10	1	00
Boston Pickle. Productive, fine for pickling		10	1	00
West India Gherkin. Small, prickly, pickling only		20	2	00
English Frame Cucumbers. Price per packet, 25	cer	nts.		
DANDELION. Large, thick leavedpr. pkt. 10;				40



IMPROVED SPINELESS EGG PLANT.

EGG PLANT.

Sow thickly in hot-bed, and if possible pick out, that they may become stocky. When about four inches high set out, thirty inches apart each way, in good rich soil, when the weather has become warm. Pr pkt Pr oz

IMPROVED P	URPLE, Spincless	. Largest and	. p	
best	. 		\$0 10 \$0	50
Black Beauty.	Early and large		10	5 0

ENDIVE.

Sow from latter part of May to end of July, thinly in drills, and cover lightly. Thin out to eight inches apart when up, and give a good watering afterwards, if dry. To blanch, when the leaves are six to eight inches long, gather them together in the hand and tie near the top, or cover with boards; must be done when dry or they will decay. The crop may be taken up carefully (as the winter approaches), with a ball of earth to each plant and placed closely together in a cellar for use.

ы		Pr pk	Pr oz
1	GREEN CURLED.	Best and most hardy \$0 05	\$0 20
. 1	WHITE CURLED.	Fine but less hardy 05	20
1	Broad Leaved. Leav	ves broad and plain 05	20

GARLIC.

Plant the sets in light, rich soil, two inches deep and six inches apart, in rows one foot apart, hoe deeply. When the leaves turn yellow take up the crop. Sets Pr. oz., 5 cents; Pr lb., 40 cents.

KALE or BORECOLE.

The richer the soil the more abundant the crop. Sow from the middle of April to the middle of May in prepared bed, covering seeds thinly and evenly; transplant in June, and treat the same as cabbage.

Propht Property of the contraction of th

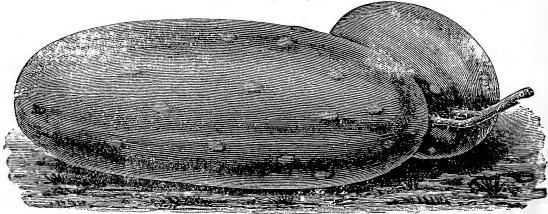
Dwarf Curled. German Greens	\$0 05	\$0 10
Green Curled Scotch. Standard		
Siberian for winter	05	10
Sea (Chou marin). Cooked like Asparagus	10	2 5

KOHL-RABI or TURNIP-ROOTED CABBAGE.

Half way between a turnip and cabbage, partaking of the nature and flavor of both. Sow from April to June; plant and cultivate the same as cabbage. Set out in drills 18 in. apart and 18 in. in the drill.

Pr pkt Pr oz

Early Purple Short Leaved Vienna. Purple... Early White Short Leaved Vienna. Flesh white Purple... \$0 10 \$0 25 10



LETTUCE

Sow in frames in March and transplant in rows, 1 foot apart each way, or in the open ground as early as the weather will permit. Sow seed thinly, and thin out well to make strong plants. Hoe and keep free from weeds. Sow a month apart for succession. Sowing can be made to the end of August.



PRICE'S MAMMOTH HEAD LETTUCE.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents

in 1876. A fine heading variety, with large, solid, com-	. 02	11 10
pact, heads, resembling a cabbage. The outer leaves are		
dark green, and the head very white, crisp and tender \$6	20	\$1 50
P. & K.'s IMPROVED EARLY CURLED		
SILESIA. Very curled and tender; fine for early and		
general crop; one of the best for market and family use.	20	1 75
Big Boston. Resembles the Boston Market, but larger		
and later; crisp and tender, good for forcing or open		
ground	20	1 75
BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON. Lighter in color	20	1 10
than the ordinary curled Simpson, the leaves being almost		
white. It does not properly form a head, but a compact		
mass of leaves. Stands the heat well and grows large	20	1 25
IMP. SALAMANDER. A fine Summer variety, re-		
sisting the heat and drouth	20	1 60

P. & K.'s MAMMOTH HEAD Introduced by us Pr of Pr 1h

MUSTARD.

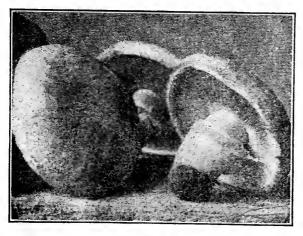
For salad, sow thickly in shallow drills 6 inches apart, during April and May, pressing the earth well down; cut when about 2 inches high. White London. Best for salad..... \$0 10 \$0 40

NASTURTIUM.

Sow in drills about an inch deep, in May and June. The tall kind near fences, or where they can climb and have support.

Pr pkt Pr oz Pr lb

Tall Nasturtium. Best for covering trellises,



MUSHROOMS.

riety, 5 cents.		
PRICE'S HEAT RESISTING. Fine summer sort	. 20	\$1 60
Grand Rapids. Fine for forcing; forms loose head;		
curled yellowish green leaves; stands shipping	20	1 50
Boston Market. Compact, white and crisp	20	1 40
Iceberg. Crisp and tender	20	1 50
Early Curled Simpson. Early variety	20	1 25
Mammoth Black Seeded Butter. Fine sort	20	1 75
Prize Head. A large curly head, tinged with red	20	1 25
HANSON. A solid and compact cabbage variety	15	1 25
Tennis Ball. Close, compact and tender	15	1 25
Romaine. Long, straight, narrow leaves, which form		
solid conical heads; white, crisp and tender	20	1 50

MARTYNIA.

Plant in May in open ground, 3 feet apart; leave 1 plant in each hill, or sow in hot-bed and transplant. Pick when the size of the little finger to make nice looking pickles; for general use, as long as a knife blade will penetrate easily.

LEEK.

Sow as early in the Spring as the season admits, either in seed bed or places where they are intended to grow. When 4 inches in height, thin to 3 inches apart. When from 6 to 8 inches high, transplant in a deep rich soil, in rows 12 inches apart and 6 inches in a row, leaving those in the drill about 6 inches apart. Set as deep as possible without covering the small center leaves; draw the earth up to them as they grow.

DECOM T	T 4 C	T		- 4	£1	1		Pr pkt				
BEST F	LAG.	Large;	one	01	tne	best	• • • •	\$0.10	φU	20	φZ	VV
Large 1	Rouen.	Good	vari	ety				10		20	2	00
Monstro	ous Car	entan	. І	ar	ge ar	ıd fine		10		20	2	00

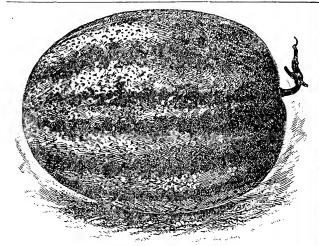
MUSHROOMS.

MUSHROOMS.

Mushrooms may be grown in a cellar or shed, or in beds prepared in the open air, in the same manner as hot beds. Take fresh horse droppings and mix with about the same weight of loam. Turn and mix every day until the required amount is obtained. When the heap has cooled off to about 90 or 95 degrees, make the beds 4 feet wide and 8 inches deep, each layer firmly trodden down. When the temperature has fallen to about 90 degrees put in the spawn, in pieces about the size of a hen's egg, 2 inches deep and 12 inches apart each way; in 10 or 12 days cover with 2 inches of loam, and beat firmly down with the spade; cover this with 3 or 4 inches of hay or straw. The temperature should be as nearly uniform as possible, but should range only between the extremes of 60 and 70 degrees. They will appear in from 4 to 6 weeks.

English (in bricks), per lb. 15c.; by mail, 25c. each.

Pamphlet. How to grow Mushrooms, 10c. each.



HARRIS' EARLY WATERMELON.

MUSKMELON.

Plant in hills 3 feet apart each way; a dozen seeds in each hill. Thin out to 2 or 3 plants when out of danger of the bugs. Manure well with old, rotten compost. A light, dry sandy soil is the best. Use plenty of tobacco, soot or wood ashes to keep off the bugs. The different kinds should be kept far apart, as they are very apt to hybridize. hvbridize.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents. PRICE and KNICKERBOCKER'S SUR- Proz Prlb PRISE. Originated and introduced by us in 1876.
(Headquarters Seed.) Has a thin, cream-colored skin, thickly netted; flesh is of deep salmon color, very thick and of exquisite flavor. It is a good bearer and keeper, round in shape, resembling the Nutmeg; early, very popular and undoubtedly the best melon in cultivation.... \$0 15 2 00 & R. GRANDVIEW. Introduced by us in 1896. (Headquarters Seed.) A variety of great merit. Largely used in the great melon-growing districts about Albany. It is of fine flavor, grows to a good size, thick fleshed, early; good shipping qualities..... 20 2 00 Price's American Breakfast. Introduced by me in 1898. Large and round, skin netted, flesh thick, deep yellow, fine flavor 20 2 00 CORNING'S SUPERB. Medium size, skin dark green, well netted, green flesh, fine flavor..... 20 1 75 TIP TOP. Very productive, nearly round, slightly ribbed and well netted; flesh deep salmon..... 15 1 50 MILLER'S CREAM. Flesh of a rich salmon color, so thick as to be almost solid; seed cavity very small, and for this reason will remain in good condition for several days. The rind is very thin and a little netted. The flavor, sweet and delicious, strong growing and productive

of a deep emerald green; flesh salmon, thick and of fine flavor; very early and prolific..... 15 1 25 EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK. Is round in shape, flattened at the end, skin thin and thickly netted; flesh green, rich, and of a sugary flavor. It is very early. 15 1 25 Montreal Market. Grows large, round, flattened on both ends; deeply ribbed; green flesh and thick...... 15 1 25

EMERALD GEM. Skin ribbed but perfectly smooth,

GOLDEN NETTED GEM. Of medium size and uniform shape. The flesh is thick, light green and of very fine flavor. Skin green, ribbed and thickly netted. Very early in ripening, a heavy cropper and solid...... 15 1 25 PAUL ROSE or Petoskey. A cross between Netted

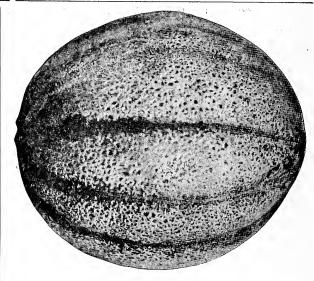
Gem and Osage; skin fine, netted, thick; salmon-colored flesh, very rich, sweet and firm; a long keeper...... 15 1 25 ROCKY FORD. Skin rich greenish yellow with light nettings; flesh deep, light green, ripening clear to rind, with small seed cavity; very sweet and fine flavored..... 15 1 25

WATERMELON.

CULTURE. The same as the muskmelon, save the hills should be 8 feet apart each way.

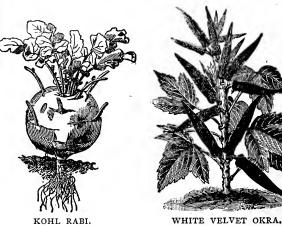
Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

Harris's Early. A large early melon, of fine quality; Proz Prlb flesh bright red; very sweet; skin dark and light, green mottled \$0 10 \$1 00



MILLER'S CREAM MUSKMELON.

Monte Cristo (or Kleckley's Sweet). Large and oblong 10 1 00 10 1 00 10 1 00 10 85 10 1 00 long, dark green, thin rind, red flesh, solid and sweet... BLACK SPANISH. Large, round, dark skinned; 10 85 10

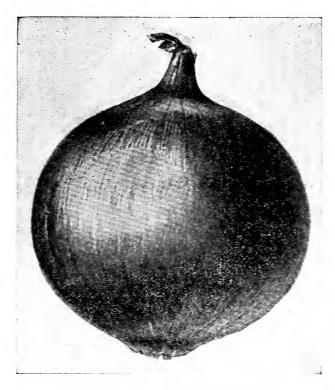


OKRA or GUMBO.

Plant in the Spring, after the ground has become warm, in drills 2 feet apart for the dwarf varieties, and 3 feet for the tall, where the plants are to remain. Thin out to 1 foot apart. Hoe and draw the earth up occasionally to the stems. Manure well. Pods delicious for soup when young.

Pr pkt Pr oz Pr lb White Velvet. Pods round and smooth, larger than other varieties and produced in abundance... 10 60

15 1 25





PRICE'S IMPROVED YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS.

PRICE'S LARGE WHITE GLOBE.

ONION

Best Quality Eastern Grown. Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

Onions should be sown in shallow drills 1 inch deep and 12 to 16 inches apart, in rich, loamy soil, deeply dug and lightly rolled, as early in Spring as practicable. It is better to have land that has been used for hoed crops for a year or two, and has been well manured. If the requisite amount of manure is put on all at once it is apt to make the bulbs soft. If manured gradually the land cannot be made too rich. The manure, however, should not be rank, but should be well fermented. Ground bone or superphosphate may be used, but if they are, they should be well applied, partly when the crop is sown and partly as the bulbs begin to form. It is advisable to use a seed drill in planting, first testing the regulator upon a floor to see if it allows the seeds to pass out in proper proportion. From 5 to 6 pounds to the acre is usually sown. If the drill used has no roller, a hand roller should be passed over the ground immediate after sowing. As soon as the onions are up so that the rows can be seen they should have the first hoeing, just skimming the ground between the rows. After a few days they should be hoed close up to the plants and weeded and thinned out. This must be done thoroughly. In about two weeks another hoeing and weeding should be given, and in two weeks more still another.

Pr oz Pr lb	oz Pr lb
PRICE'S IMPROVED YELLOW GLOBE. Large Red Globe. Globular in form; mild flavor 3	20 82 00
My own selected strain. Early, a good keeper, round in LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD. Standard	
form and a great yielder, having produced 1,200 bushels large deep red, good keeper	15 1 50
to an acre. Have had single specimens weighing 134 WHITE PORTUGAL OR SILVER SKIN.	
pounds each. This is a remarkably fine strain of many	20 2 00
years selection. It does not differ much in shape from PRICE'S IMPROVED WHITE CLORE Oral	
the best renow Globe Danvers, but is a sure cropper, a	
great keeper, and will produce more large, sound Onions than any variety grown. This is the Onion to use \$0 25 \$2 50	20 2 25
SELECTED YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. Mammoth Silver King. Grows to a large size,	
A good yielder and keeper	
Ohio Yellow Globe. Fine strain	20 2 00
MICHIGAN YELLOW GLOBE. Fine grained, The Queen. A white-skinned, rapid-growing, long-	
Keeping variety	20 - 2 - 00
Yellow Globe Danvers. A fine variety of mild Extra Early White Pearl. A fine early variety;	
flavor; very productive and keeps well; a standard round, flattened at end, mild and good flavor; waxy white.	20 2 25
variety	
Southport Vellow Cloba Clobular shared mild	
and molds well	-
Volley Dytab The common waith	une, or
shaped, good keeper	Pr qt
Prize Taker. A large handsome Globe Onion of light Yellow Onion Sets	\$0 25
	25
straw color, small neck, firm and solid, a great yielder 15 1 50 White Onion Sets	20

Price's Improved Yellow Globe Onion is the Finest Strain in Cultivation.

PEAS

Northern Grown, all hand picked. Plant as early as the ground can be worked, in single or double rows, from 3 to 4 feet apart, about an inch apart in the row and 3 inches deep. (In Summer they should be planted 6 inches deep.) Hoe often. They will mature early in light, dry soil, especially if manured the previous season, but should not be manured too highly at the time of planting. If they grow too fast, and show no sign of bloom, run a spade down on each side, about 6 inches from the row, and thus root prune them, which will cause them to bloom in a few days. For a succession plant every two weeks during the season. For early peas the soil should be light, warm and sheltered, but for a general crop, a moderately heavy soil is better.

By mail add 15 cents per quart, 8 cents per pint. Large packets of each variety, 10 cents.

* Wrinkled varieties, the best and sweetest, should be planted much thicker, being liable to rot.

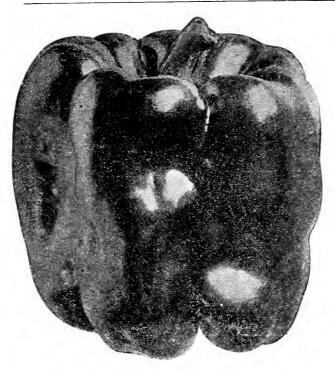


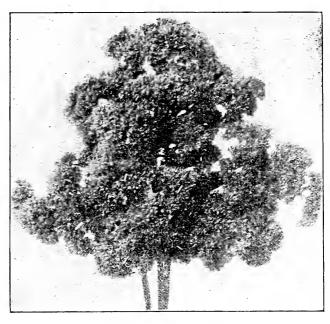
	مِنْ ' د د د	1
GRADUS.		
Extra Early.	Pr qt	Pr pk
PRICE'S EARLIEST. An extra early variety, with good-sized pods produced in great abundance. The earliest of all peas		
earliest of all peas PROLIFIC, EARLY MARKET. Very early		\$1.75 1.75
P. & R.'s LIGHTNING. Extra early; vines grow		1 10
about 2 feet high, with good-sized pods	30	1 60
EARLIEST OF ALL. A very early, free cropping		
blue pea, of fine flavor, with good-sized, fine-shaped, well-filled pods. Very prolific		1 60
ALASKA. A very fine-flavored and prolific variety.		
One of the earliest sorts. Good pods and well filled Ameer or Claudit. Fine flavored and early		1 7 5 1 75
* GRADUS. A wrinkled variety, very early, with large	30	1 75
handsome pods. Sweet, tender and a fine family sort	35	2 00
* THE HARVESTER. A new early wrinkled sort;		
vines about 18 in. long, with large dark green pods; peas of fine flavor and a very heavy cropper	45	3 25
* McLEAN'S ADVANCER. A green wrinkled pea	40	3 20
of fine flavor, very prolific, with good-sized pods	30	1 75
Dwarf Extra Early.		
*THOS. LAXTON. A fine wrinkled variety re-		
sembling the Gradus; very early, with large, long, straight pods, well filled with large fine-flavored peas.		
Grows about 18 inches high	35	2 00
* LITTLE MARVEL. A very early, productive,		
wrinkled sort, with handsome, well-filled pods	3 5	2 25
* AMERICAN WONDER. A very early, green wrinkled, dwarf variety. It is very productive. Height		
from 8 to 10 inches	30	1 85
* SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR. An early wrinkled		
sort, with large, long pods well filled with fine, large tender peas, of sweet and delicious flavor	35	2 25



IMPROVED TELEPHONE.

* Nott's Excelsior. A splendid dwarf, extra early, wrinkled sort, strong vines like Premium Gem, but more			
prolific; good-sized pods, well filled; very sweet and a first-class pea, growing 12 inches high* *McLEAN'S LITTLE GEM. A dwarf, green	30	2	00
wrinkled marrow, of splendid flavor and a great bearer. * EXTRA EARLY PREMIUM GEM. A dwarf	25	1	85
variety, resembling the Little Gem, with larger pods *STRATAGEM (Improved Stock). A very fine, pro-	25	1	85
lific, wrinkled marrow, with large, handsome pods	35	2	25
GENERAL CROP.		D.:	1-
*PRICE'S KING OF THE MARKET. One of	qt	Pr	рĸ
the largest and handsomest peas grown, resembles Tele- phones; very prolific, pods large\$	0 30	\$2	00
*PRICE'S IMPROVED TELEPHONE. A wrinkled variety of very robust habit and a great bearer.			
A single vine produces from 18 to 20 unusually long well-			
filled pods of largest size, containing 10 to 12 peas, often forming a double row. It is very productive, of fine flavor, and an excellent table variety	30	9	00
*ADMIRAL DEWEY. Pods large, well filled with			
large handsome peas, of strong robust growth	30	2	00
ous with large handsome nods, resembling Telephone			00
* DUKE OF ALBANY. A large podded sort	30	Z	00
wrinkled sort, with very large, long, handsome, well-filled pods, containing 10 to 12 large fine peas			
filled pods, containing 10 to 12 large fine peas	30	2	00
PRIDE OF THE MARKET. A strong growing pea, attaining a height of 18 to 24 inches	30	2	00
* LONG ISLAND MAMMOTH. Large, late sort.	30	2	00
* CHAMPION OF ENGLAND. (Improved Stock.)			
Very sweet, tender, and a great bearer; 5 feet	30 25		
Large White Marrowfat.	25	ī	
Canada Field. Market price.			





CRIMSON GIANT PEPPER.

DOUBLE CURLED PARSLEY.

PARSNIPS.

Sow in drills one-half inch deep, and fifteen inches apart, as early in Spring as weather permits. When plants are two or three inches high thin out to six inches in the row. Hoe frequently. Soil should be rich and deep, well pressed or rolled. Take up what you may need for Winter use and store in celler; leave the rest in the ground till Spring, where they keep better and become tender and sweet.

PARSLEY.

Sow early in the Spring in drills one foot apart, covering half an inch deep, in a rich soil. Thin plants to four inches apart, when two inches high. As the seed germinates very slowly, three or four weeks sometimes elapse before it makes its appearance. It is good to soak the seed in luke warm water before sowing. To preserve in Winter, take out the plant and treat like celery.

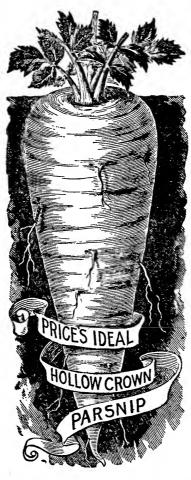
Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

Proz Prib

EXTRA DOUBLE CURLED.

PEPPER.

Sow in hot-bed in March or April, in seed bed or in open ground in a light, warm soil, about the first of May. When three inches high transplant to eighteen inches apart each way, in good rich ground. Hoe often



Packets of each variety 10c. Proz Prlb
CRIMSON GIANT PEPPER. A fine large mild pepper, double the size of the Ruby King. It makes a beautiful appearance. Plants grow about two feet high, strong and
stocky
Ruby King. Mild and pleasant to
the taste, of a bright scarlet color 25 3 25
SWEET MOUNTAIN. For man-
goes; very large and mild; used for
stuffing
LARGE BELL, OR BULL NOSE. Early, mild, rind thick,
fleshy and tender 25 3 00
SWEET SPANISH. Large, long,
mild. Used for salads
Red Chili. For pepper sauce 25 300
Long Red Cayenne. For spicing
pickles
Red Cherry. Small, smooth and
round 25 3 00
TOTTE A DIFFERENCE
PUMPKINS.
Cultivate same as squash, or plant in the Spring amongst the field corn. Avoid planting near other vines.
Prpkt Proz Prlb
King of Mamnioths. A
variety growing to a very large
size. Specimens have been
grown weighing 196 lbs \$0 03 \$0 15 \$1 25
Large Cheese. For family use 5 10 85
Cushaw. Similar to Winter
Crookneck Squash

Sugar. Smaller than the large

\$1.50.

cheese. Best for table.....

Connecticut Field. Per qt. 25c.; per peck,

5 10 1 00

POTATOES



IRISH COBBLER POTATOES

Prices Subject to Variations of the Market.

A good sandy loam produces the best potatoes, but they can be grown on all kinds of soil. New or pasture land, with the turf freshly turned, produces the finest crop. Make furrows of good depth, 3 feet apart. Scatter a liberal dressing of phosphate or decayed stable manure along the drill and set the seed about 10 inches apart in the rows. Cover with about 2 inches of soil, and begin to cultivate when the plants are well up. At each successive hoeing bring additional soil about the plants. A change of seed is the best antidote for disease. Four barrels are sufficient to plant one acre in drills.

These potatoes are grown especially for seed on new ground in the north of Michigan, and are entirely free from rot, scab or disease. They are true to name, clean and smooth, and will be very desirable to plant as they will-insure earlier and better-sized crops than could be had from any grown about here. The prices quoted are low considering the very fine stock. Changing your seed will be sure to improve your crop and produce a much better quality and larger yield. In this way you will be more than repaid for the money expended. I would suggest that those of my customers who want new seed potatoes, send their orders early, as the stock is limited and cannot be replaced.

Single pounds sent by Mail for 30 cents per pound, or four pounds for \$1.00.

Barrels contain 165 pounds of potatoes.

Pr pk Pr bu Pr bbl

ARLY SUNRISE. The earliest

Early Rose.

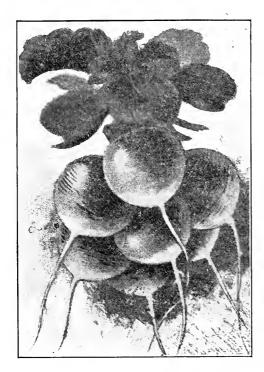
Pr pk Pr bu Pr bb
PRICE'S EARLY SUNRISE. The earliest of all. Introduced by us in 1876, and still holds its own. Has given better satisfaction than any sort ever offered since the Early Rose. Planted with all the earliest kinds, it was ripe in advance of any, producing potatoes fit for the table in fifty days from the time of planting. The tubers are oblong, large, solid, uniform and handsome; flesh white, fine-grained and dry, cooking well, even when first dug; very productive and of fine keeping qualities; vines, dark green, good strong growers \$0.85 \$3.00 \$6.00
IRISH COBBLER. An extra early variety, ripens early and yields largely. The tubers are of large size, smooth, white, with strong and healthy sprouts; flesh white and finest quality, and has given wonderful satisfaction. It is the leading early variety, and is also a good keeper. \$0.85 \$3.00 \$6.00
BOVEE. Fine variety, tubers of oval shape, growing large and compactly in the soil; flesh fine-grained, dry and white. It is very carly and a large yielder
EARLY OHIO. Oblong in shape, skin and flesh white; very early and a good cooker 75 . 3 00 6 0
NEW QUEEN. An early sort with white flesh and skin of blush tinge; shape oblong. An excellent yielder

	Pr nk	Pr bu Pr bbl
Early Rose. A true stock of that fine old	•	
variety	85	3 00 5 50
Rose. Early and a good yielder	75	2 75 5 50
Sir Walter Raleigh. A fine medium variety; flesh white; fine grained and a good yielder; fine cooker	75	2 75 5 50
GOLD COIN. A medium variety, growing to a good size; flesh white, very productive, fine cooking variety	75	2 75 5 50
Money Maker. A long, handsome, fine-shaped, smooth, late, white variety. Eyes nearly even with surface; very fine grained with good cooxing qualities; a strong grower and enormously large yielder.		2 75 5 50
UNCLE SAM. A main crop variety with large, oval-shaped tubers; flesh white, shallow eyes, with		
light russet skin, and is a very heavy yielder	75	2 75 5 50
Carman No. 3. Produces large, uniform, hand- some tubers, slightly flattened, growing close to the plant. The skin and flesh extremely white and its cooking qualities are excellent. It is a strong grower and an unusually large yielder,		
ripens among the later sorts	75	2 75 5 50

Sheep Manure is a Good Potato Fertilizer

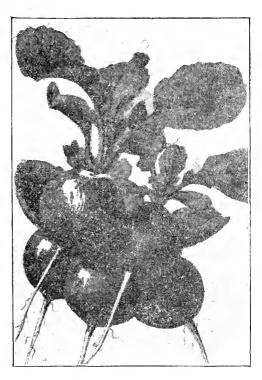
RADISH

Sow early varieties in the Spring, as early as the ground can be worked, in drills ten inches apart, covering the seed half an inch deep; thin the plants to an inch apart in the row. As they are more succulent and tender when grown quickly, a rich, moist, sandy soil should be selected, and frequently watered in dry weather. For a succession sow every two weeks till midsummer.



SCARLET TURNIP WHITE TIP RADISH.

PRICE'S FORCING. Beautiful red, very early..... \$0 10 \$1



SCARLET GLOBE RADISH.

EXTRA EARLY SCARLET TURNIP. In shape and form like Scarlet Turnip, but is earlier and has smaller tops 10 EXTRA EARLY DEEP SCARLET TURNIP NON PLUS ULTRA. Round in shape; deep red color; short top; tender and fine flavor; very early 10 ROSY GEM or RAPID FORCING. An early variety, round in shape; crisp and tender..... 10 CHAMPION. Round, of perfect shape, bright scarlet, 10 crisp and tender..... EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. A fine variety forcing. Shape roundish oval, skin red; flesh white, solid 10 EXTRA EARLY RED FORCING. Turnip shape; short top, dark red, white flesh. Fine for forcing EARLY SCARLET TURNIP. Standard variety, 10 small, round, red, turnip-shaped, mild and crisp EARLY DEEP SCARLET TURNIP. Quick growing, mild, bright color, good shape, tender 10 EXTRA EARLY WHITE TURNIP. Rapid White Box. Very early white turnip-shaped variety ... SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIP. An early variety, red top and white bottom 104 CHARTIER. Color of top crimson, running into a pink about the middle, then into a pure white at bottom...... 10

FRENCH BREAKFAST. Oval form; scarlet, white tipped
OLIVE-SHAPED SCARLET. Good quality.....

OLIVE-SHAPED DEEP SCARLET. Deep

Olive-shaped Scarlet, White Tip. Forcing.....

color, early

1b 00	Olima alamad Wyleita Nyli	Proz	
w	Olive-shaped White. White		\$0 DU
	and skin pure white; quality fine; firm and brittle	10	60
65	WHITE STRASBURG. Of a tapering shape. Skin		
65	and flesh white. Fine Summer variety	10	60
70	Golden Globe. A round yellow variety of rapid growth	10	50
	Yellow Summer Turnip. Turnip-shaped, of gray or russet color, growing to a large size	10	55
70	LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP, Bright scarlet	10	1,0
65	root, small top	10	50
UJ	LONG BRIGHTEST SCARLET, WHITE TIP	10	60
	White Vienna or Lady Finger. Skin and flesh	10	50
65	pure white	10	50
Pro.	ICICLE. Finest long, white tender variety	10	75
70	Long Salmon, Long; color, salmon	10	50
60	BLACK SPANISH WINTER, LONG. Very hardy and fine for winter use.	10	60
- 1	Black Spanish Winter, Round. For Winter;		
60	good keeper	10	60
60	Half Long Black. Large and fine	10	75
69	CHINESE ROSE, Winter. Color, bright rose; excellent flavor; good at all seasons	10	75
U	WHITE CELESTIAL. Best of the large white	10	10
55	radishes, flesh crisp and mild	10	75
50	RHUBARB.		
00	Sow in drills eighteen inches apart; cover one inch deep;	thin pl	ants
60	to six inches. In the fall trench a piece of ground and many	ure it v	vell;
65	transplant the young plants into it, three feet apart each with litter the first winter; a dressing of coarse manure shou		
	each fall. It is better to buy roots which yield at once.	.a oc g	
65			

Linnæus. Standard. Per packet, 5 cents; per ounce, 25 cents.
 Roots, 15 cents; \$1.50 per doz.; by mail, 20 cents each; \$2.25 per doz.

SOW RADISH EVERY TWO WEEKS FOR SUCCESSION.

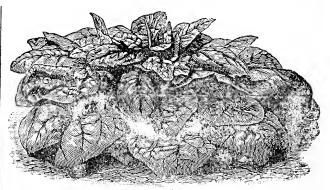
10 65

Packets, 5 cents.

SQUASH.

Prepare the ground by thoroughly pulverizing it. Manure highly. All vines delight in warm and rich soil. Plant in hills 9 to 10 feet apart for running varieties, 5 to 6 feet for bush sort, working some fine, rich manure into each hill. Plant 8 or 10 seeds and when out of danger of bugs leave only 2 plants to the hill. Dust with lime or slug shot to protect from bugs in the early stages of growth. Cultivate till runners are well started.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.	Pr oz	Pr 1b
MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH. An improvement on		
ripens early, skin handsome, white and very productive	\$0 10	\$0 80
EARLY WHITE SCOLLOP BUSH. A flat early scollop-shaped variety; rind smooth; use when		•
young and tender	10	80
YELLOW SCOLLOP BUSH. Like the preceding, of a deep yellow	10	80
SUMMER GOLDEN CROOKNECK. Productive	10	90
GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK. A very large variety of the Summer Crookneck, having a thick flesh and very few seeds. Prolific and of excellent flavor; early.	10	1 00
PIKE'S PEAK (The Sibley). The shell is a pale green, very hard and flinty; flesh very thick, of a bright orange color; quality dry, of very fine grain and fine flavor.	10	80
flavor	10	50
sweet and dry, of excellent flavor; cavity small and seeds few, shell very thin and varies in color from pale yellow to a mottled green; it is very early and a splendid keeper.	10	80
DELICATA. Orange yellow, striped green; small but very prolific; extra early; solid and a good keeper; flesh dry, fine quality	10	1 25
EXTRA EARLY PROLIFIC ORANGE MARROW. About two weeks earlier than the Boston Marrow, and grows as large as the Hubbard. The flesh is very thick, of fine grain and good quality and keeps in firm condition from September to January. The skin is of a bright orange color	10	90
Perfect Gem. Excellent for Summer and Winter; won- derfully productive; color creamy white, with a thin smooth skin; flesh very fine grained, sweet and dry, with a delicious flavor	10	80
HUBBARD. The standard late variety; large size; flesh fine, close-grained, dry and fine flavor; skin dark green; keeps splendidly		
green; keeps splendidly	10	1 00
Warted Hubbard. Good quality, resembling Hubbard but more warty	10	1 00
Red Hubbard. In shape and size resembling Hubbard but of rich orange red in color, and earlier	10	1 00
BOSTON MARROW. Standard; color bright orange, flesh deep orange; fine flavored; a good keeper	10	90
Mammoth Chili. Grows to an enormous size, often weighing 150 pounds; color light green	20	
Vegetable Cream Marrow. A favorite English variety; skin greenish yellow; flesh soft white and fine-		
flavored	10	• • • •



SAVOY LEAVED SPINACH.

SPINACH.

For Summer use sow early in the Spring, in deep, rich soil, well manured, in drills 1 foot apart, covering the seed 1 inch deep. For very early Spring use, sow in August, and protect the plants through the Winter with covering of leaves or straw. For a succession, sow at intervals of 2 weeks.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

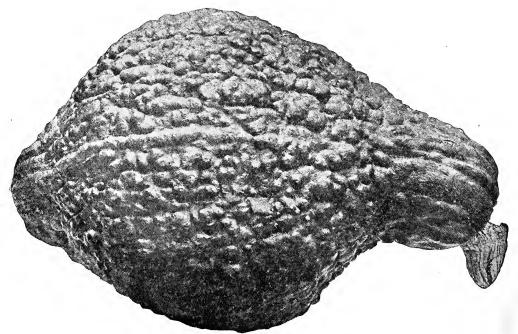
Special prices on 10 pounds and over.

SAVOY LEAVED. Leaves thick large, and fleshy; a fine market variety; producing early twice the weight of crop of ordinary sorts, and very hardy	Pr oz \$0 10	Pr 1b \$0 30
ROUND LEAF. Leaves thick and fleshy, slightly crimped, preferred for Spring sowing	10	30
Long Standing. A round leaf variety, standing from 3 to 4 weeks longer than other sorts without going to		
seed	10	30
stands well Triumph, Improved long-standing sort	10 10	30 30
Long Seasons. Slow to run to seed	10	30

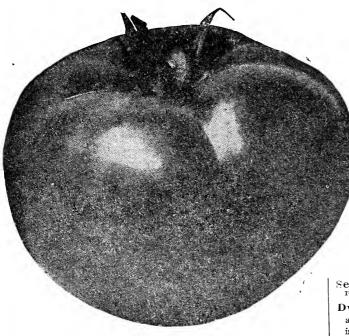
SALSIFY, or VEGETABLE OYSTER.

Sow as early as the ground can be worked in the Spring, in a light mellow soil, which should be stirred to a depth of 18 inches; sow in drills 12 inches apart, 1 inch deep and thin out to 4 or 5 inches in a row. Keep clear from weeds. Cultivate the same as the parsnip.

Packet of each variety, 5 cents. Proz Prlb Sandwich Island Mammoth. Roots nearly double the size of the common variety, and of good quality.....



IMPROVED WARTED HUBBARD SQUASH.



STONE TOMATO.

TOMATO.

Sow in hot-beds in March. Transplant to open ground when the weather becomes warm and settled, or sow in open ground in May and transplant when plants are 6 inches high. The richer the soil the more handsome and plentiful the fruit; but to have the fruit ripen as early as possible, select rather light, poor soil and a sunny location. Plant in hills, 4 feet apart each way. After the fruit is set, pinch off the ends to check growth, gradually strip off leaves to expose the fruit to the sun.

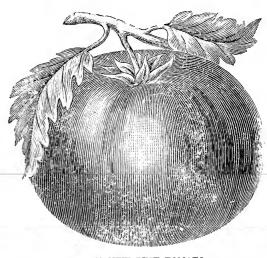
Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

	_	
New Early Pink. Largest and best in shape, of the Early Pink Fruited varieties; early as Earliana, with the smooth appearance and fine color of the Beauty. It is solid, without hard core. Pkt 10 cents		
EARLIANA. An early sort of merit, said to be the earliest of all tomatoes; it is of uniform size and brilliant red color, of good quality, ripens thoroughly all over, the stem end coloring up perfectly. A good grower and bearer. It is solid with very few seeds		3 75
CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL. A very fine sort, growing large, solid and smooth. The color is of a bright red, similar to the stone. It is very early, a little behind the Earliana, but producing about 3 times as much fruit and the most uniform and smoothest grown; good market		
DWARF STONE. Double the size of the Dwarf Champion, and is the largest fruited upright growing variety. The habit of vine resembles Dwarf Champion, of much stronger growth and more erect. The color is deep red, of a perfect, thick, smooth shape, a good skin which is free from cracks at stem end, very solid, ripens		3 75
evenly and of excellent quality		3 75

are round, somewhat flattened at stem end and produced

in abundance. Color a fine scarlet and it is of good

quality. It is a good forcing tomato.....



PRICE'S NEW PINK TOMATO.

	Selected Stone. Very large, smooth, bright scarlet, round, solid and heavy	Pr oz : \$0 25	Pr lb \$3 25
	Dwarf Champion Cluster. The plants grow stiff and upright, with thick, short, joined stems; it is early, is a great yielder, the fruit growing closely together in clusters on the stem, and of a pinkish color; always smooth	25	3 50
	LIVINGSTON'S BEAUTY. Is a favorite sort, of a pinkish tinge. It ripens early, is of perfect shape, smooth and free from ribbed fruit, growing in clusters of 4 or 5, retaining its size late in the season. Free from rot and solid. One of the best	25	3 25
	LIVINGSTON'S FAVORITE. A large, early, smooth, perfect-shaped tomato, of a dark red color; does not rot or crack, ripens evenly, very prolific, flesh solid.	25	2 75
	LIVINGSTON'S PERFECTION. It is early, ripening evenly, and a good keeper; color red, almost round in shape, perfectly smooth and solid, very productive	25	2 75
	Matchless. It is a vigorous grower, with thrifty vines, which produce large, handsome tomatoes, abundantly throughout the season. The fruit are a rich cardinal red, very solid and smooth	25	3 50
ļ	Acme. An early variety. Color a glossy light red	95	3 50
	EXTRA SELECTED TROPHY. Fruit large and very solid, generally smooth		3 00
1	Large Yellow. Color bright yellow	25	.
1	Yellow Plum. A small yellow variety for pickling	25	
	Currant. Small, ornamental; resembling currants	30	
	Strawberry. (Ground Cherry.) The fruit has a pleasant strawberry-like flavor; good for preserving		
	Tomato Plants by the Dozen, Hundr Thousand, Ready in May. See Page 21.	ed	or
1	SORREL.		
	Sow in Spring in drills twelve inches apart, and thin to six inches in the row. Pe	r pkt \$0 05	Pr oz \$0 15
	TOBACCO.		
	Start in hot-beds or out of doors as soon as the ground can be worked, in rich, dry soil; rake off the bed and sow broadcast, pressing down firmly and evenly; keep free from weeds, and water frequently if the weather is dry; set out the first of June, three feet apart, in heavily manured land; the tobacco worm must be removed as soon as it appears.	. pkt	Pr oz

Connecticut Seed Leaf...... \$0 10 \$0 25

Havana

4 00 [

TURNIP.

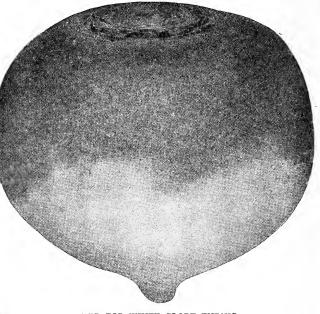
For early use, sow as soon as the ground can be worked in the Spring, in drills fourteen inches apart, covering but slightly, except in dry weather. The soil should be light, and, if possible, new. Manure with plaster, ashes or phosphate. Thin the early varieties to six inches part, and the Rutabagas to one foot. For Fall and Winter use, the early kinds should be sown in July and August, and Rutabagas through June and July. Hoe them a month after sowing.

Packets of each variety, 5 cents.

Special price on 10 pounds and upwards.

EXTRA EARLY PURPLE-TOP MILAN. A

very early solid strap leaf variety, coming into use a	10	on
week or ten days earlier than the ordinary sorts EARLY WHITE MILAN. An early variety of	10	85
handsome appearance, somewhat flattened, with snow-		
white nesh	10	85
Snowball. A medium sized, round, pure white variety of fine flavor, tender and crisp; best for early sowing	10	70
RED TOP STRAP LEAF. A standard variety;		
white, with a red or purple top above ground; good for	10	50
garden or field use	10	50
of superior quality: either for table or stock: color		
white, with red or purple top, resembling the above. It is a heavy producer, early, and a good keeper; one of the best varieties for table use and feeding stock		
the best varieties for table use and feeding stock	10	50
Yellow Globe. Solid, globular shape; small tap root	10	50
White Globe. Globular shaped; small tap root	10	50
White Egg-shaped. Shaped like an egg; good size, fine white flesh, very smooth; fine-grained, sweet, and a		
good yielder	10	50
ROBSON'S GOLDEN BALL. Yellow standard; rich flavor, quick grower, bright yellow skin, cream-colored flesh; good keeper, round in form		
colored flesh; good keeper, round in form	10	50
Large White Norfolk. Large size, skin white, some-		
times greenish above ground, flesh sweet	10	45
Cow Horn. A long carrot-shaped variety	10	50
Yellow Stone. A globe-shaped turnip	10	45
. RUTABAGA or SWEDE.		
	Pr oz	Pr lb
Improved Champion. Hardy, heavy cropping		
SKIRVING'S. Large, solid, early, with purple top;		
yellow below ground; one of the best varieties	10	50
Ashcroft's. Purple-top variety	10	50
American Purple Top. Standard variety, largely		
grown	10	50
Long Island Improved. Large, good keeper and great yielder	10	75
White. A large, solid, white variety; sometimes called	10	10
the White Russian Turnip	10	50
HERB SEEDS.		
p		Pr oz
	r pkt	
Anise. Biennial		\$0 1 5
Anise. Biennial		\$0 15 20
Anise. Biennial	§0 0 5	•
Anise. Biennial	\$0 0 5 05	20
Anise. Biennial	\$0 05 05 05	20 20
Anise. Biennial Bene. Annual, one and one-half feet. Borage. Annual one foot. Caraway. Perennial, two feet. Catnip. Perennial Coriander. Annual, two feet.	\$0 05 05 05 05 05 10	20 20 15
Anise. Biennial Bene. Annual, one and one-half feet. Borage. Annual one foot. Caraway. Perennial, two feet. Catnip. Perennial Coriander. Annual, two feet. Dill. Perennial, three feet.	\$0 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 05	20 20 15 15 15
Anise. Biennial Bene. Annual, one and one-half feet. Borage. Annual one foot. Caraway. Perennial, two feet. Catnip. Perennial Coriander. Annual, two feet. Dill. Perennial, three feet. Hyssop. Perennial, three feet.	\$0 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 05	20 20 15 15 15 35
Anise. Biennial Bene. Annual, one and one-half feet. Borage. Annual one foot. Caraway. Perennial, two feet. Catnip. Perennial Coriander. Annual, two feet. Dill. Perennial, three feet. Hyssop. Perennial, three feet. Lavender. Perennial, two feet.	\$0 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 05 05	20 20 15 15 15 35 40
Anise. Biennial Bene. Annual, one and one-half feet. Borage. Annual one foot. Caraway. Perennial, two feet. Catnip. Perennial Coriander. Annual, two feet. Dill. Perennial, three feet. Hyssop. Perennial, three feet. Lavender. Perennial, two feet. Rue. Perennial, three feet.	\$0 05 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05	20 20 15 15 15 35 40 25
Anise. Biennial Bene. Annual, one and one-half feet. Borage. Annual one foot. Caraway. Perennial, two feet. Catnip. Perennial Coriander. Annual, two feet. Dill. Perennial, three feet. Hyssop. Perennial, three feet. Lavender. Perennial, two feet. Rue. Perennial, three feet. Rue. Perennial, three feet.	\$0 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05	20 20 15 15 15 35 40 25 35
Anise. Biennial Bene. Annual, one and one-half feet. Borage. Annual one foot. Caraway. Perennial, two feet. Catnip. Perennial Coriander. Annual, two feet. Dill. Perennial, three feet. Hyssop. Perennial, three feet. Lavender. Perennial, two feet. Rue. Perennial, three feet. Rosemary. Perennial, four feet. Saffron. Annual, three feet.	\$0 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05	20 20 15 15 15 35 40 25 35 15
Anise. Biennial Bene. Annual, one and one-half feet. Borage. Annual one foot. Caraway. Perennial, two feet. Catnip. Perennial Coriander. Annual, two feet. Dill. Perennial, three feet. Hyssop. Perennial, three feet. Lavender. Perennial, two feet Rue. Perennial, three feet. Rosemary. Perennial, four feet. Saffron. Annual, three feet. Sage. Annual, one foot.	\$0 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05	20 20 15 15 15 35 40 25 35 15 25
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Anise. Biennial Bene. Annual, one and one-half feet. Borage. Annual one foot. Caraway. Perennial, two feet. Catnip. Perennial Coriander. Annual, two feet. Dill. Perennial, three feet. Hyssop. Perennial, three feet. Lavender. Perennial, two feet. Rue. Perennial, three feet. Rue. Perennial, three feet. Saffron. Annual, three feet. Saffron. Annual, three feet. Sage. Annual, one foot. Sweet Fennel. Perennial, four feet. Summer Savory. Annual, one foot.	\$0 05 05 05 05 10 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05	20 20 15 15 15 35 40 25 35 15 25 25
Anise. Biennial Bene. Annual, one and one-half feet. Borage. Annual one foot. Caraway. Perennial, two feet. Catnip. Perennial Coriander. Annual, two feet. Dill. Perennial, three feet. Hyssop. Perennial, three feet. Lavender. Perennial, two feet. Rue. Perennial, three feet. Rosemary. Perennial, four feet. Saffron. Annual, three feet. Sage. Annual, one foot. Sweet Fennel. Perennial, four feet. Summer Savory. Annual, one foot. Sweet Marjoram. Annual, one foot.	\$0 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 0	20 20 15 15 15 35 40 25 35 15 25 25 25 25
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RED TOP WHITE GLOBE TURNIP.

BIRD SEEDS.

If you wish to keep your Birds in good condition and have them sing well, feed them good Bird Seed. We sell only the very best Sicily Canary, English or German Rape, German Millet and Russian Hemp. One trouble with the Bird Seed sold in boxes in the stores, is that it contains common Canary, oftentimes musty, which, of course, is injurious to your Birds. Our seed, mixed of the very best quality, costs no more than sold in boxes. Bear this in mind when you want Bird Seed.

Mixed Bird Seed. Mixed of Sicily Canary, German Rape, German Millet and a very little Russian Hemp; just enough to keep your Birds in good condition. 15 cents per quart; 8 cents per pint.

Canary and Rape. 15 cents per quart; 8 cents per pint. Clear Canary. 15 cents per quart; 8 cents per pint.

English or German Rape. 15 cents per quart; 8 cents per pint.

Hemp. 15 cents per quart; 8 cents per pint.

Washed Silver Sand. 10 cents per quart; 5 cents per pint. Song Restorer. For restoring song; also a tonic for improving the plumage. Per bottle, 25 cents.

Bird Manna, 15 cents package.

ROUGH RICE, per quart, 25 cents.

 $\mathbf{SUNFLOWER},\ \mathsf{per}\ \mathsf{quart},\ \mathsf{15}\ \mathsf{cents};\ \mathsf{per}\ \mathsf{pint},\ \mathsf{8}\ \mathsf{cents}.$

PARROT SEED, Rough Rice, Sunflower and Hemp, mixed, 15 cents per quart.

Bird Lettuce, 5 cents per ounce. Cuttle Fish Bone, 5 cents each.

GRAIN.

	Price on	
	application.	
Pride of Michigan White Oats		
20th Century Oats		
American Banner Oats		
Early Amber Sugar Cane	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Rural Branching Sorghum. Per lb., 30 cents; by	7 mail,	
38 cents.		
Japanese Buckwheat		
Cow Peas, Vetches, Kaffir Corn, Soja Bo	eans,	
Canada Field Peas, Essex Rape, Millet, I	Hun-	
garian.		

MISCELLANEOUS.

Evergreen	Broom	Cor	rn.	Tall	20	cents per	quart.
Tobacco D	ust, 5	cents	lb		41/4	cents lb.,	by bbl.

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Vegetable Plants and Roots

Plants ordered by the dozen sent free by mail. Prices on all Vegetable Plants for larger quantities than specified will be given on application.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS. Conover's Colossal. \$6.00. Palmetto, per 100, \$1.00; per 1000, \$6.50. Barr's Mammoth, per 100, \$1.00; per 1000, \$7.00. Donald's Elmira, per 100, \$1.00; per 1000, \$8.00.

CABBAGE AND CAULIFLOWER PLANTS. By the hundred or thousand, or in larger quantities. In ordering hundreds by mail, add 20 cents for postage for each hundred. Early varieties will be ready about May 1st. Late varieties through June and July.

Early Summer and Jersey Wakefield Cabbage, ready May 1st. Per dozen, 15 cents; per 100 75 cents. Bristol, Large Drumhead, Premium Flat Dutch ready through June and July. Per dozen, 15 cents; per 100, 40 cents; per 1000, \$3.50.

Cold Frame Plants, per 100, \$1.25; per 1000, \$10.00.

Dwarf Erfurt, and Snowball Cauliflower, per dozen, 25 cents; per 100, \$1.50. Plants by the dozen will be sent free by mail.

CELERY PLANTS. Plants will be ready from June 15th and through August, White Plume, Golden Self-bleaching, Golden Heart. Per three or four years; 15 cents each; per dozen, \$1.50.

Per 100, \$1.00; per 1000, | dozen, 20 cents; per 100, by mail, 50 cents; by express, per 100, 35 cents; per 1000, \$3.00.

Plants ordered by the dozen will be sent free by mail. Larger quan-

tities by freight or express, purchaser to pay charges. EGG PLANTS. Ready May 10th to 15th. New York Improved, Pos grown, each 8 cents; per dozen, 60 cents; per 100, \$4.00.

PEPPER PLANTS. Ready May 10th. Large Bell, Sweet Mountain,

per dozen, 25 cents; per 100, \$1.75

TOMATO PLANTS. Ready May 1st. Livingston's Favorite, Beauty, Dwarf Stone, Dwarf Champion, etc. Per dozen, 25 cents; per 100,

\$1.75. Plants ordered by the dozen will be sent free by mail. SWEET POTATO PLANTS. Ready May 25th. Nansemond, per dozen, 15 cents; per 100, 75 cents; per 1000, \$6.00. Plants ordered by the dozen or the hundred will be sent free by mail.

RHUBARB ROOTS. May be planted spring or fall. Set three feet apart each way. When once planted will remain in bearing condition for

AMOUNT OF SEEDS USUALLY SOWN TO THE ACRE.

Beans, Dwarfs, in drills or rows	"Kentucky Blue 2 to 3 bush. "English Rye 2 bush. "Millet 2 to 1 bush. "Millet 2 to 1 bush. "Millet 2 to 1 bush. "Hungarian 3 to 3 bush. General Mixture for meadows: Clover, 8 lbs.; Red Top, 1 bu.; Timothy, 1 pk. Clover, Alsike 8 to 10 lbs. "Alfalfa 20 lbs. "Red 15 to 20 lbs. "White 10 to 15 lbs. Mustard, broadcast 12 to 16 qts.	Onion, in drills
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AMOUNT OF SEEDS FOR A GIVEN NUMBER OF PLANTS, HILLS OR LENGTH OF DRILLS.

" Pole 1 qt, to 150 hills. Carrot 1 oz. to 150 ft. of drill. Cabbage 1 oz. to 3,000 plants. 0 kra 1 oz. to 40 ft. of drill. Cauliflower 1 oz. to 4,000 plants. Onion 1 oz. to 150 iills. Celery 1 oz. to 50 hills. Cucumbers 1 oz. to 50 hills. Corn 1 qt. to 200 hills. Melon, Water 1 oz. to 40 ft. of drill. Onion 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill. Squash, Early 1 oz. to 50 hills. Squash, Early 1 oz. to 50 hills. "Marrow 1 oz. to 3,000 plants. Tomato 1 oz. to 3,000 plants. Turnip 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill. Squash, Early 1 oz. to 50 hills. Turnip 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill. Turnip 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill. 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill. Turnip 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill. 1 oz. to 1 oz.	Carrot 1 oz. to 150 ft. of dril Labbage 1 oz. to 3,000 plants. Cauliflower 1 oz. to 3,000 plants. Lelery 1 oz. to 4,000 plants. Lucumbers 1 oz. to 50 hills.	1 oz, to 100 " " 1y 1 oz, to 50 hills, rrow 1 oz, to 16 hills, 1 oz, to 3,000 plants,
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NUMBER OF HILLS, PLANTS, TREES, ETC., FOR ONE ACRE.

1½ ft. by 1½ ft	Distance apart. No. 3 ft. by 3 ft 4,840 4 ft. by 4 ft 2,722 5 ft. by 5 ft 1,742 6 ft. by 6 ft 1,210 8 ft. by 8 ft 680 9 ft. by 9 ft 587	12 ft. by 12 ft	25 ft. by 25 ft 27 ft. by 27 ft 30 ft. by 30 ft 38 ft. by 38 ft	70 59 40 30
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Fertilizers and Plant Foods

These Fertilizers, or Plant Foods, are made expressly for Plants or Flowers growing in the House, Garden or Conservatory, and contain the same Plant Food as stable manure, but in a cleaner, more concen-trated and soluble form. The stable manure is disagreeable to handle, slow in effect, and often breeding vermin about the roots of the plants, and, like guano, has an unpleasant odor. The Plant Food has no unpleasant odor, is clean to handle, and being soluble, is immediately taken up by the plants, producing a quick and healthy growth, with more abundant blossoms of a richer color than any other dressing will produce. It gives a rich green color to the leaves and prolongs the period of blooming. It cannot injure the plant, and protects it from vermin. It can be dissolved in water or worked into the earth and the effect will be seen in a week or ten days after the first application.

Bowker's Plant Food.—Packages sufficient for twenty plants for three months, 15 cents, and for one year, 30 cents.

Standard Fertilizers. Superphosphate for field and all garden crops \$2.50 per 100 lbs.; \$40 00 per ton.

Fertilizer for vegetable and flower garden, in 5-lb. bags, 25 cents; 10-lb bags, 50 cents; 25-lb. bags, \$1.00; 100-lbs. \$2.50.

Ground Bone for grapevines. trees, etc.. 5-lb. bags, 25 cents; 10-lb. bags, 50 cents; 25-lb. bags, \$1.00; 100-lbs. \$2.50.

Nitrate of Soda, 5-lb. bags, \$1.00; 100-lbs. \$2.50.

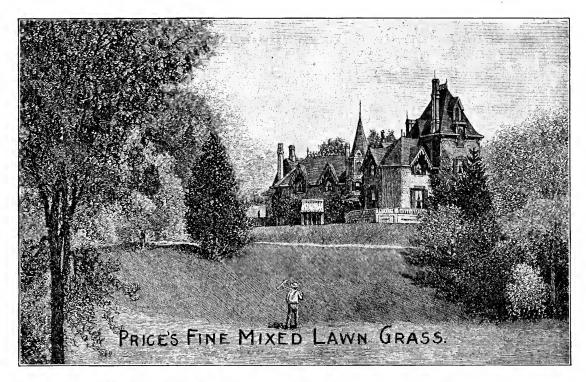
Nitrate of Soda, 5-lb. bags, 25 cts.; 10-lb. bags, 50 cts.; 100 lbs. \$3.50

Plant Food for flower beds or plants in pots, put up in bags of 5 lbs., 50 cents; 10-lbs. 75 cents; 25-lbs. \$1.50.

Lawn Dressing in 5-lb. bags, 50 cts.; 10-lb. bags, 75 cts.; 25-lb. bags, \$1.25.

Plant Sticks, round, painted green, from 11/2 feet to 5 feet long. Price, ee page 46

Plant and Pot Labels, from 4 to 6 inch. Price, see page 46.



PRICE'S FINE MIXED LAWN GRASS is composed of a mixture of the best varieties of fine swarding grasses, especially adapted for seeding down lawns, door-yards, cemetery lots, etc., in this climate. It makes a short top and strong root, and when grown produces a soft, compact, velvety turf. A beautiful lawn can only be had by using a good mixture of grasses. By using our mixture and cutting often, when grown, a beautiful green sward can be obtained. We have made this mixture a careful study, and it has given great satisfaction. In making a Lawn the ground should have a heavy coat of stable or sheep manure, which should be spaded or plowed in to the depth of 12 inches, the soil pulverized fine, then top-dress with sheep manure and rake in thoroughly; all stones and roots should be removed, there should be no depressions where water could stand. The seed should be sown evenly and plentifully (using about 6 bushels to the acre), be sure to cover all parts of the ground carefully, then rake lightly in and roll with a Garden Roller if possible, if not use a heavy plank, as it is very neccessary the ground should be firm after seed is sown, the firmer the ground the quicker the seed will start. To renew an old lawn, a good liberal dressing of Sheep Manure should be applied and then raked thoroughly, sow seed evenly, covering all parts of the ground plentifully and rake lightly in; this should be done when grass is free from moisture or the seed and fertilizer would adhere to the grass. Seed can be sown early in Spring from March to June or in the Fall as late as the middle of October. Sowing a good quality of Lawn Grass will give you a much better Lawn than you could obtain by sodding, as most sod is full of weeds.

SHEEP MANURE is the best to use on a Lawn, as it helps the grass wonderfully to a quick, vigorous start; it is lasting and will cause it to retain a bright green color throughout the season. A lawn should have a dressing of seed and fertilizer both in the Spring and Fall, if you wish to keep it in fine condition.

Owing to the unusually High Price of Grass Seeds this season, Lawn Grasses are higher than usual.

One quart, sufficient for an area 10 by 15 feet	80	25	1
Four-quart bay, sufficient for 20 by 30 feet	0	85	1
One peck bag, sufficient for 40 by 60 feet	1	50	1
One-half bushel bag, sufficient for space 85 x 85 ft	3	00	ı
One bushel bag, sufficient for one-fifth of an acre	6	00	١
MIXTURE OF GRASSES FOR SHADY PLACES. A			١
mixture of grasses that thrive in shady situations, under trees			١

or close to walls where there is little sun. Per quart 25 c	ents;
per peck, \$1.75; per bushel	\$6 00
GOLF LINK MIXTURE. Adapted for golf links and	l out-
lying grounds. Per bush	6 00
PUTTING GREEN MIXTURE. A mixture which	will
make a close, green, firm, lasting turf. Per pk. \$2.00;	bush. 7 50

PULVERIZED MANURE. PURE

Nothing can equal Sheep Manure for lawns or door yards, as it is the strongest of all natural manures, chemical analysis showing it to contain a higher per cent of fertilizing ingredients -- ammonia, phosphoric acid and potash -- than in any animal fertilizer in use. It is sterilized to kill all foul seeds and ground fine. It is clean, easily and quickly applied, has no unpleasant odor, will not kill or burn the grass like the commercial fertilizers, will not sow a crop of noxious weeds for you like barnyard or stable manure to fill your lawns. It is immediate in its effect and lasting

lasting.

A beautiful Lawn is a great attraction to a home and as the constant growing and cutting of grass will exhaust the soil it makes it necessary to enrich it in order to keep your lawn in a state of perfection. To do this some use barn manure, which is bulky, unsightly and introduces seeds of obnoxious weeds and gasses.

A few dollars spent in sheep manure will not only give you a beautiful lawn, but will preserve it and be a saving of money in the long run, as it is pure and of full strength, is easily handled, odorless and perfectly safe to use on grass, or the most sensitive plants. This makes it the most econimical food for lawns and plants that it is possible to obtain.

5 lbs. 25 cents; 10 lbs. 50 cents; 25 lbs. 75 cents; 50 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lb. bag \$2.25. A 100 lb. bag will cover 2,000 square feet, or a space of 50 feet one way by 45 feet the other. Price of ton on application.





Price's Improved Lawn and Garden Rollers.

It is of great benefit to use a roller on the lawn, especially in the Spring, as the action of the frost causes the ground to heave and become uneven. If it is not firmly pressed back with a roller before hot weather the grass is apt to be injured or killed, leaving the lawn rull of bare spots. These rollers have weights attached to the axle.

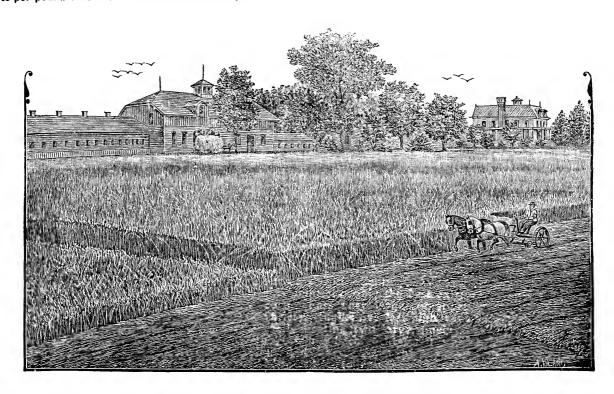
No.	Number of Sections.	of each Sec. inches.	of each Sec. inches.	Width of Roller, inches.	Actual Weight Pounds.	Low List Price.
1	2	7½	15	15	150	\$10.50
3	2	8	20	16	225	15.00
4	2	10	20	20	250	16.50
6	3	8	24	20	300	19.59
9	3	8	24	24	450	28.50
11	3	8	28	24	500	32.00

GRASS SEEDS.

Subject to variations in prices to correspond with the market.

SPECIAL QUOTATIONS ON LARGE QUANTITIES WILL BE GIVEN AT ANY TIME.

I call especial attention to my Grass Seeds, which are not to be confounded with the ordinary grades offered in open market. I handle but one grade, that is the BEST which can be obtained and they are selected with care, and are much more economical to use than the common qualities. Grass Seeds this season are unusually high, owing to the extreme dry weather during the three last seasons and the very hot weather last Summer. Add 10 cents per quart on grass and 8 cents per pound on clover seeds when ordered by mail.



RED TOP (Agrostis Vulgaris). Time of flowering, July, height about 18 inches. A valuable permanent perennial grass growing in almost any soil, moist or dry, but reaching its perfection in a moist, rich soil, and standing hot weather well. It is frequently sown in mixture with Timothy and Red Clover. Sown alone takes about 3 bu. to acre, about 10 lbs. to bu. Per qt., 25 cents; per bu., \$2.25; per 100 lbs., \$18.00.

FANCY RED TOP, recleaned. It is absolutely free from chaff and weeds. It is the most economical to use as it contains nothing but the pure seed and weighs about 25 lbs. to bushel; from $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ bushel to acre. Per lb., 30 cents; per 100 lbs., \$28.00.

EXTRA CLEAN KENTUCKEY BLUE FANCY GRASS (Poa Pratensis), also known as June Grass, Green Grass, etc.; perennial, flowers in June; height 10 to 15 inches. This is a valuable grass for pasture, and suited to a variety of soils, from moderate dry to a moist meadow. It is very productive and of early growth in the Spring, furnishing excellent food for all kinds of stock throughout the season, standing the hottest weather well, and makes a good quality of a hay, though the yield for this purpose is not equal to some other varieties. Alone sow about 3 bu. to the acre; about 28 lbs. to the bu. Per qt., 25 cents; per 100 lbs., \$20.00.

RHODE ISLAND BENT GRASS (Agrostis Canina). Time of flowering, June and July. It is of a hardy, creeping habit, and good for close sward. For pasture sow about 3 bus., 12 lbs. to bu. Price per lb., 40 cents; per 100 lbs., \$

ORCHARD GRASS (Dactylis Glomerata). Flowers in June; height about 3 feet. A widely known and valuable grass for pasture on account of its earliness and rapidity of growth, as it is ready for grazing several days before other grasses, and when mown produces a quick second growth. All kinds of stock, especially sheep, are very fond of it. It does well in nearly all soils, especially in moist, shady places; stands drought well, and keeping green and growing when other grasses stop. It makes a good mixture to sow with clover for hay, as they both blossom about the same time; 14 lbs. to bu.; sow 3 bu. to acre. Per qt., 25 cents; per bu., \$2.75.

MEADOW FESCUE (Festuca Pratensis). Perennial;

flowers in June and July; height, 18 to 24 inches. One of the best of

our natural grasses—very valuable for permanent pasture, as it is highly nutritious and greedily eaten by all kinds of stock. It makes excellent hay, and does well in most any soil, though doing best in moist land. It is robust in habit, maturing early in the Spring, and continues green until late in the Fall, because it ripens its seeds before most other grasses are cut, and sheds them to spring up and cover the ground; 22 lbs. to bu.; sow about 21/2 bu. to acre. Per lb., 30 cents; per 100 lbs., \$25.00.

MEADOW FOXTAIL (Alopecurus Pratensis). Perennial; flowers in May; height, 2 to 3 feet. This grass closely resembles Timothy, but flowers much earlier, and thrives in all soils except sand and gravel. It is valuable for pasture on account of its early and rapid growth, stands close cropping and drought well, is relished by stock. About 7 lbs. to bu.; sow 3 bu. to acre. Per lb., 40 cents; per 100 lbs., \$35.00.

TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS (Avena Elatior). Perennial; flowers from May to July; height, 2 to 4 feet. It produces an abundant supply of foliage, and is valuable for pasture on account of its early and luxuriant growth—also supplies an abundance of fodder after being mown. It grows well on sandy soil when once naturalized. Sow 4 to 5 bu. to the acre; 10 lbs. to the bu. Per lb., 25 cents; per 100 lbs., \$23.00.

CRESTED DOGTAIL (Cynosurus Cristatus). Perennial; flowers in July; height, 11/2 feet. A fine, short grass, valuable on hard, dry soils and hills, as it is hardy and but little affected by changes of weather. It is relished by stock when green, it being then tender and nutritious, but when ripened becomes tough and wiry. It is of close-growing habit, with dense, deep green turf; $1\frac{1}{2}$ bu. to acre; 21 lbs. to bu. Per lb., 35 cents; per 100 lbs., \$32.00.

ENGLISH RYE GRASS (Lolium Perenne). nial; flowers in June; height, 20 inches. It is a staple grass of Great Britain, and largely used in the composition of many of the meadow and pasture mixtures. Its natural adaptation to almost all cultivated soils and its early maturity are the causes of its extensive use. yields an abundant foliage and is valuable as a hay crop when cut in blossom. About 21/2 bu. to acre; 24 lbs. to bu. Per qt., 25 cents; per bu., \$2.75.

GRASSES - (Continued).

ITALIAN RXE (Lolium Italium). Biennial; flowers in June and July; height, 2% freet. One of the most valuable grasses in Europe, being suited to all climates and very valuable to use in mixtures for pastures in this country. It produces an abundance of nutritious feed early in the Spring, and continues through the season until late in the fall Not being a perennial, it is unsuited for permanent pasture, but for temporary use it is unsurpassed; 18 lbs. to bu.; 3 bu. to acre; 25 cts. per qt.; per bu., \$2.50.

HARD FESCUE (Festuca Duriuscula). Perennial; flowers in June; height, 24 inches. Thrives well in a great variety of soils; one of the best grasses for general purposes, resisting drought well. It grows easily, and the foliage is of very good quality, and when cut makes superior hay. It stands heat and cold and does well in dry situations, where many other grasses would fail; 2½ bu. to acre; 12 lbs. to bu; 25 cts. per lb.; per 100 lbs., \$22.00.

SHEEP FESCUE (Festuca Ovina). Perennial; flowers June and July; 10 to 15 inches. Fine for upland and dry pastures. It is short and dense in growth, and of excellent quality, though small in quantity. Sheep are very fond of it; 2% bu. to acre; 12 lbs. to bu.; 25 quantity. cts. per lb.

SWEET VERNAL PERENNIAL (Anthoxanthum Odoratum). Flowers May and June; height, 1½ to 2 feet. Very valuable on account of its fragrance imparted to grasses grown with it when dried for hay, which makes the stock relish it. It is early and continues quick growth after being cut through the season; 3 bu. to the acre; about 10 lbs. to bu; per lb., 60 cts.

SWEET VERNAL ANNUAL (Anthoxanthum Odoratumprills). Smaller than the Perennial and lasting one year; 10 lb. to bu.; 1½ bu. to acre; per lb., 25 cts.

AWNLESS BROME GRASS (Bromus Inermis). A valuabe forage plant for light, dry soil; answering for cutting and feeding in green state, for pasture or for hay; very productive, stands heat and drought well; sow 40 lbs. to acre; 20 cts. per lb.

TIMOTHY (Phleum Prateuse). Also known as Herd's Grass. Perennial; flowers June and July; height, 3 feet and upwards. As a crop of hay, sown alone, Timothy is unsurpassed. On good, rich soil it is very luxuriant, and attains a height of 4 to 5 feet, and even on poor soil it yields a fair crop. When cut soon after blossom it makes magnificent hay; % bu. to acre; 44 lbs. to bu.; 20 cts. per qt.; per bu., market price. market price.

GOLDEN MILLET (Panicum Miliaceum). an improved variety, medium early, growing from 4 to 5 feet high. Is one of the best crops we have for cutting and feeding green, or for soiling purposes. Its yields is large when grown on good land. Its luxuriant leaves, juicy and tender, are much relished by stock. Heads closely condensed and spikes numerous. For hay it should be cut while in blossom, otherwise it becomes tough and wiry; 48 lbs. to bu.; about \$2.50 per bu.; sow I bu. to acre.

GERMAN MILLET, 48 lbs. to bu.

HUNGARIAN GRASS (Panicum Germanicum). An annual forage plant, with smaller stalks and heads than millet, though very succulent and furnishes an abundance of green fodder. Often yields 2 to 3 tons of hay per acre. It will do well in light, dry soils, although the better the ground the better the crop; 50 lbs. to the bu.; sow 1 bu, to acre. Market price.

CLOVERS.

In ordering by mail, postage should be added at the rate of 16 cents per pound for every quarter pound and upward.

(Special prices on large lots.)

MEDIUM CLOVER (Trifolium Pratense). Perennial, but of few years' duration. Price variable; 60 lbs. to bu.; 20 lbs. to acre; market price.

LARGE, MAMMOTH or PEA VINE CLOVER (Trifolium Pratense. Valuable on light gro 20 lbs. to acre; 60 lbs. to bu.; market price, Valuable on light ground and for plowing under;

ALSYKE CLOVER (Trifolium Hybridum). Perennial, Resembles in growth, etc., the Red Clover. Thrives well in cold, wet, stiff soils. The blossoms are very sweet; bees are very fond of them. It will produce very little crop the first year, as the roots have to get a firm hold of the soil. The second year it can be cut two or three times. The third year it comes into full vigor, and after that good crops can be cut for eight to ten years. About 15 lbs. to acre. Per lb., 30 cts.

cut for eight to ten years. About 15 lbs. to acre. Perlb., 30 cts.

ALFALFA or LUCERNE CLOVER (Medicago Sativa).

This clover is one of the best forage plants (green or as hay) that a farmer can cultivate, being very nutritious for horses and cattle. No other green crop resists the drought better. It is no sooner mown than it pushes out fresh shoots. It will last for many years, shooting its tough and fibrous roots downwards to the depth of 10 to 20 feet below the surface till they are out of reach of drought. In the driest weather it will hold up its stems fresh and green when others droop for want of moisture. After it has become well set it can be cut three or four times in one season. It yields enormously after the first year, 6 to 8 tons of dry hay being reported as an average yield. The thicker it is sown the finer and better the hay will be; 20 to 25 lbs. of seed should be sown on an acre. If sown too thin it will have large coarse stems and yield very poorly. Plow deep, cultivate the ground well and put on plenty of seed and you will have a good yield and a good quality of hay, 20 to 25 lbs. to acre. Per lb., 30 cts.; per bu., special price.

CRIMSON OR ITALIAN CLOVER (Trifolium Incar-

CRIMSON OR ITALIAN CLOVER (Trifolium Incarnatum). Annual; grows about 20 inches high and has very strong roots going deep into the soil. It will make a good growth on land too poor and sandy to grow red clover or any grasses and will make an enormous growth on good land. Does well in all places except wet land. Makes good hay or a fine soiling crop. It is valuable for sowing amongst corn at the time of last cutivation, as it will produce a wealth of growing foliage to turn under in the Spring. Sow in Spring or Summer, about 15 lbs. per acre. Per lb., 20 cts.

CLOVER — Continued.

DUTCH CLOVER WHITE (Trifolium Repens.) Valuable in mixture for permanent pastures, forming, in conjunction with natural grasses, the finest and most nutritious food for cattle and sheep; also valuable for lawns and grass plats. Best Imported. Per lb., 60 cts.

JAPANESE BARNYARD MILLET, or BILLION DOLLAR GRASS. A very strong, luxuriant variety, growing 6 to 8 feet hign, producing 10 to 12 tons per acre. Makes excellent fodder. Per lb., 20 cts.

KAFFIR CORN. Valuable for forage, land renovating, etc. Produces 2 to 4 heads from a single stalk. The whole stalk, if cut down as soon as seed heads appear, at once start a second growth from the roots. It also stands drought wonderfully. If growth is checked for want of moisture, the plant waits for rain, and when it comes, at once resumes its growth. Sow in rows 3 feet apart, 1/4 bu. per acre. Price on application.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE. This plant is extensively grown for forage, especially for sheep, and for green manure, for which purpose there is perhaps no better plant adapted where a quick, rank growth is desired. Farmers who raise much stock and desire to get young cattle, sheep and lambs into favorable condition to be sold advantageously in the fall, can do it most cheaply by growing this Rape. Prepare the ground as for turnips and sow in June or July, with a turnip drill, in rows 2% feet apart, at the rate of 5 lbs. of seed per acre, or broadcast at rate of 10 lbs. to the acre. Our stock is the true Essex Dwarf, and not the worthless annual. 12 cts. lb., 10 lbs. for \$1.00.

SORGHUM, or SUGAR CANE, is being used extensively as a green food for cattle, horses and mules; it is a sure crop, being a great drought resister and an immense yielder.

SOUTHERN COW PEAS. The great soil renovator. The growing crop makes poor land rich and rich land better, at the same time producing a large amount of forage for green or dry feed. The Southern Cow Pea (in reality a Bean) has been cuttivated in the South for many years, but only in recent years has it been demonstrated that most all varieties are adapted to cultivation throughout nearly the

that most all varieties are adapted to cultivation throughout nearly the entire United States.

The yield of hay runs from 1 to 3 tons per acre, the Rhode Island experiment station reporting one year a yield per acre of 35,000 pounds, green vines making 5½ tons dry hay.

As a fertilizer crop it excels all others, absorbing from the air more Nitrogen than Clover and drawing from the subsoil large amounts of Potash and Phosphoric Acid, depositing these fertilizer elements in the surface soil just where needed for succeeding crops.

SPECIAL MIXTURE OF GRASSES.

14 lbs. to bu.; about 2% bu. to acre.

FOR PERMANENT PASTURES Per bu. \$3.50 FOR TEMPORARY PASTURES 3. 5. FOR WET, LATE LAND..... 3. 5" FOR ORCHARDS AND SHADY PLACES 6.00

PULVERIZED SHEEP MANURE. Pure sheep manure is the best and strongest in fertilizing and enriching elements of all nature's fertilizers, containing, as it does, nitrogen, phosphoric acid, ammonia and potash in liberal proportions. It is three times stronger than cow manure. The only pure sheep manure is limited to where sheep are kept in large quantities under cover and where all the excrement can be gathered and cared for daily The stock yards of the West are the largest in the world, five million sheep come to them yearly and are kept in great barns until shipped or killed. The manure, which is never exposed to the weather, has no chance to leach or lose its strength, and is gathered each day, where it is prepared for use. It is carefully selected, shredded, kiln dried, pulverized, screened, passed over strong magnets and packed in bags ready for shipment. This process removes foreign substances, takes out the moisture and reduces it to a pulverized form which is easy to handle, convenient to ship. It is highly concentrated and the most efficient and practical of all fertilizers. One or two hundred pounds of pulverized sheep manure carefully used will go farther than several wagon loads of ordinary stable manure; therefore effects a radical economy in labor of handling, and giving better results. For the Lawn it is one of the best possible fertilizers, as it has no odor and requires no raking in after it is applied. For Golf Greens it is an ideal fertilizer; by applying about once a month the grass will respond quickly, thicken up and become a beautiful color. For Garden use there is nothing better, turning under in the spring and using two or three times while the crop is growing. It can also be used as a liquid manure, using about two pounds to about five gallons of water and can be used in this way when plants need watering. For Trees or Shrubs, applied in spring and through the summer, will give the foliage a much better color and cause them to grow more vigorous. For a hoe crop, corn or potatoes, it can be used either broadcast or in the hills, using about two handfuls in the hill. For Gardener's use it is the best fertilizer in existence, producing better and earlier crops of Onions, Celery and other vegetables than any other fertilizer or manure in use. 25 lbs., 50 lbs., 100 lbs. or ton lots.

Annuals, Biennials and Perennials, and Culture Directions.

Annuals are plants which, raised from seed, perfect the flowers, ripen their seed and perish the same season. There are some, such as Verbena, Eschscholtzia, cultivated as annuals, that are only such in a northern climate, being in their own congenial region biennials and perennials. Biennials are those which grow the first season, flower the next, and then die. They may sometimes be induced to flower for two or three successive seasons, by preventing them from going to seed. Perennials are those which live and continue to blossom several years. If planted very early in borders, or brought forward in windows or hot-beds, they will bloom the first season. Many of them are hardy enough to stand the coldest of our Winters, dying down every season, and coming up in the Spring from the old roots.

Annuals are divided in two classes, Hardy and Half-hardy. The Hardy can be sown in April or May in the coars ground or for early flowering started in sote or again the house groundward or het had and

in the open ground, or for early flowering started in pots or pans in the house, greenhouse or hot-bed, and planted out as soon as ground is warm. Half-hardy should be started in the house, greenhouse or hot-bed, and planted out in beds or borders in May, or they can be sown in the open ground about the middle of May.

Biennials and Perennials may be sown in the Spring as early as annuals - they need the same treatment, and should be planted out the following Autumn in situations where they are to flower. Can be sown in the Autumn, selecting as cool and damp a bed as possible, keeping the ground shaded and moist by frequent waterings until plants appear.

Greenhouse seeds should be sown in pots or pans half full of drainage; cover this with rough siftings of mould, and the surface with fine soil, moisten, using a fine rose. Sow seeds evenly over the surface, cover very lightly, keeping from the rays of the sun until the plants show the third leaf, then transplant into seed pans three-fourths of an inch apart, keeping them under a frame until perfectly recovered, giving a little air to strengthen them. As soon as they begin to touch each other transplant into small pots and keep

in a cool, airy part of the greenhouse near the glass, reporting them when necessary.

Great care should be taken in the preparation of the soil for sowing the smaller kinds of seeds; the ground should be made rich with sheep manure, some good fertilizer or thoroughly rotted manure, dug deeply, well raked, made very fine and pliable, so the roots can penetrate and the soil will not bake in the sun after watering. The seed should be sown very thinly, covered very lightly and pressed firmly and carefully into the ground. As a rule small seeds should not be covered over one-eighth of an inch deep, the larger ones, like Morning Glory Balsams, etc., three-fourths of an inch; very fine seeds should be sown on the surface, merely dusting them over with a little earth and gently press down with a smooth board. Keep the ground free from weeds and loosen the ground often, so rain will penetrate. In watering,

use water that is not too cold; distribute it in the evening through a rose, so it will not wash the soil over the growing seed or injure the foliage or expanding buds.

Hot-bed for Seedlings. In making a hot-bed the preparation of manure is a matter of importance, and it should be well worked previous to being used, if the bed be expected to retain its usefulness for any length of time. If obtained fresh, and found to be too dry, it should be well watered and thrown lightly together to ferment; this will take place in a few days, and from three to four days afterward it should be completely turned, shaken and mixed; a second turning may be required, although one is usually sufficient. When thus cleaned of rankness the bed can be made. The place should be chosen where it is dry underneath, sheltered from the north as much as possible, and fully exposed to the sun. It should be built up from two feet six inches to four feet high and wider by six inches every way than the frame to be placed from two feet six inches to four feet high, and wider by six inches every way than the frame to be placed upon it. The manure should be well shaken and mixed, while being put together, and firmly pressed by the feet. The frame should be placed on this and kept closed until the heat rises, and three or four inches of sifted sand or light soil placed on the surface of the bed. In a few days it will be ready for use; but air should be given night and day while there is any danger from the rank steam. If the sand or soil are drawn away from the sides of the bed, they should be replaced. When the hot-bed is used for seed only, nothing further is necessary; the heat of which will soon cause them to germinate; as this will after some time decline, a lining should be added, that is, fresh, hot, fermented, but not rank, manure, applied about a foot in width all around the bed; this will renew its strength.

Cold Frames are formed by placing an ordinary hot-bed frame upon a bed of light, rich soil in some warm, sheltered place in the garden, where it will be protected from cold winds. They should both be shaded from the sun by mats during the middle of the day and covered at night.

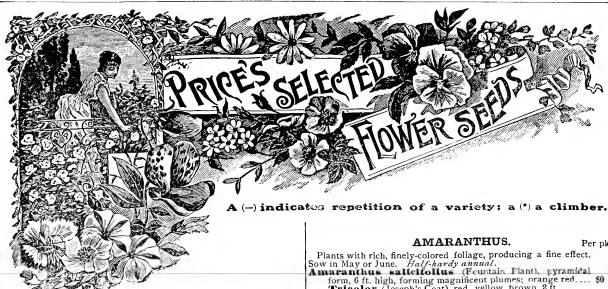
BURLAP HOT BED MATS FOR COVERING SASHES.

Wool Filled and Frost Proof. Indestructible, Cheap, Light, Durable and Warm. Made expressly for Winter and Spring covering of Hot Beds, Cold Frames, Green Houses, Plants, Etc.

These mats are made both side of jute, thickly padded with a combination wool filling, stitched through three inches inches apart with edge firmly bound. This makes a light, firm, indestructible, warm mat. They take the place of the straw mats, keeping out more frost, are much lighter, keep dryer, will not harbor mice or vermin, dry out quickly after rain, cost less than the old-fashioned straw mats and will entirely take their place. That they are a much-needed improvement over anything heretofore used for the same purpose is proved by the increasing yearly demand for them. A sash is 36 by 72.

No. 2 mat (76x76) covers two sash, allowing two inches top and bottom of bed; \$1.35 each, \$15.00 dozen. No. 3 mat is made 76x84 inches; this will cover two sash and lap over six inches on the top and bottom of the bed, which will allow placing a weight on the ends to prevent blowing off; \$1.60 each; \$17.00 dozen. They are also used by gardeners for covering up their loads to and from market during cold weather. GIVE THESE MATS A TRIAL.





ABRONIA.

A pretty trailing annual, bearing clusters of elegant Verbenalike flowers of great fragrance, remaining in bloom a long time; very effective in beds, rock-work or hanging baskets. Half-hardy annual. Abronia arenaria, pure waxy yellow, 6 in....umbellata, rosy, lilac, native of California, 6 in.....

ACROCLINIUM.

ADONIS.

A showy plant with a brilliant flower resembling poppies; does well in the shade. Hardy perennial.

Adonis vernalis, yellow, 1 ft
— æstivalis, see Floss Adonis.

AGERATUM.

A showy plant with small, cluster-like flowers, valuable for

ALYSSUM.

One of the sweetest and most useful of Summer flowers; may be

One of the sweetest and most useful of Summer flowers; may be used for edgings, borders, rock work, hanging baskets, etc. Continuous in bloom the entire season, Hardy annual.

Alyssum maritimum (Sweet Alyssum) 1½ ft.

— Benthami compactum (Dwarf) Sweet Alyssum, grows 6 in, high, flowers pure white and very fragrant.

— Carpet of Snow, white.

— Saxatile (Golden Alyssum), yellow. Hardy perennial, 1 ft.

ASTER.

A splendid class of annuals, and one of the most effective of our garden favorites. The finest of the tall kinds is the Peonyflowered Perfection and Semples, branching. All varieties do best in a light, dry soil, and in dry weather should be mulched with rotten manure and well watered. Hardy annual.

Aster. China. fine mixed varieties, 1½ ft	
- Dwarf German, divers colors, 8 in	
- Double White Dwarf, fine, large flowers, 8 in	
- Chrysanthemum flowered, mixed, 1 ft	
- Victoria, fine mixed varieties	
- Giant Comet. white	
" mixed	

Tauffaut's Peony-flowered Perfection. mixed, very double, large size, round in shape, 1½ to 2 feet......
Peony-flowered Globe, mixed colors, flowers large, 2 ft.

2 ft.

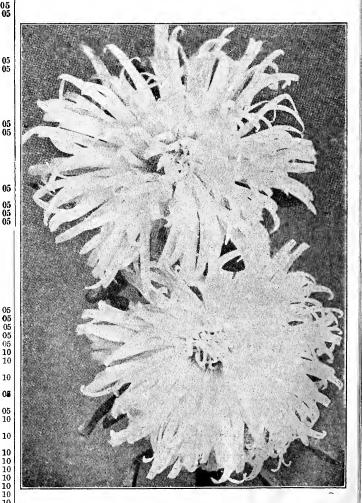
Dwarf Peony-flowered Perfection, mixed colors, very dwarf, flowers globular, 6 in.

Queen of Market, mixed colors.

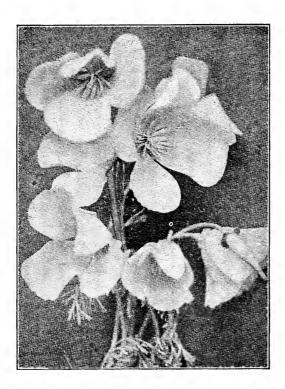
Ostrich Plume, in white, rose, dark blue and mixed . Each . E

AMARANTHUS. Per	pkt.
Plants with rich, finely-colored foliage, producing a fine effect. Sow in May or June. Half-hardy annual. Amaranthus salicifolius (Feuntain Plant), pyramidal form, 6 ft. high, forming magnificent plumes; orange red\$ — Tricolor (Joseph's Coat), red, yellow, brown, 2 ft\$ — Caudatus Red (Love lies bleeding), 3 tt	0 05 05 05 05
ARGEMONE.	
Handsome large-growing plants, Flowers resemble large poppies. Argemone, mixed, 2 ft	05
AMMOBIUM.	
A small-flowered, useful everlasting; valuable for winter bou-	

Ammobium alatum, white, 2 ft. Hardy annual.....

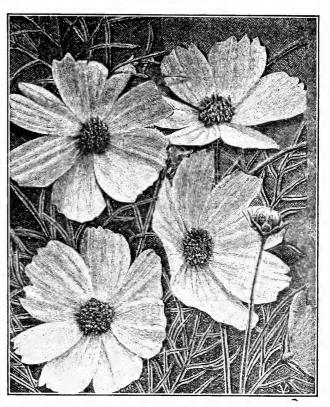


BRANCHING ASTER.



ESCHSCHOLTZIA.

ARCTOTUS GRANDIS. Per	pkt
Arctotus Grandis, handsome annual, flowers pure white, with yellow and lilac zone, 2 ft	10
AQUILEGIA or COLUMBINE.	
A well-known, highly ornamental plant, with curiously-formed flowers of strikingly beautiful colors. Sow in May. Aquilegia, choice double mixed, 1% ft. Hardy perennial Long-spurred, mixed	10 10
BALSAM (Ladies' Slipper).	
One of the most beautiful of the popular annuals, producing gorgeous masses of brilliant-colored, carnation-like flowers. The most improved varieties are very double, and are styled Camelia-flowered. Sow in May, in as rich soil as possible. Half-hardy annual.	
Balsam Solferino, white, streaked lilac and scarlet. 2 ft — Victoria, satiny white, spotted with scarlet, 2 ft — Camelia-flowered, mixed colors, very double, 2 ft — improved, improved variety with large flowers, 2 ft — rose-flowered, mixed varieties, very double, 2 ft — spotted, best double varieties, mixed, 2 ft — white double, large flowers, 2 ft — fine mixed Paris, splendid double, 2 ft — double mixed, fine variety, 2 ft	05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05
* BALLOON VINE (Cardiospermun).	
A rapidly growing, handsome climber, remarkable for its in- flated membranous capsules, from which it takes its name; very ornamental. Balloon Vine , white, from India, 4 ft. Half-hardy annual.	05
BARTONIA.	•
A showy annual with thistle-like leaves. Sow in April or May in any good soil. Hardy annual. Bartonia Aurea (Golden Bartonia), yellow, 1% ft	05 05
BELLIS (Double Daisy).	
A favorite for border or pot culture. Sow in May and transplant 8 inches apart. Half-hardy perennial. Bellis perennis, mixed, very double, 4 in	10
BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy).	
A pretty plant. covered with a profusion of Cineraria-like flowers. Sow during April and May. Half-hardy annual. Brachycome, mixed, 6 in.	05
BROWALLIA	
A handsome plant, covered with rich, delicate flowers, which continues to bloom during Summer and Autumn. Half-hardy annual.	0.5
Browallia, mixed, 1½ ft.	05
CAOALIA (Tassel Flower).	
A profuse flowering plant, with tassel-shaped flowers, growing in clusters, also called Flora's Paint Brush. Half-hardy annual. Cacalla coccinea, scarlet, 1½ ft	05 05



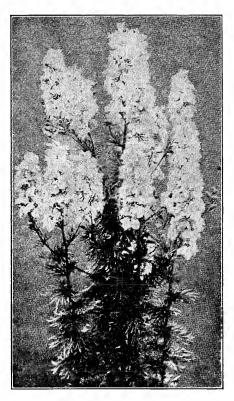
COSMOS, LADY LENOX.

CALCEOLARIA.

Plants of a highly decorative character, remarkable for their large, finely-shaped and beautifully-spotted flowers. Sow seeds without covering, in pots, prepared with rough siftings of mould below, and filled with soil as fine as possible, merely pressing the seed into it; water with a fine hose, and place under a close frame in a shady place; no artificial heat is required. When plants are strong enough, prick into pots prepared as before. Half-hardy perennial.	
Calceolaria hybrida, mixed from finest collections, 2 ft\$0 Williams and Carter's Strains	20 75
* CANARY BIRD FLOWER (Tropæolum).	
A climber with handsome foliage and curiously-shaped flowers, easily cultivated, profuse flowering and highly ornamental. Half-hardy annual.	
Canary Bird Flower, yellow, 6 to 10 ft	10
CANNA.	
An ornamental leaved plant, very large and handsome foliage. Planted in masses imparts a tropical look to the garden. Half-hardy perennial.	
Canna, mixed varieties, 3 ft. Crozier's Mixed Hybrids, 3 ft. Roots, 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen. See page 38.	05 05
CANDYTUFT (Iberis).	
A useful border annual; fine for pot culture, conservatory, and for bouquets. Sow where plants are to bloom. Thin out to 4 or 5 inches apart. Hardy annual. Candytuft, mixed, 1 ft 05 — Little Prince, white. - white rocket, 1 ft 05 — crimson, 1 ft	05 05 05 05 05 05
CANTERBURY BELLS (Campanula Medium).	
A well-known plant, with beautiful bell-shaped flowers; fine for borders. Transplant 2 feet apart. Hardy biennial. Canterbury Bells, double mixed, 2½ ft	05 05 05
CATCHFLY (Silene).	
A free-flowering plant with bright, attractive flowers; adapted for Spring and Summer blooming. Sow in April or May. Hardy annual.	
Catchfly, red, 15 inches 05 - white, 15 inches	05 05
CELOSIA.	
A handsome plant, producing spikes of beautiful feathery flow- ers, growing freely; succeeds best started in the house or hot-bed.	
Half-hardy annual. Celosia Japonica (Japanese Coxcomb), scariet, 3 ft Huttonii, branches tipped with bright crimson flowers, 2ft.	05 05
Dwarf varieties', see Cockscomb. Thompsonii, feathered	06



DIMORPHOTHECA AURANTIACA.	
OZZ1111011211 (Busty 1111111)	r pkt
Valuable silver-leaved ornamental bedding plants, fine for conservatory and parlor; succeed well when potted and kept through the Winter. Green-house perennial. Centaurea Candidissima, snowy-white foliage, 1 ft — Clementei, silvery leaves, cut and fringed, 6 in	\$0 10 10
- gymnocarpa, fine cut, with fern-like leaves, 1½ tt	10
annual, 2 ft. — Blue, 2 ft. — Odorata Margaritea, pure white	05 05 10
CHRYSANTHEMUM.	
One of the most effective and showy of Summer flowering plants. Sow in good light soil during last of April and May, and thin out to 1 foot apart. Hardy annual. Chrysanthenium, mixed colors, 2 ft	05 05
- tricolor, yellow and white, 1 ft coronarium, double white, 2 ft	05 05
Chrysanthenium, mixed colors, 2 ft	05 10 10 15 15
CENTRANTHUS.	
A pretty, free-flowering, compact growing plant, does well in any common soil; very effective in beds. Hardy annual Centranthus, mixed red and white, 2 ft	05
CINERARIA.	
A well-known free flowering, favorite plant; blooms throughout the greater portion of the year, having a range and brilliancy of color scarcely surpassed. Requires about the same culture as the Calceolaria. Green-house perennial.	00
Calceolaria. Green-house perennial. Cineraria, mixed from finest prize flowers. — Williams and Carter's Strain	20 75
CLARKIA.	
A most desirable free growing plant, blossoming profusely; will continue to bloom nearly all Summer. Sow in April and May and thin out. Hardy annual. Clarkia Elegans, mixed, 1½ ft	05 05
* CLEMATIS (Virgin's Bower).	
A well-known hardy climber of rapid growth, free flowering and very ornamental for covering fences, arbors, verandas, etc. <i>Hardy annual</i> .	
Clematis, white, sweet scented, 05 -Blue	05



DELPHINIUM.

* CLIANTHUS.

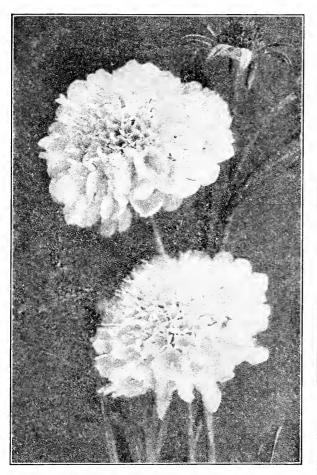
Per pkt

Clianthus Dampieri, rich scarlet, long petaled flowers, marked with a large black blotch; sow in May. Half hardy perennial, 3 ft.	0 10
* COBÆA.	
A beautiful climber, having large, bell-shaped flowers, with elegant leaves and tendrils, growing very rapidly; sometimes to the height of 20 or 30 feet. Seeds should be planted edgewise, and started in pots in the house or hot-bed, in March or April; sow in the open ground, when the earth is warm. Half-hardy perennial, Cobwa Scandens, purple lilac, 20 ft., 10; — alba, white, 20 ft.	10
COLEUS.	
A showy foliage plant. The new hybrid colors produce a fine effect, either in groups or single. Half-hardy perennial, Coleus, Hybrid Mixtures, seeds from finest specimens	20
CONVOLVULUS MINOR (Dwarf).	
A beautiful, showy plant, with handsome, rich-colored flowers, producing a brilliant effect. Sow middle of May. <i>Hardy annual</i> . Convolvulus mixed, 1½ ft	05
COCKSCOMB (Celosia).	
Attractive and graceful plants, producing in the greatest profusion spikes of feathery-looking flowers. Sow in May. Halfhardy annual. Cockscomb, red dwarf, crimson, 1½ ft. — aurea, dwarf, yellow, 1½ ft., 05; mixed, 1½ ft. Japanese and others, see Celosia.	05 05
COREOPSIS or CALLEOPSIS.	
Of all the annuals this genius is one of the most striking; the colors are rich, flowers numerous and beautiful, producing fine effects in mixed borders. Sow from April to June in a good light soil. Hardy annual. Coreopsis Drummondii, mixed, 1 to 2 ft. — bicolor, mixed, 1½ to 2 ft. — grandifiora, mixed, 1½ to 2 ft.	05 05 05
COSMOS.	
Plants growing 3 ft. high, covered in the Fall with large flowers, resembling Single Dahlias, of all colors. Cosmos, large flowering, mixed	05 10 16

05 05 10

10

05 10 05



SCABIOSA.

* CYPRESS VINE (Ipomæa Quamoclit).

Beautiful climbing plant; flowers small and thickly set in a beautiful dark green, delicate, fern like foliage; fine for trellises.

Half-hardy annual.

Cypress Vine, crimson, very brilliant, 10 to 15 ft \$0.05

— white, 10 to 15 ft \$0.05

DAHLIA.

Seed saved from the best variety of various colors and heights. Sow in fine light soil in the middle of May.

Dahlia, fine mixed double varieties. Half-hardy perennial...

— single, mixed - cactus, mixed

DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur).

- Emperor, Branching, mixed. Annual

DIANTHUS (Pink).

A magnificent genus, embracing some of the most popular flowers in cultivation. D. Heddewegii and laciniatus are fine sorts, with splendid flowers. Sow during April and May. Hardy

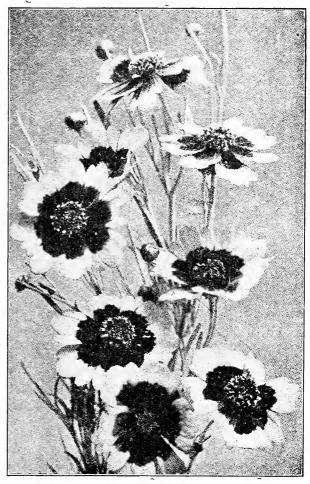
DIDISCUS (Trachymene).

Didiscus cæruleus, a very pretty little blue border plant.

Half-hardy annual, 1 ft.

Dimorphotheca aurantiaca (African Orange Daisy).

Pretty hardy annual, growing 1 to 1% ft. high. Sow in May....



COREOPSIS

DIGITALIS (Foxglove).

Plants producing dense spikes of flowers, on stems 3 ft. high in June and July; large bell-shaped flowers. Hardy perennial. Pr pkt Digitalis purpurea, purple spotted, 3 ft. \$0.05 - alba, pure white, 3 ft. 05 - rosea, 3 ft. 05
EDELWEISS (Gnaphalium).
Gnaphalium Leontopodium. From the Alps of Switzerland. Sow seed early in spring and keep moist
ERYSIMUM.
A plant bearing spikes of golden yellow and deep orange blossoms; free flowering, effective in beds or mixed borders. Erysimum (Golden), yellow, 18 in. Hardy annual
ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy).
A showy flowering plant of rich and beautiful colors, a good bloomer; fine for bedding or massing. Half-hardy perennial. Eschscholtzia alba, white, 6 in
ETERNAL or EVERLASTING FLOWERS.
See Helichrysum, Xeranthemum, Acroclinium, Globe Amaranthus, Anymobium and Rhodanthe.
FIIPHORRIA

EUPHORBIA. Euphorbia variegata, white, foliage nicely veined and margined with white, 2 ft. Half-hardy annual..... 05

EVERLASTING PEAS (Lathyrus).

A rapidly-growing ornamental climber, growing in any common soil, 5 to 7 ft. Hardy perennial.

Everlasting Peas (lathyrus latifolius), mixed

FLOS ADONIS.

A pretty plant, growing well in any good soil. Hardy annual. Flos Adonis (Adonis Æstivalis), dark crimson, pretty, 2 ft....

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis).

A popular little plant, with beautiful star-like flowers; blooms early; valuable for Spring gardening. Half-hardy perennial. Forget-me-not, Blue, 6 in......

GAILLARDIA. Very showy plants, with flowers, remarkable for their profusion, size and brilliancy of color blooming throughout the Summer and Autumn. Thrive in any rich soil. Half hardy annual. Pry Gaillardia pieta, crimson and yellow, perennial, 1½ ft. Lorenziana, Double Annual varieties. GERANIUM (Pelargonium). These favorites are too well known to need description, they are for in door as well as out of door decoration. Half hardy perennial. Geranium hybrid, mixed, finest hybrid varieties. — hybrid mixed, golden and bronzed leaves. — apple scented, pink, 1 ft.		
GILIA. A very pretty dwarf annual, will bloom in al-		
most any situation; grows well in pots. Hardy annual. Gilia mixed, various colors	05	
Everlasting, with pretty, showy flowers, which may be cut when full grown in Summer and preserved for Winter bouquets; after cutting tie in bunches and hang in a dark closet. They bloom from June till October. Half hardy annual. Globe Amaranthus, orange, 2 ft	05 05 05	
GLOXINIA.		
A superb genus of green-house plants, producing flowers in the greatest profusion, remarkable for their beauty of color. Stove perennial		
bulbs, Gloxinia, finest mixed, from splendid collections	20	
*GOURDS ORNAMENTAL (Cucurbit Very ornamental climber. with fruit of the most singular description, both as to shape and marking; of rapid growth and luxuriant foliage; very desirable for trellis work, etc. Tender annual. Gourd orange, (Mock orange) Hurcules elub Dipper, Nest egg bottle Dish Rag or Bounet mixed variety	05 05 05 05 05 05	
GYPSOPHILA PANICULATA. Gypsophila Paniculata, Flowers white fine for boquets, 2 ft	05	GRANDIFLORA MIGNONETTE.
CODEMIA		HOLLYHOCK. Pr pk
GODETIA. A very desirable, free flowering plant, attractive is and ribbons; grows freely in any garden soil. Godetia, finest mixed		garden; will bloom the first year it sown early Hardy perennial. Hollyhoek, double, mixed (Charter's Superb Strain)
HELICHRYSUM (Everlasting	•	Hybrid Annual flowering, mixed, double and single
Exceedingly handsome for Winter bouquets. before the bloom fully expands, and carefully dri in a dark closet. Hardy annual. Helichrysum monstrosum, crimson, 1½ - rose, 1½ ft. - white, 1½ ft. - yellow, 1½ ft. - mixed, 1½ ft.	ed by hanging	HONESTY or SATIN FLOWER (Lunaria). A showy, early, free flowering Summer plant. The flowers are succeeded by singular, semi transparent seed vessels. Hardy biennial. Honesty (Lunaria biennis), purple 2 ft
HELIANTHUS.		A free flowering plant of easy culture. Hardy perennial. French Honeysuckle, red, 3 ft. 05 white, 2 ft
Helianthus Cucumerifolius, miniature s ered with hundreds of small (single) bright oran	sunflower, cov- ge flowers 0	05 * HYACINTH BEAN (Dolichos).
HELIOTROPE.		A beautiful class of quick growing, ornamental climbers from the East Indies. Tender annual.
Addelicious fragrant plant, fine for pot culture of poses; flourishes in any good soil. Half hardy pe Heliotrope, finest mixed 1 ft	rennial.	Dolichos Lablab, purple (Hyacinth Bean), 10 ft. 05 — alba, white (Hyacinth bean), 10 ft. 05 ICE PLANT.

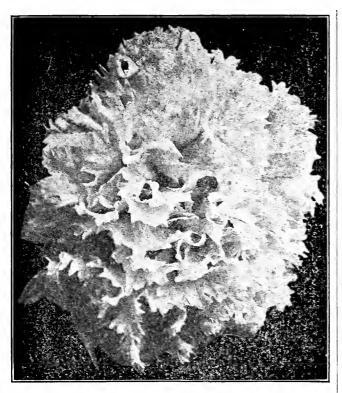
HIBISCUS.

A very beautiful and showy plant; much prized for the beautiful colors of its flowers. Hardy annual.

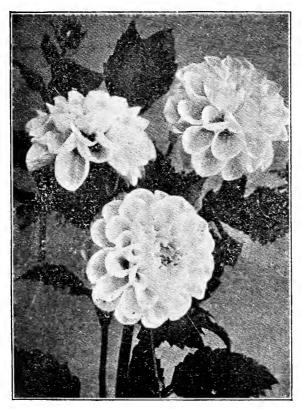
Hibiscus Africanus, cream color, rich brown center. 1½ ft.

A pretty little trailer, the leaves are covered with frost or crystaline globules, giving it the appearance of being covered with ice; effective for rock work and hanging baskets. Half hardy annual.

15 Plant (Mesembryanthemum crystallinum) trailer, 6 in....



DOUBLE FRINGED PETUNIA.



DAHLIA.

DOUBLE MARIGOLD (Tagetes).	
A well-known plant with handsome double flowers of rich and	
beautiful colors, and neat, compact green foliage. Annual. Per	
Marigold, African Lemon, 2 ft	05
- Orange, 2 ft	08
- El Dorado, very fine, 05; - Butterfly	08
-French, brown, 1½ ft	05
- ranunculus, striped, 1½ ft	08
- Calendula, mixed varieties	05
- Calendula Prince of Orange, golden orange	08
- Legion d'Honor, Single Dwarf, and brown	05

IMPATIENS (Sultans or Zanzibar Balsam). Charming plants for house or table decoration. Pr IMPATIENS SULTANI, flowers brilliant, rosy-scarlet\$	pkt 0 10
IPOMEA NOCTIFLORA. (See Moon Flower.)	
* JAPANESE HOP. Humulus Japonicus Variegatus, leaves light and dark green, splashed with white, ornamental and quick-growing climber	10
JACOB'S LADDER (Polemonium). A hardy perennial, growing readily in ordinary good soil; fine for mixed borders; easy of culture. Jacob's Ladder, mixed, blue and white	05
JACOBÆA (Senecio). Free-growing plants of the easiest culture, producing gay-colored flowers in profusion. Hardy annual. Jacobaea crimson, 1 ft. 05 - rose, 1 ft	05 05
KOCHIA TRICHOPHILA. Kochia Trichophila (Summer Cypress), an ornamental annual growing 2 ft. high. The light green foliage changing to a fiery red towards autumn	10
LANTANA. Free-flowering plants with brilliantly colored flowers, constantly changing in hue; effective for pot culture or bedding Lantana, mixed varieties, 2 ft. Half-hardy perennial	05
LARKSPUR (Delphinium). An ornamental plant of great beauty, variety of colors and profusion of flowers. Hardy annual. Larkspur Double-dwarf rocket, fine mixed, 1 ft - Hyacinth flowered, fine mixed, 1 ft	05 05
LAVATERA. Tall, showy, profuse-blooming handsome plants, growing freely in light soil, and very effective when used as a background. Lavatera, mixed, 3 ft. Hardy annual	05
LINUM (Flowering Flax). These are conspicuous for their brilliancy of color. Linum Flavum, yellow, 1 ft. Hardy perennial	05
- Grandiflorum coccineum, scarlet, 1 ft. Hardy	05
* LOASA (Caiophora). A handsome, rapid-growing, free-flowering climber, with curi- bus-looking beautiful flowers. Loasa, mixed, yellow and scarlet. Hardy annual	05
LOVE-IN-A-MIST, NIGELLA. Devil-in-the-Bush, or Lady-in-the-Green. A very interesting, compact-growing, free flowering plant, with curious flowers and seed-pods. From the appearance of the stamens it has received its singular name. Hardy annual. Love-in-a-Mist, mixed, 1 ft	05 05
Mostly dwarf-growing; a beautiful class of plants with delicate drooping habit. The profusion of their flowers renders them pramental for vases and hanging baskets, borders or ribbons. Half-hardy annual. Lobelia Crystal Palace, blue trailer	05 05 05
LYCHNIS (Ragged Robin). A highly ornamental and handsome genus of plants, easy of culture; effective in shrubbery and borders. Hardy perennial.	05
— Chalcedonica, scarlet, 2 ft	05
MALOPE. Plants branching, producing large flowers in profusion. Malope grandiflora, dark crimson, 2 ft. Hardy annual	05
MARVEL OF PERU (Four o'clock), (Mirabilis A beautiful plant, with flowers of much beauty and a variety of colors and handsome foliage; makes a fine Summer hedge. The roots can be preserved, like Dahlias, through the Winter. Half-hardy perennial. Marvel of Peru (Four o'clock), mixed colors, 2 ft — gold striped and variegated foliage, 2 ft	
MATRICARIA (Feverfew).	05 05
A beautiful dwarf-growing plant, well adapted for beds or edgings. Half-hardy annual. Matricaria Capensis Double, white, curled foliage, 8 in. Golden Ball	05 05

* MAURANDYA.	-1	NASTURTIUM DWARF (Tropaeolum nanum).
A Summer climber, adapted to the conservatory and greenhouse, or trellises, verandas, etc. Blooms the first season. Half hardy perennial. Pr pl	kt	Plants of beauty, compact growth and rich colored flowers. Half hardy annual.
Maurandya Barelayana, rich violet, 10 ft		Nasturtium, dwarf, fine sorts, mixed, 1 ft
scarlet or star (Ipomea Coccinea), 10 ft New Double, mixed, 15 to 20 ft.	05 05 05 10	— King Theodore, flowers almost black, 1 ft
, , ,		PETUNIA.
MIGNONETTE (Reseda). A well-known fragrant plant. Should be sown about shrubbery and mixed borders, where it grows rapidly; it is more fragrant when grown on poor soil; if thinned out as soon as the plants are large enough, they will grow stronger and produce larger spikes of bloom. Hardy annual.		A very profuse flowering plant, of easy culture, with brilliant and various colors. Flowers the whole Summer. The double flowers are produced by fertilizing single flowers with pollen of the double, and even when done with the greatest care is not likely to be successful. Seed producing forty per cent of the double flowering plants of good quality is considered first class. Half-hardy perennial.
- Large flowering (R. Grandiflora), buff, 6 in	05 05 05 05 05 05	Petunia, hybrid, mixed, 1 ft
Golden Queen, golden yellow	05 05 05	 donble mixed, fine variety, 1 ft grandiflora fimbriata, fl. pl. Various colors, very double and deeply fringed, 1 ft

MIMULUS.

* MOMORDICA (Balsam Apple).

A curious trailling plant The fruit has a waxy appearance and opens when ripe, disclosing its seeds and brilliant red interior; has a fine appearance when planted on stumps, rock work, etc. Half-hardy annual.

Momordica balsamina (Balsam Apple), 10 ft.....

*MOON FLOWER (Ipomea Noctifiora)

Flowers 4 to 5 inches in diameter, of pure white color; blossoms from August to November during the evening and dull days. It has a rich Jessamine-like odor at night; is a rapid climber.

Per pkt

Moon Flower, 10 to 15 ft. Annual \$0 10

NIEREMBERGIA (Cup Flower).

A half hardy perennial, flowering the first of the year if sown early. A continuous bloomer. Nierembergia, mixed, one foot

NEMOPHILA (Love Grove).

05

05

A hardy annual, of neat, compact habit, blooming freely all summer. Plant in cool, shady place.

Nemophila, mixed, 6 to 9 in 05

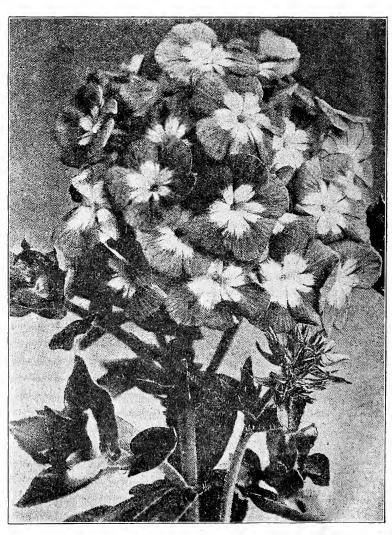
NEMESIA.

A favorite class of annuals; fine for bedding and pot culture. Grow in round bush form and bear brilliant flowers all Summer. Nemesia Strumosa Suttonii, blue, violet, white, 6 in...

NICOTIANA.

Showy and profuse flowering annuals, giving a continuous display of flowers through the Summer; they commence to flower a few weeks after sowing. The plants are of bushy habit, about 2 feet high, carrying the flowers in clusters, thousands being borne on a single plant during the Summer.

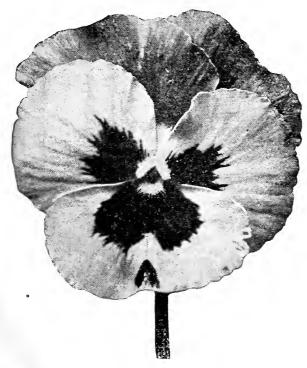
Nicotiana Affinis, white	05
- Sanderae, crimson	10
- mixed hybrids	10



PHLOX DRUMMONDII GRANDIFLORA.



MARGARET CARNATION.



PANSY.

A well-known favorite, producing a profusion of brilliant flowers. Picking off the buds as soon as they appear during the Summer will cause the plants to grow bushy and compact; they will bloom profusely during the late Autumn and early Spring months. Prefers a moist, shady situation; cover during the	
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will bloom make the late to the man and confer Coming	
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months. Prefers a moist, shady situation; cover during the	
Seed sown in August or September, kept in a cold frame through	
Seed sown in August or September, kept in a cold frame through the Winter, and planted out in the Spring, will blossom the whole season. Hardy perennial, 6 in.	r pkt
Pansy, fine mixed	80 05
fine mixed English hybrid	10
- extra large stained Parisian Giant mixed,	
saved from large and beautiful strain of prize flowers	10
-Price's Superb Mixture, large flowers with	10
fine colors and markings. mixture of 30 of the	
best varieties	20
-Extra Large Flowering Hybrid, mixed; these	
embrace almost all shades of color, with large and beauti-	
ful markings	25
- Cassiers, Bugnot and Odier Strains, mixed.	20
- Eckford Prize Strain, large and fine markings	10
- Cassiers, large flowered, blotched, rich, showy.	20
-Bugnot, superb blotched, very large flowers	20
- Lord Beaconsfield, violet and lavender	10
- Non Plus Ultra, a fine large blotched strain	10
- Peacock, large flowered, state blue, with white edge	10
- Giant, flowers of immense size	10
- Trimardeau, large and fine	10
- Masterpiece, curled edge	10
Transport William lhus	10
- Emperor William, lbue	
Odier or five blotched, 10; white	10
- Golden Queen, yellow, 10; yellow, golden	10
- Sn: w Queen, white	10
Perilla Nankienensis. Ornamental leaved plant	05
rerma Nankienensis. Omamental leaved plant	00
PENSTEMON.	
Ownemental hards plants remarkable for the besuts of their	
long graceful spikes of fine-shaped and richly-colored flowers:	
will bloom the first season. Half-hardy perennial, 2 ft. Pe	r pkt
Ornamental hardy plants, remarkable for the beauty of their long, graceful spikes of fine-shaped and richly-colored flowers; will bloom the first season. Half-hardy perennial, 2 ft. Penstemon, Cobaea, white and purple	05
- mixed, colors	05
•	
PINKS AND CARNATIONS (Dianthus).	
A well-known plant of great beauty and fragrance, easy of	
culture; flowering profusely.	rpkt
Pink China (D. Chinensis), (annual), finest mixed, 1 ft	
- Carnation (D. Caryophyllus), divers colors, 1½ ft	10
-Margaret carnation, mixed (annual), blooming in 3	
or 4 months from sowing seed. Have very large and	
or 4 months from sowing seed. Have very large and sweet-scented flowers of rich colors, 34 are double, 18 in	10
or 4 months from sowing seed. Have very large and	10 10
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or 4 months from sowing seed. Have very large and sweet-scented flowers of rich colors, 34 are double, 18 in - Margaret, yellow - dark red (D. Cruentus), bloody red, 1 ft - double garden (D. Moschatus), (annual), mixed sorts.	10
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Peas, Flowering (Sweet Peas).

A deep, rich, moist soil is best suited for Sweet Peas. In planting, a trench should be dug $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet deep and filled in to about 10 inches from the top with a good loam, mixed with ground bone, sheep manure, or well-rotted stable manure. Even soil in trench and sow the Peas carefully and plentifully, covering about two inches deep, and by degrees, as the vines come up, keep filling in the soil gradually, a little at a time, until even with the surface; thin out vines to about two inches apart. For early flowers, they should be sown as early in the Spring as the ground can be prepared. Change location in planting each year if possible. Will bloom the whole season if the pods are picked off as they begin to form.

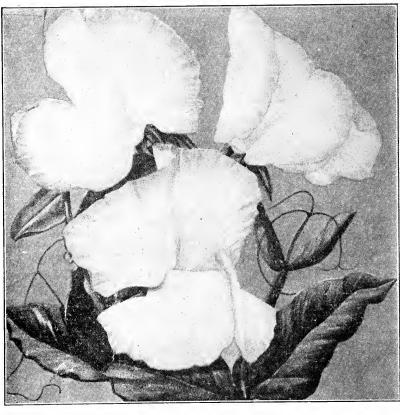
Price's Superb Mixed Sweet Peas.

This mixture is composed of 65 sorts, including the Spencer, Unwin, and Large Flowered Sorts, and the following Variettes listed below. It cannot be excepted celled.

Price per packet, 5 cents; per ounce, 15 cents; per quarter-pound, 35 cents; per pound, \$1.25.

America, crimson, scarlet striped \$0 05
Aurora, white, flaked with orange 05
Black Knight, deep maroon 06
Blanche Burpee, fine large white 05
Blanche Ferry, pink and white 05
Blanche Burpee, fine large white 05 Blanche Ferry, pink and white 05 Bolton Pink, large orange pink 05
Carmine invincible, bright red w
Chancellor, dark and light orange 05
Coccinea, pure cerise
Coquette, deep primrose, yellow and fawn shaded
Countess of Cadogan, violet and light blue Dainty, white, pink edge Dorthy Eckford, finest pure white
Dainty, white, pink edge
Dorthy Eckford, finest pure white
Duke of Sutherland, claret and blue
Duke of Westminster, purple
Earliest Sunbeam, rich primrose
Emily Eckford, rosy mauve and blue
Flora Norton, lavender
Golden Gleam, deep primrose, the best yellow
Gorgeous, rich orange salmon
Gracie Greenwood, pink flushed primrose
Gray Friar, purple on white ground
Helen Pierce, blue, mottled white
Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon, large primrose
Helen Pierce, blue, mottled white. Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon, large primrose. Janet Scott, bright pink and buff.
Jeannie Gordon, rose and primrose
Katherine Tracy, brilliant pink
King Edward VII, best bright crimson
Lady Grisel Hamilton, light lavenderLady Mary Currie, deep orange pink, shaded lilac
Lady Mary Currie, deep orange pink, shaded lilac
Lady Nina Balfour, lavender, shaded gray. Lord Nelson, brilliant navy blue. Lord Kenyon, magenta rose.
Lord Nelson, brilliant navy blue
Mong for oringen
Mars, flery crimson
Migg Wilmort longs groups with
Miss Wilmot, large orange pink
Mrs. Cladstone pink and rese
Mrs. Gladstone, pink and rose
Mrs. G. Higginson, Jr., azure blue
Mrs. Worker primress large
Mrs. Kenyon, primrose, large Navy Blue, deep beautiful blue, best blue
New Counters nurs light levender
New Countess, pure light lavender
Primrose nale vellow
Prima Donna large soft nink
Princess May light layender
Queen Alexander scarlet-red
Royal Rose, deep rose
Primrose, pale yellow Prima Donna, large soft pink Princess May, light lavender. Queen Alexander, scarlet-red Royal Rose, deep rose. Romolo Piazzanne, large, light purple. Salopian, deep crimson, scarlet. Sensation white suffused with pink
Salonian, deep crimson, scarlet
Sensation, white suffused with pink
Stella Morse, deep cream, pink edge
Stella Morse, deep cream, pink edge
Triumph, rose and crimson pink

Sweet Peas in Separate Colors, 15 cents per oz.



CDENCED VADIETIES

05	SPENCER VARIETIES.
05	Spencer Choice Hybrid Mixed. Pkt., 10; oz., 20;
05	1/4-lb., 40: lb., \$1.25.
05	Asta Ohn, soft lavender, 10; Doris Burt, intense red \$0 10
05	Countess Spencer, clear pink 10
05	Capt. of Blues, Spencer, blue and purple
05	Dania Dant intensa red
05 05	Florence Nightingale, bluish lavender
05	Flora Norton, blue 10 Frank Dolby, lavender 10
05	Tohn Ingman (Coorge Herbert) rose carmine 10
05	John Ingman (George Herbert), rose carmine 10 King Edward, Spencer, bright crimson 10
05	White Spencer 10
05	winte Spencer
05	POPPY.
05	A plant with very large and brilliant-colored flowers, producing
05	rich and effective display. Hardy annual. Per pkt
05	Bonny double mixed divers colors 11/2 ft
05	-carnation, double, mixed, 2 ft
05	- carnation, double, mixed, 2 ft
05	9 ft
05 05	-rannunculus, or French, double mixed, 3 ft 05
05	-peony-flowered, double, divers colors, 1 ft 05
05	- Bracteatum, large orange scarlet flowers 05
05	Scarlet, doubte, 1/2 101, 00, Willie IIIIngett, 1/2
05	- Tulip, scarlet, 05; - Alphine mixed
05	- Admiral, white, with scarlet band
05	- Umbrosum, red and black
05	- Shirley, fine used
05	- single mixed, 1½ ft., 05; - Makado 05
05	
05	- Orientale, crimson and black
05	-Perennial, mixed 05
05 05	
05	PRIMULA SINENSIS FIMBRIATA.
05	A profuse, flowering, charming green-house plant, finely adapted
05	for decorative purposes. Green-house perennial. 6 in.
05	Primula Sinensis Fimbriata (Fringed Chinese Primrose), mixed
05	rubra, red, 15;alba, white
05	rubra, red, 15, arba, white
05	alba, double, white 20
05	rubra, double, red 20
05	rubra, double, red
05	—— filicifolia alba, white, fern-leaved
05	- filicifolia rubra, red. fern-leaved
05	

PRIMROSE EVENING (Œnothera).

05

Primrose, yellow, or white evening.....

	÷		
PYRETHRUM (Golden Feather).		SWEET SULTAN.	
Handsome plants, excellent for bedding. Golden foliage.	05	A sweet-scented plant, producing a very showy and striking effect; grows freely in rich soil. 18 in. Hardy annual.	
Pyrethrum parthenifolium aureum, golden Roseum Hybridum. Red, pink and white; daisy shaped	05	Sweet Sultan, mixed, white and yellow	05
flower, with yellow centers	05	Americana, lilac, purple	10
,	- 1		
RHODANTHE.		SUNFLOWER (Helianthus).	
One of the handsomest of everlasting flowers, a profuse bloomer.	1	Sunflower, dwarf, 3 ft., 05; tall (Russian), 6 ft	05
Rhodanthe, mixed colors. Half-hardy annual.			
,	-	SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus Barbatus).	
RICINUS (Castor Bean).	İ	A beautiful, free-flowering, well-known class of plants, of	
Very effective, from its stately growth, beautiful foliage and		richness and diversity of color, producing splendid effects in beds, borders and shrubbery. Hardy perennial.	
brilliant-colored fruit. Half-hardy annual.		Sweet William, 1 ft	05
Ricinus Communis (Castor Oil Plant), 6 ft	05	double mixed, seed from fine double varieties	05
- Borboniensis arboreus (tree-like), violet, 15 ft - Africanus albidus, silvery leaves, 8 ft	05 05	Hunt's Perfection (auricula-flowered)	05 10
- Sanguineous, splendid red, ornamental, 10 ft	05	Lorson Giorgi.	
- Tricolor, three-colored, 7 ft	05 05	* THUNBERGIA.	
- Gibsonii, dark red foliage, 5 ft	05	Ornamental climber, of rapid growth. Half-hardy annual.	
Zanzibariensis. Green, copper and bronze	05	Thunbergia, mixed, all colors, 4 ft	05
		Venus' Looking-glass, mixed, 6 in	05
ROSE CAMPION (Lychnis).			
Very handsome and showy. Hardy perennial.		VIOLA (Sweet Violets).	
Rose Campion, rose, 18 in	05	A favorite, which lasts from early Spring throughout the Summer months. Hardy perennial.	
		Viola odorata (Sweet Violet), 6 in	10
ROCKET (Hesperis).			
A mo pleasing Spring flower. Hardy perennial.		VISCARIA (Rose of Heaven).	
Rocket Sweet mixed, 18 in	05	Viscaria Cardinalis, magenta, 1 ft. Hardy annual	05
		- oculata, pink, with crimson eye, 1 ft	05
SALPIGLOSSIS.			
Highly ornamental plants, with funnel-shaped flowers, curiously		VERBENA.	
veined and marbled. Half-hardy annual.	05	A well-known and much-admired bedding plant of easy culture. Plants grown from seed are more healthy and make larger and	
Salpiglossis, hybrid, mixed, 1% ft	•••	hardier plants than those from cuttings; if sown in Spring will	
CLATIVIA		flower quite early. Half-hardy perennial.	
SALVIA. A beautiful bedding plant, loaded with splendid spikes of bril-		Verbena, Finest Hybrid Superfine, mixed, from	Λ.
liant flowers; blossoming from July to October.		select flowers	05 05
Salvia coccinea, scarlet, annual, 2 ft	05	- Mammoth Mixed	08
- patens, dark blue flowers, perennial, 8 tt	10 10	- Italian Striped, fine mixed	08
- splendens, dazzling scarlet, perennial, 3 ft Dwarf Bonfire, scarlet	10	- Hybrid Candidissima, large trusses, pure white Dwarf mixed, extra, 05; Lemon, sweet scented	08 08
•		bwarr mixed, savas, so, Ecinon, sweet secretaring	•
SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride, or Sweet Scabios	us).	VINCA.	
Fine border plants, producing flowers in great variety of color.		A genus of beautiful green-house plants; seed sown out of	
Half-hardy perennial.	0=	doors in a warm, sheltered situation will bloom the same	
Scabiosa atropurpurea major, finest, mixed, 2 ft - white, pure white, 1 ft., 05; dwarf striped		season.	
waite, i = 1 = 1, 1, 1, and the striped		Vinca Alba, white, 2 ft., 05; Rosea, rose colored, 2 ft	0
SCHIZANTHUS.		THAT I BLOWED (OL.: 11 - OL.:)	
Plants of splendid growth. Half-hardy perennial.		WALL-FLOWER (Cheiranthus Cheiri). Very fragrant. Useful for beds, making groups and forming	
Schizanthus, mixed, all colors, 20 in	05	ribbons. The large spikes of the double variety produce a fine	
		effect in beds and lawns. Half-hardy perennial.	
SENSITIVE PLANT (Mimosa Pudica).		Wall-flower, single, 2½ ft., 05; double, 2½ ft	0.
A very interesting and curious plant, whose leaves close if touched. Succeeds in a warm situation. Half-hardy annual.		Early Paris (annual), single varieties	1
Sensitive Plant (Mimosa Pubica), pinkish white, 2 ft	05	WHITLAVIA.	
		A free-flowering annual, with beautiful bell-shaped flowers;	
SNAP-DRAGON (Antirrhinum).		grows freely in any soil. Hardy annual.	
Finely-shaped flowers of the most brilliant colors, with beauti-		Whitlavia grandiflora, violet blue, 1 ft	0
fully marked throats; they succeed in any garden soil. Half-	•	-gloxinoides, pure white with blue tip, 1 ft	0
hardy annual. Snap-Dragon, Dwarf, fine mixed, from 1 to 2 ft	05		
Tall. Large flowering		XERANTHEMUM.	
		A beautiful, showy class of everlastings, much used for Winter bouquets; if gathered and dried when first open will retain their	
SMILAX.		color and form for years. Hardy annual.	
White, 6 ft. Green-house perennial	. 10	Xeranthemum, double mixed, 2 ft	0
STOCKS (Mathiola).		ZINNIA ELEGANS (Youth and Old Age).	
The stock (Gilly flower) is one of the most popular garder	1	All Double.	
plants. For brilliancy and diversity of color, fine foliage, compact habit, profusion and duration of bloom it is unsurpassed	-	Annuals of great beauty and brilliancy, branching habits and superb colors; the double flower much resembles a Dahlia; the	
adapted for bedding or pot culture. Half-hardy annual.	,	same flowers will remain in a state of perfection from six weeks	
Stocks, ten weeks, Giant, large double flowers		to two months. Half-hardy annual,	_
ten weeks, dwarf, large flowering, mixed ten weeks, mixed, %; ten weeks white	. 05 . 05	Zinnia Elegans, Grandiflora, double mixed, 1½ ft. alba, white, 05;aurea, golden	0
ten weeks blue, 05; — ten weeks rose	. 05	purpurea, dark purple	0
-ten weeks crimson	. 05	Coccinea, dark scarlet	0
- wall-flowered leaved, mixed, 05; white Intermediate or Autumn, mixed		New Giant mixed	0
	. 00	Double Dirait, oo, Denia, bulleti	•

PRICE OF FLOWER SEEDS BY WEIGHT.

Sent by Mail Post-Paid at Prices named, not Sold in Quantities less than 1-2 Ounce.

Acroclinium	er oz	Morning Glory, Mixed	Per oz
Adonis Aestivalis	40	9 ,	
Ageratum Mexicanum	40	Morning Glory, Imperial Japanese	20
Alyssum, Sweet	30	Nasturtium, Dwarf Flowering	15
Alyssum, Dwarf	50	Pansy, Fine Mixed	
Amaranthus	30	Pansy, Extra Superb, Mixed	
Asters, China	50	Petunia, Mixed	75
Asters, Truffaut's Peony Flowered, Mixed	1 75	Phlox Drummondii, Mixed	60
Asters, Comet, Mixed	1 75	Phlox Drummondii, Grandiflora, Mixed	75
Asters (Semple's Branching, Mixed	1 50	Phlox Nana Compacta, Mixed	
Asters, White Dwarf	2 00	Pink, China	50
Aster, Ostrich Plume, Mixed	1 75	Poppy, Double Mixed	40
Bellis Perennis	2 00	Poppy, Peony Flowered, Mixed	30
Balsam, Camellia Flowered	80	Poppy, Double Scarlet	30
Balsam, Double Mixed	65	Poppy, Double Carnation, Mixed	25
Balsam, Double White	80	Poppy, Shirley	40
Balloon Vine	30	Poppy, Iceland	70
Cacalia	40	Poppy, Tulip	80
Calendula, Mixed	25	Portulaca, Grandiflora Mixed	50
Canary Bird Flower	40	Portulaca, Double Mixed	3 00
Candytuft, White Fragrant	25	Portulaca, Double Grandiflora Mixed	5 00
Candytuft, White Rocket	25	Ricinus Sanguineous	25
Candytuft, White Giant	40	Ricinus Communis	25
Candytuft, Empress, White	40	Ricinus, Mixed	25
Candytuft, Mixed	25	Salvia Splendens	1 75
Clarkia, Mixed	50	Salvia Bonfire, Dwarf	2 50
Cobea Scandens, Purple	60	Scabiosa, Tall Double Mixed	40
Castor Beans, Mixed	25	Scabiosa, Dwarf Double Mixed	30
Centurea Cyanus, Mixed	30	Smilax · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60
Centurea Emperor William	25	Snap Dragon, Tall	75
Cosmos, Mixed	30	Snap Dragon, Dwarf	75
Cockscomb, Mixed	1 50	Stocks, Ten Weeks, Mixed	1 50
Coreopsis, Mixed	30	Stocks, Ten Weeks, White	3 00
Cypress Vine, Crimson	35	Sunflower, Tall	10
Dianthus Heddeweigii, Single	75	Sunflower, Dwarf	40
Dianthus Heddewegii, Double	1 00	Sweet Peas, Price's Superb Mixed, lb. \$1.25	15
Dianthus Laciniatus, Single	75	Sweet Peas, Spencer's Choice Mixed	20
Dianthus Laciniatus, Double	1 00	Sweet Peas, Mixed, per lb. \$1.25	15
Eschscholtzia, Mixed	35	Sweet Peas, Painted Lady	15
8	2 00	Sweet Peas, Separate Colors	15
Four o'Clock, Mixed	25	Sweet William, Single Mixed	40
Globe Amarantus, Mixed	40	Sweet William, Double	
Gourds Ornamental	25	Thunbergia, Mixed	
	2 00	Verbena, Mixed	75
Hyacinth Bean	25	Verbena Hybrid, Mixed	75
Larkspur, Dwarf Rocket	40	Verbena Mammoth, Mixed	
Marigold, Lemon or Orange	40	Verbena, Scarlet	
Marigold, French	40	Wall Flower, Single, Mixed	40
Marvel of Peru	25	Wall Flower, Double Mixed	
Mignonette, Sweet	20 20	Zinnia, Double Mixed	40 50
Mignonette, Large Flowering	20 -	Zinnia, in separate colors	. 50
COLLECTIONS OF IMPORTED FLO	OWE	R SEEDS — IN ORIGINAL PACKAGES.	

					PRICE	ľ				H	PRICE
6	varieties,	Asters,	peony flowere	d	\$0 50	10	varieties,	Nasturtium,	dwarf		\$0 50
6	"	"	Queen of the	Market	50	12	"	"	"		60
6	"	"	Dwarf Pyram:	idal	40	6	"	"	tall		30
6	**	"	T7			8	"	"	"		40
6	"	"	Washington .		-50	10	" -	"	"		50
6	**	Nasturt	ium, dwarf			12	"	"	"		60
8	"	"	"		40						

Twenty-five Varieties of Choice Annual Flower Seeds — Our Own Selection — Sent by Mail on Receipt of \$1.00. 12 Packets for 50 Cents.

Imported Hardy Dutch Roses

On Dwarf Budded Stock

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS EACH. \$2.75 DOZEN.

We will have, about the middle of March, a fine, large importation of Roses, which will be sure to bloom this season and are hardy in this climate, consisting of the following:

son and are hardy in this climate, consisting of the following:

Anna de Diesbach, brilliant rosy pink; a fine variety.

American Beauty, of large globular form; deep bril-

liant pink, shaded carmine.

Baron de Bonestetten, dark velvety crimson.

Baroness de Rothschild, a light satiny rose; free bloomer.

Captain Christy, a magnificent double flower of delicate flesh pink.

Clothilde Soupert, ivory white, shading towards center to silvery rose.

Clio, flesh color, shaded with pink; vigorous grower.

Frau Karl Druschki, a grand hardy white rose; long buds; snow white blossoms, perfect in form; strong grower and very free flowering.

Gen. Jacqueminot, brilliant rich crimson; of fine shape; large, fragrant and hardy.

Grusz an Teplitz, richest scarlet, shading to velvety crimson; fragrant and free bloomer.

J. B. Clarke, scarlet shaded crimson maroon.

Kaiserin Augusta Vcitoria, creamy white, with splendid large buds.

Killarney, beautiful brilliant pink; blooms large, buds long and pointed; petals very large and of great substance, and of strong and robust growth.

La. France, silvery rose, changing to silvery pink; large and constant bloomer.

Louis von Houtte, very dark velvety crimsno.

Magna Charta, bright rose pink; sweet, and of fine form.

Madame Caroline Testout, beautiful satiny pink.

Madame Gabriel Luizet, rich satiny pink; fragrant and profuse bloomer.

Margaret Dickson, pure waxy white flowers, blush center; large bell-shaped petals.

Mrs. John Laing, soft pink; large and fragrant.

Madame Plantier, a hardy, pure white rose; vigorous growth and free bloomer.

Madame Jos. Combet, creamy white.

Paul Neyron, dark pink; largest of all roses; very full.

Prince Camille de Rohan, dark velvety crimson maroon, shaded scarlet; large and fragrant.

Soleil d'Or (Golden Sun), a rich chrome yellow, with coppery rose color in center of flower; flowers large.

Ulrich Brunner, a grand rose; brilliant cherry red; large, perfect flower; vigorous and hardy.

White Killarney, pure white.

The above roses 25 cents each, \$2.75 doz.

Crimson Ramblers, strong bushes, 35 and 50 cents each.

Dorothy Perkins, pink rambler, 35 cents.

Aristolochia Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe), a rapidgrowing climber; flowers resembling a pipe; perfectly hardy; 50 cents each.

Bleeding Heart, an old-fashioned favorite; long spikes of graceful, heart-shaped pink flowers; 20 cents each.



Boston Ivy (Ampelopsis Vetchi), the popular climbing plant for covering walls, trellises, etc. When it becomes established at the roots, it is of very rapid growth and will cling to the smoothest surface with great tenacity; the foliage is of a rich olive green during summer, and changing to shades of bright crimson and scarlet in the fall; 25 cents each.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora, grow to a height of 8 to 10 feet and are hardy; grow in any soil, and bloom the same year they are set out. They flower abundantly, bearing immense panicles of bloom a foot long, white, turning to rose in autumn; 50 and 75 cents each.

Hardy Phlox. a beautiful plant, growing from two to three feet high. They have a wide range of color and succeed in almost any soil; 15 cents each, \$1.50 per dozen.

Honeysuckle (Scarlet Trumpet), produce brilliant coral red clusters of trumpet-shaped flowers; 75 cents each.

Japan Snowball (Viburnum Plicatum), one of the choicest hardy shrubs, with handsome dark foliage and perfect balls of pure white flowers, which are borne in great profusion; 50 to 75 cents each.

Lilac, Purple, one of the best; 75 cents each.

Magnolia Soulangeana, strong plants; \$1.25 to \$2.00 each.

Deutzia Crenata (Double Flowering Deutzia), a well-known, profuse flowering hardy shrub, with luxuriant foliage and double white flowers, tinted with rose; 35 cents each.

Peonies, well-known hardy plants; 25 cents to 50 cents each.

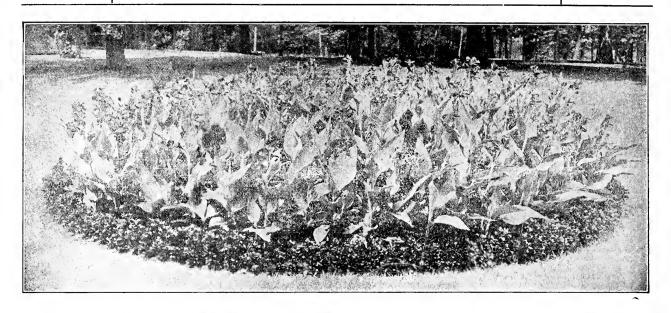
Rhododendrons, hardy evergreen shrubs, with huge clusters of flowers of beautiful colorings, flowering during May and June; the bright evergreen foliage is very attractive; \$1.00 to \$1.50 each.

Spirea Van Houteii, the best of all the white Spireas; it is of compact habit, and, when in bloom, is completely covered with beautiful white flowers, which grow in clusters; 50 cents each.

Syringa, handsome flowers of great fragrance; 75 cents each.

Wisteria Sinensis, a handsome, hardy climber, covered with long clusters of purple flowers; 75 cents each.

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS



DWARF FRENCH EVERBLOOMING CANNAS.

large-sized, brilliant-colored flowers. A profuse bloomer,	prod	uci	ng
great numbers of flowers from mid-summer until frost.			
Austria. The giant, golden lily-flowered Canna, with yel-	Each.		
low flowers from 6 to 8 inches across, height 5 feet	£0 10	\$1	00
Alsace. Delicate sulphur yellow, changing to creamy		Ψ-	•
white, height 3 feet	10	1	00
Annie Laurie. Fine variety, profuse bloomer, 3 feet	10	ī	00
Burbank. Yellow orchid-flowered. Very beautiful, 3 feet	10	1	00
Buttercup. Bright yellow, flowers large, constant bloomer,		_	
height 3 feet	10	1	00
Chas. Henderson. Crimson, with yellow throat, 3 feet	10	1	00
Duke of Marlborough. Beautiful crimson maroon with			
velvety appearance, height 4 feet	10	1	00

These are very showy and attractive, growing from 21/2 to 4 feet, with

David Harum. Bronze foliage; flowers scarlet dotted	Eac	h.	D	oz.
crimson, height 3 feet	\$0	10	\$1	00
Grand Rouge. Handsome crinkly leaves of darkest bronze,			•	
flower red, height 6 feet		10	1	00
Italia. The giant orchid-flowered Canna. Rich golden				
yellow, with great patches of brilliant crimson		10	1	00
King Humbert. Orange scarlet, flaked carmine; bronze				
leaved; height 4 feet	1	10	1	00
Madame Crozy. Vermillion scarlet, bordered with yellow		10	1	00
Martha Washington. Pink flowers, free bloomer, 3 feet		10	1	00
Mt. Ætna. Large crimson flowers; leaves rich bronze;				
height 3 feet		10		00
And many other varieties from 5 cents to 10 cents each,	50 c	er	ıts	to
\$1.00 per dozen.				

GLADIOLUS.

GLADIOLUS are great favorites. They are of very easy culture and succeed well in sandy loam. If strong manures are used in the soil it causes the colors of the flowers to run into each other, and gives them an indistinct appearance. They can be planted singly, in groups, or in beds. Plant from 2 to 4 inches deep, according to size of bulb, and as they grow up, tie to a light stake about 2½ feet high. Should be taken up when frost has killed the leaves, dried in the sun, the stalks cut off an inch from the root. Keep them in a warm, dry cellar through the winter.

eacn.	Dο	Z.
\$	\$0	20
		25
05		50
05	\$0	50
	05	05

La Mainala Hubrid Mistuna	Each.	
Le Moine's Hybrid Mixture		60
Groff's Hybrid. Seedlings; the most popular strain in	ı	
America. Mixed colors	10	75
Midway Collections. Finest mixtures	10	75
Gold Medal Strain (Buffalo, 1901). Finest mixed varieties	10	1 00
Pan-American Strain. Finest mixtures	10	1 00
TIGRIDIA (Shell Flower). The Tigridia, or Mexican Ti	ger Fl	ower,
produces a very showy flower, from 3 to 4 inches in diame	eter, of	very
bright, gorgeous colors, growing on a stem about 18 inches	high.	_
Tigridia Grandiflora. Scarlet, spotted with yellow	Each. \$0 10	
Conchiflora. Orange, spotted with black	10	1 00
Alba. White		1 00

JAPAN LILY.

JAPAN LILY. These beautiful illies, in shape somewhat resemble the old fashioned Tiger Lily, but far surpass it in beauty of coloring. They grow well in good soil, but if planted in a rich loam they will flower much more profusely. When in flower they should be well watered, especially in dry weather. Manure should be avoided, as it is injurious. If protected with a covering of straw or leaves they can be left in the ground throughout the winter. Plant 6 to 8 inches deep in the open ground during May and June.

Lillium Auratum (Golden Japan Lily). White ivory ground, with purple points or studs, with a broad stripe of	ch.	D	oz.
golden yellow running through the center of each leaf; perfume like orange blossoms.	25	\$2	50
- Lancifolium Album. White	20	2	00
Rubrum. Rose spotted	15	1	50
Roseum. Rose spotted	15	í	50
Longiflorum. White, trumpet shaped	10	1	0.

Double Dahlias.

Are well worthy of culture. The variety and beauty of their blossoms and profusion in the late Summer and Autumn, when there are few handsome flowers in bloom, make them a great favorite. They will grow well in almost any good soil, except wet heavy clay-Set about 3 feet apart; when out of danger of frost allow only one shoot to grow; tie to stakes as they advance, trimming off the lower side shoots, keeping them moderately wet in dry weather. The tubers should be taken up before the ground freezes, and laid away in a dry, warm cellar till Spring. 20 and 25 cents each.

\$2.50 per dozen.

DECORATIVE DAHLIAS.

Blue Oban, lavender blue. Ilifford W. Bruton, yellow. Flora, large pure white.

Lyndhurst, bright vermilion.

Madame Van Den Dael. white suffused pink.
Sylvia, pink, white center.
Zulu, black maroon.

SHOW DAHLIAS.

Aurora, yellew tipped carmine.
A. D. Livoni, beautiful pink.
Black Diamond, rich velvety

Miss Dodd, large canary yellow. Red Hussar, vermilion red. White Swan, pure white.

CACTUS DAHLIAS.

Ambassador, large pure white.
Alpha, lilac and maroon.
Gaillard, vermilion red.

Jealousy, clear canary yellow.
Kriemhilde, pink, white center.
Mrs. E. Brousson, deep orange. SINGLE DAHLIAS.

Alba Superba, pure white.

Ami Barilett, dark garnet.

Jack, brilliant geranium scarlet.

St. George, clear canary yellow. Twentieth Century, various shades of pink.

FANCY DAHLIAS.

Barnum's Variegated, bright | Frank Smith, maroon, tipped red, tipped white.

Edthel Schmidt, white, spotted | Lucy Fawcett, pale yellow, pencilled carmine.

POMPON DAHLIAS.

Crimson Beauty, bright crim- Snow Clad, pure white. Eleganta, clear soft pink.

DAHLIAS TO COLOR.

White, crimson, yellow, pink, maroon and variegated. 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Peonies. The Peony is perfectly hardy, and succeeds in any ground that does not lie under water during the Winter. Double White, Double Rose, Double Sweet Scented. Roots, 20 cents each; \$2.00 per

Gloxinia Bulbs. Named sorts, 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Gloxinia Bulbs. Mixed varieties, 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen.

Madeira or Mexican Vine. Large bulbs, 10 cents each; \$1.00 per dozen. Good Bulbs, 5 cents each; 50 cents per dozen.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM. A well-known tropical plant, growing to the height of 4 feet with a corresponding breadth. The leaves are of immense size and of brilliant green, streaked with white, often measuring 2 feet in length by 1½ feet in width; very showy. fine for lawns, door yards, etc.; bulbs, 25 and 50 cts. each, according to size.

TUBEROSES.

The most satisfactory of all the Summer blooming bulbs. Each bulb sends up a stalk about three feet high that throws from twenty to thirty flowers, and each flower may be said to be a bouquet in itself, so sweet and fragrant are they. They require a warm, rich soil, and a long season. Plant in open ground as soon as danger of frost is over. When planted from the first to the middle of May, in a warm sunny location, they should produce flowers early in July. Before planting remove all the off shoots or little bulblets and the dry roots, which if not done, is set to reevent blooming. apt to prevent blooming.

VERY LARGE DOUBLE EXCELSIOR PEARL. Flowers pearly white, larger and more on a stem than the common Pearl; grows about half the height of the old double sorts, the flowers are nearly twice the size and very fragrant. These are large, fine bulbs, and will throw imfragrant. These are large, fine bulbs, and mense spikes of flowers..... \$0 10 \$1 00 Double Excelsior Pearl. First quality; fine large bulbs LARGE DOUBLE DWARF PEARL. Selected bulbs, large and fine... Double Dwarf Pearl Tuberose. First quality...... 05 30

Double T.berose. Good bulbs.....

CINNAMON VINES. A beau.. ful and hardy climber, growing from fifteen to twenty feet high; the leaves are thick and glossy green, flowers, white, borne in clusters, emitting a most delightful cinnamon-like perfume. Price, 5 and 10 cents each, according to

TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIA. These are the most popular for open-air bedding. From the time the first blossom appears until all growth is stopped by frost, they are never out of bloom, and are covered with great wavy flowers from three to five inches across, borne in profusion in all shades of crimson, scarlet, orange yellow and white. Planted in flower beds or borders, they rival the Gera-nium with their rich and varied colors. The bulbs should be taken up in the Fall and laid away until Spring in a dry cool place.

Single-flowered bulbs of scarlet, yellow, white and crimson, 10 cents each, \$1.00 per doz. Double-flowered bulbs, 15 cents each, \$1.50 per doz.



DWARF PEARL TUBEROSE



All small fruits except Strawberry Plants by the dozen will be sent by Express.

STRAWBERRIES.

All varieties marked ${\bf P}$ are pistillate, and require to have every fifth or sixth row set with some perfect-flowering kind, like Sharpless, Bidwell,

Per dozen, 50 cents; per fifty, \$1.00; per hundred, \$1.75.

Marshall, early.

Lovett, early.

Jesse, early.
Sample, (P) early.
Cumberland Triumph, med'm.
Sharpless, medium.
Wm. Belt, medium.

Bubach, (P) medium.

Parsous, medium.
President, (P) medium.
President, (P) medium.
Glen Mary, medium.
Gandy, late.

POTTED STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

Plant pot-grown plants during August or September. These have been layered in pots, and taken out and transplanted with the entire ball and every root the plant has made. After August first we can furnish pot-grown plants of most of the above varieties at \$2.00 to \$2.50 per fifty; \$3.50 to \$5.00 per hundred. Pot-grown plants cannot be sent by mail.

RED RASPBERRIES.

Per dozen, \$1.00; per fifty, \$3.50; per hundred, \$6.50.

The Loudon, early. Cuthbert, late. Miller's Red, early. Marlboro, medium. Golden Queen, yellow variety.

BLACK (CAP) RASPBERRIES.

Per dozen, 85 cents; per fifty, \$3.00; per hundred, \$6.00.

Cumberband, medium. Mills, early. Kans is, medium.

Gregg, medium. Ohio, medium. Palmer, early.

BLACKBERRIES.

Per dozen, \$1.00; per fifty, \$3.50; per hundred, \$6.50.

Mersereau Ancient Britton. Erie. Rathbun.

Souliegan, early.

Lovett. Lawton. Minnewaski.

CURRANTS. 2-Year Bushes.

Each, 20 cents; per dozen, \$1.50; per fifty, \$5.00; per hundred, \$9.50.

Red Cross, red.
Fay's Prolific, red.
Wilder, red.
Three-year-old bushes, each, 35 cents; per dozen, \$3.50.

GOOSEBERRIES. 2-Year-Old Bushes.

Each, 35 cents; per dozen, \$3.50.

Industry, red. Chautauqua, yellow. Columbus, greenish.

Houghton, red. Downing, green. Red Jacket, red.

HARDY GRAPES. 2-Year-Old Bushes.

Each, 10 cents; per dozen, \$1."0.

Early Ohio, black. Moore's Early, black. Agawam, red. Brighton, red. (atawba, dark red. Pocklington, green. Concord, black.

Delaware, red. Empire State, white. Niagara, white. Wilder, black. Bacchus, bla Lady, white.

The following varieties 50 cents each; \$5.00 per dozen.

Moore's Diamond, white. Campbell Early, black.

Green Mountain, geenish white. Woodruff, red.

OUINCE TREES. 75 cents each.

Bourgeat, early and large. Rea's Mammonth, very large. Orange, fine flavor.

Meech's Prolific, very free growing, fruit large. Champion, one of the best.

FRUIT TREES.

First-class stock, four to five feet high, five-eighths inches diameter, 60 cents each, \$6.00 per dozen. No. 1 first class trees five to six feet high, three-quarter inches diameter, 75 cents each, \$8.00 per dozen. Extra Choice Selected Heavy Trees, 3 to 4 years old, which will come into bearing much sooner than the others, \$1.00 each.

APPLES.

SUMMER VARIETIES.

Early Harvest, yellow. Sweet Bough, yellow.

Red Astrachan, crimson. Strawberry, striped red.

AUTUMN VARIETIES.

Alexander, red. Fall Pippin, red and orange. Gravensteine, bright yellow.

Maiden's Blush, yellow, pink cheek Beitingheimer, red.

WINTER VARIETIES.

Baldwin, red. Ben Davis, red. Newton Pippin, yellowish. Spitzenberg, red. King, red.

Wilder, very early.

Northern Spy, striped. Rhode Island Greening. Roxbury Russet, golden. Nonesuch, yellow

PEARS.

75 cents each. Those marked with * \$1.00 each. SUMMER VARIETIES.

Osband's Summer, yellow, red, cheek.

Doyenne D'Ete, round yellow.

Bartlett, large yellow. Lawson, crimson yellow. Clapp's Favorite, early.

AUTUMN VARIETIES.

Kieffer, golden. Idaho, yellow. Flemish Beauty, greenish. * Buerre Bosc, russety yellow. Sheldon, greenish russet.

Seckel, russet. Howell, yellow. Vermout Beauty, yellow. *Worden's Seckel, russet. *Winter Nellis.

WINTER VARIETIES.

red.

Lawrence, yellow dotted

Buerre D'Anjou, greenish.

Buerre Clairgeau, yellow and * President Droundard, large. Nellis, green and russet. Buerre Easter, yellow and red. Bar Seckel, pale green.

CHERRIES.

75 cents each.

Black Tartarian, purplish

Yellow Spanish, yellow, red cheek Black Tartarian, purplish black, medium.
Coe's Transparent, pale amber, early.
Gov. Wood, light red, early:
Napoleon Bigarreau, yellow.
late.

Yellow Spanion, yellow, early.
Black Eagle, large black, med'm.
Windsor, nearly black, late.
Early Rielmond, dark red, early.
English Morrelo, red, late, acid.
Late Duke, light red, late.

Day Duke, dark red.

PLUMS

JAPAN VARIETIES.

Good Trees, 75 cents each. Extra heavy four-year-old Trees, \$1.50 each

Abundance, amber, Satsuma, purple.

October Purple, reddish purple.

Ogon, yellow.

Hale, mottled orange yellow.

Red June, red.

Abundance, amber,

Ogon, yellow.

Wickson, maroon red.

Chabot, pink, gold dots, large.

Burbauk, Cherry red.

EUROPEAN VARIETIES. 75 cents and \$1.00 each.

Lombard, violet red. Shipper's Pride, purple, Bradshaw, violet red.

German Prune. Shropshire Damson, amber. Imperial Gage, greenish.

PEACHES.

Elberta, yellow, medium.
Stephens Rareripe, white, late.
Chairs Choice, yellow, late.
Crawford, yellow, early.
Crawford, greenish yellow, late.
Crosby, orange yellow, medium.

Wonderful, yellow, late.
Globe, yellow, late.
Champion, white, early.
Morris White, straw, tinged mediumIron Mountain, white, late.

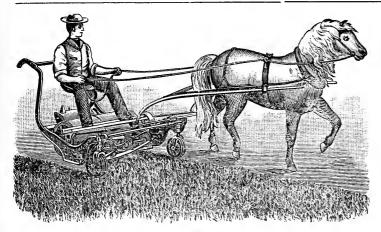
75 cents each.

Wonderful, yellow, late. Globe, yellow, late. Champion, white, early. Morris White, straw, tinged red,

APRICOT TREES. Extra size, 75 cents each.

Acme, vellow. Early Golden.

Breda, orange, Moorpark, orange.



HORSE LAWN MOWERS.

CONTINENTAL LAWN MOWER.

This machine is a high grade mower and has the cutting bar in the rear, which adapts itself to any unevenness in the ground. The gearing is completely covered. The ratchet has no spring, which makes it silent in its operation. It is made to run at high speed and will cut high grass, leaving the lawn perfectly smooth. It is light and easy to work; easily kept in order.

Widt	th.			Wei	ght.	Price on Application.
15	in.	(high	wheel)	48	lbs.	
17	in.	"	"	$\cdots\cdots 50$	lbs.	

Plain and Ball Bearing Lawn Mowers. These Mowers have Ball Bearing Drive Wheels and Revolving Reel, both automatically adjusted, and combined to make them the easiest running and most serviceable Lawn Mowers ever built. All parts strongly constructed and carefully milled.

PRICE	
16 in. Gem, Plain Bearing, 81/2 in. Drive Wheel \$3 50	16 in. Pilot, Ball Bearing, 9 in. Drive Wheel
16 in. Reliance, Plain Bearing, 9 in. Drive Wheel 4 00	16 in. Atlas, Ball Bearing, 10½ in. Drive Wheel
16 in. Monitor, Ball Bearing, 8½ in. Drive Wheel 5 00	18 in. Atlas, Ball Bearing, 10½ in. Drive Wheel

Garden Tools, Requisites, Etc.

Asparagus Bunchers, Acme	Each \$2 50
Asparagus Knives	60
Bee Smokers	75
Bellows, for Dusting75 to	1 25
Calf Feeders	2 50
Calf Weaners35, 38, 50, 75,	1 00
Corn Shellers	8 00
Corn Planters	2 50
Dibbles35 to	50
Drinking Fountains35, 50,	75
Dry Feed Hoppers	75
Feed Cutters	8 00
Forks, Spading	65
Forks, Manure	1 00
Forks, Weeding25 to	50
Fruit Pickers, wire	25
Garden and Pot Labels. (See page 45.)	
Grafting Chisel75 to	1 00
Grafting Wax, ¼ lb. 15c., ½ lb. 25c., lb.	40
Garden Reels75 to	1 25
Garden Line50 to	1 00
Grass Hooks, English riveted back	65
Grass Hooks, American	40
Grass Gatherers	1 50
Garden Rubber Hose, per ft10 to	15
Hose Nozzles50 to	1 00
Hoes, Garden (large and small)38 to	60 .
Hoes, Dutch Scuffle60 to	1 00
Hot-Bed Mats. (See page 25.)	
KNIVES. Budding, English	1 38
Pruning, English and American60 to	1 50
Grafting	1 00
Corn	25
Asparagus	50
Edging, American	75

Each
Edging Knife Engliish 150 to 250
Labels, Wood, Pot and Plant. (See page
45.)
Leg Bands for Poultry, doz15 to 25
Lopping Shears, American 1 00
Lopping Shears, English2 75 to 4 00
Lawn Rollers. (See page 22.)
Lawn Sprinklers
Milk Strainers, patent 2 50
Milking Tubes, silver
Mole Traps, Olmsted 2 50
Oils, Lubricating, per gal 65
Pencils, Indelible, Garden 25
Plant Tubs. (See page 45.)
Post-hole Spoons
Poultry Punches
Pruners, Tree
Pruning Saw and Chisel 1 70
Pumps, Bucket
Pumps, Simplex, Spray 13 00
Pumps, Century, Spray 18 00
Raffia, for tying, per lb
Raffia, colored
Rakes, Steel, Garden45 to 65
Rakes, Lawn, wire 75
Rakes, Pat. wood, self-cleaning65 and 75
Rakes, Lawn, wood 60
Rakes, Hay, wood
Root Cutters
Reeds, for Basketry
Rustic Baskets
Rustic Stands
Saws, Pruning50 to 1 25
Scythes, Lawn, riveted1 25 to 1 50
Scythe-Stone, Talacre

	,	
	Scythe-Stone, English, flat	Eacl
	Scissors, Flower	1 2
	Scissors, Fruit	1 2
	Scissors, Pruning	1 2
	Shears, Pruning25 to	2 5
	Shears, Pruning, French	1 2
	Shears, Pruning, Levin (patent)75 to	1 5
	Shears, Sheep	1 5
	Shears, Hedge, English	2 5
	Shears, Grass Edging, American25	5
	Shears, Grass, English1 25 to	1 7
	Shears, Lopping 1 00, 2 75 to	4 0
	Shears, Hedge, American75 to	1 50
	Shell and Grit Hoppers	6
	Shovels	1 2
	Spades	1 2
	Spuds, thistle and weed50 to	73
	Sprinklers, Scollay Rubber75 to	1 28
		1 2
•	Stakes, Plant and Dahlia. (See page 42.)	= 00
	Syringes, Brass	
	Sprayers, Daisy	68
	Sprayers, Twin	75
	Twine, Asparagus, per ball, 10c; per lb.	18
	Twine, Garden, tying, per ball, 10c; lb.	18
	Twine, Binding, per ball	50
	Thermometers, Dairy Glass	25
	Thermometers, Metal	75
	Thermometers, Brooder	75
	Thermometers, Incubator65 to	85
	Trowels, English62 to	87
	Trowels, American, light10 to	35
	Trowels, American, heavy45 to	75
	Weeders, Hand Excelsior	25 35
	Weeders, Noyes	35
	Weeders, Laing	25

IMPLEMENTS AND INSECTICIDES FOR SPRAYING.

Spraying is no longer an experiment; it is an accepted practice, as tillage, pruning and fertilizing are, if we desire to grow nice fruit, shrubs and trees. It is not a question whether you will or you will not spray. If you wish success with fruit you will have to spray your trees. Unless trees are healthy they cannot bear full crops of perfect fruit, and unless you spray them you cannot hope to keep them sturdy and vigorous. It is impossible to raise fruit successfully without spraying. Apply the right remedy at the right time, and do your work well. Spray, not sprinkle, until all the leaves are moistened (if possible), and until the solution begins to drip from the trees.

WHEN TO SPRAY.—The time of making the application varies with the season. As a rule, for garden fruits, when the insects first appear, for orchard fruits; or the more common insects, just before the fruit buds open, and just after the blossoms fall. Never spray a tree when in blossom.

With the special pumps and prepared insecticides now on the market, the labor of successfully combatting nearly all injurious insects is very easy to what it was formerly. Science has now perfected insecticides which do not wash off when thoroughly dried on the leaves, which is a boon to the fruit grower. We carry in stock the very best and most complete line of insecticides, also, fungicides, spray pumps, hose and nozzles. Protect your shrubs, plants and trees from disease and insect attacks. Full directions accompany all goods.

DRY BORDEAUX AND PARIS GREEN COMPOUND.

A Fungicide, Insecticide and Plant Food.

This compound has a successful record of years, and the sale is increasing every season. It kills potato bugs and all plant-eating insects, prevents blight and rust. Keeps potato and tomato vines and other foliage in a green and vigorous condition, preserving vines until fully matured, and insures full and healthy crops. Paris Green has been known as the best insecticide for years, Bordeaux the best fungicide. It is a well-known fact that if no disease appears, Bordeaux Mixture will increase the yield and make the work profitable; so, when applying this compound for the destruction of insects, a stimulant is being applied at the same time to the vines. It is a preventive of blight when applied early or any time during the season, but not a cure after the blight has struck the crop. It is easy to apply and will stick well to the foliage, and will not burn. Can be applied dry or mixed with water. The last few years have proven that Paris Green used alone has a tendency to blight, but when applied with the Bordeaux Mixture the Bordeaux will prevent it from blighting and also keep the vines in a healthy condition throughout the season. Use about 4 or 5 pounds to an acre. Per pound, 25 cents.

SLUG SHOT is an infallible insecticide. It is an impalpable powder, a combination of insecticides *poisonous* to insects preying upon vegetation and destroying nearly all classes of insect life. Slug Shot has been used since 1880 and always gives satisfaction. It is in use in greater or less degree in every State of the Union.

Cartons	.Each,	\$0	15	10-lb.	pacl	cages	Each,	\$0	60
5-lb. packages	. "		30	100-lbs.				5	00

ARSENATE OF LEAD.

1-lb. cans			
2-lb. cans			
5-lb. cans			

FIR-TREE-OIL SOAP.—For destroying Lice, Red Spider, Mealy Bugs, Scale, Aphis and all insects that infest plants—by dissolving and spraying plants or greenhouse. In using, dilute box in 8 gallons of water or 1 ounce to 1 gallon of water. Box, 25c. and 75c.

FISH OR WHALE-OIL SOAP.—For the destruction of insects on plants. Per box, 10, 15 and 25 cents.

SULPHO-TOBACCO SOAP.—A wonderful, inexpensive insecticide. Sure death to all plant insects in-doors and out-of-doors. Of special value for spraying shrubs, fruit trees, vines, bushes and plants. Produces luxuriant roses if bushes are sprayed liberally before blooming time.

3-oz. cake makes 1½ gals. prepared solution, 10c. Mailed postpaid, 13c.

BUG DEATH can be applied wet or dry—sure death to insects and also prevents Blight, and will not injure the plants. 1-lb. package, 20 cents; 3-lb. package, 35 cents.

PARIS GREEN. Indispensable on farm or garden for preventing ravages of potato bugs, ctc. In applying dry use 1 lb. to 100 lbs. plaster or flour. In water, 1 lb. to 200 or 300 gallons. When used pure, 1 lb. to acre.

HELLEBORE. For worms and sucking insects. Per package, 15. 25 and 40 cents.

SCALECIDE. For destroying San Jose Scale. This preparation will destroy the scale without injury to the trees; should be diluted, 1 part scalecide to 20 parts water. Price, 50 cents per quart, \$1.00 per gallon; 5 gallons, \$3.50; 50-gallon barrel, \$25.00.

LIME SULPHUR SOLUTION. For spraying, Fall and Spring. A perfect scale and fungus destroyer. Use during dormant period. Dilute with water, 1 part solution to 16 of water for Fall or Spring, and for Summer spraying, 1 to 40. 1 qt., 35c.; 2 qts., 50c.; 1 gal., 75c.; 5 gals., \$2.50; and also by barrel.

DRY BORDEAUX MIXTURE. Prevents blight on all crops. Per lb. box, 25 cents.

LIQUID BORDEAUX. For rust and rot. Per qt. 50c.; per gal., \$1..00

Simplex Spray. A preparation for spraying all kinds of plants and fruit trees, to kill insects and prevent blight, mildew and scab. Dilute 1 part to 10 pints water. 2-qt. jars, 75 cents.

Sulfocide or Summer Spray. A substitute for Bordeaux Mixture; it is a fungicide for blight, rust, mildew, etc. Directions on package. 1 qt., 75 cents.

COPPER SOLUTION. Ammoniated, for mildew, blight and rot. Dilute with water and spray. 1 qt. to 25 gals.; per qt., 50c.

KEROSENE EMULSION. Per qt. 50c.; per gal. \$1.00.

NICO FUME PAPER. This is the strongest Tobacco Paper on the market. Does not injure blooms and furnishes the easiest method for fumigation ever devised. Especially destructive to Aphides or Green Fly, Thrips, and all insects. Tin box, 24 sheets, \$1.00; 144 sheets, \$4.50; 288 sheets, \$8.50.

NICO FUME LIQUID. A very effective vaporizing liquid for spraying plants and fumigating greenhouses. Use from one to two teaspoonfuls to a gallon of water. 1/4-lb. can, 60c.; 1-lb. can, \$2.00; 4-lb. can, \$7.00; 8-lb. can, \$13.50.

STERLINGWORTH WEED KILLER. Is a most satisfactor and powerful weed killer, for use on walks, drives, tennis courts, golf links, etc., etc. It is a dry powder to be dissolved in water. Full directions on each package.

1-lb. package makes 15 gallons, covers 45 to 60 square yards.. \$0 50 3-lb. package makes 45 gallons, covers 130 to 180 square yards.. 1 25 5-lb. package makes 100 gallons, covers 300 to 400 square yards.. 2 00

STERLINGWORTH CUTWORM KILLER. A coarse powder for sprinkling near the vegetation to be protected. Per 1-lb. box, 25 cents.

COW EASE. A preparation to prevent flies from troubling cattle and horses. Gal. can, 90 cents to \$1.00.

TOBACCO DUST. 5 cents per lb. 4½ cents per lb. by the barrel.

SPRAYERS.

SUCCESS and PRIZE BUCKET SPRAY PUMPS with brass working parts, bronze ball valves, malleable foot rests, throws stream or spray. Price, \$5.00 to \$5.50.

ATOMIZERS from 65 to 75 cents.

DRY POWDER SPRAYERS, 75 cents.

COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYER. Price, \$5.50.

FERTILIZERS.

Pure Pulverized Sheep Manure.

Nothing can equal this for LAWNS, PLANTS, and Gardens, as it is the strongest of all natural manures, chemical analysis showing it to contain a higher per cent of fertilizing ingredients—ammonia, phosphoric acid and potash—than in any animal fertilizer in use. It is sterilized to kill all foul seeds and ground fine. It is clean, easily and quickly applied, has no unpleasant odor, will not kill or burn the grass like the commercial fertilizers, will not sow a crop of noxious weeds for you like Barnyard or Stable manure to fill your lawns. It is immediate in its effect and lasting.

A beautiful Lawn is a great attraction to a home and as the constant growing and cutting of grass will exhaust the soil it makes it necessary to enrich it in order to keep your lawn in a state of perfection. To do this some use Barn Manure, which is bulky, unsightly and introduces seeds of obnoxious weeds and grasses.

A few dollars spent in Sheep Manure will not only give you a beautiful lawn, but will preserve it and be a saving of money in the long run, as it is pure and of full strength, is easily handled, odorless and perfectly safe to use on grass, or the most sensitive plants. This makes it the most economical food for lawns and plants that it is possible to obtain.



FOR GARDENS, dig into the soil when sowing the seed or setting out plants and it will promote a rapid strong growth of flowers or vegetables.

FOR YOUNG TREES or BUSHES, it makes the finest mulch, after watering it becomes a very strong solution, soaking the roots thoroughly with a needed food and they will show the good effects in a very few days after using.

FOR PLANTS and FLOWERS, it is the most nutritious food that can be applied, as a liquid dressing using five pounds to five gallons of water and may be used with' perfect safety, or sprinkle it dry around the plants, working it into the ground. Remember, it will not injure the most sensitive plant but will produce healthy plants, with rich blossoms.

DIRECTIONS. Sprinkle thickly over the grass early in the Spring and once or twice in the Summer or any time during the growing season, using about 100 lbs to 2000 square feet, or to a space of 50 feet one way by 45 feet the other; 50 lbs will cover 25 by 23 feet. If the season is dry, wet it down or sow just before rain. If you have only a small place it is well to buy a bag, as you can use it on your grass and gardens, early and through the season as it keeps in good condition and is convenient to have on hand. Bag of 100 lbs., \$2.25; 50 lbs., \$1.50; 25 lbs., 75 cents; 10 lbs., 50 cents; 5 lbs., 25 cents. Special prices on ton lots.

contains, and is used chiefly as a stimulant to force slow-growing grass or backward crops. It is quick in its action, forcing the plants along to maturity, and can be used alone or mixed with some sort of fertilizer. It should be applied twice; as soon as the plants are through the ground or about an inch high, and again in two or three weeks, as it is all absorbed by the plants and soil in ten days or two weeks. 5 lb. bag, 25 cents; 10 lb. bag, 50 cents.

HIGH GRADE FERTILIZER. Is very high in Ammonia, Vitrogen Phosphoric Acid, and must not be classed with the low grades often called by the same name, but undesirable to grow good crops. In buying fertilizers it is better to buy one bag of high-grade goods than buying fertilizers it is better to buy one bag of high-grade goods than two bags of low-grade or cheap, as the one bag of good will go just as

Bonora. 25 and 50 cents per box. two bags of low-grade or cheap, as the one bag of good will go just as

NITRATE OF SODA. Is valuable solely for the Nitrogen it | far and do just the same work as the two bags of the cheaper sort. It is fine for vegetable gardens. 5 lb. bag, 25 cents: 10 lb. bag, 50 cents; 25 lb. bag, \$1.00; per hundred, \$2.50; ton, \$40.00.

Ground Bone. For Trees, Grapevines, Currant Bushes, or anything that has heavy permanent root growth, as it is slow in effect but very lasting, feeding the roots gradually and slowly. Per 5 lb. bag,

25 cents; 10 lb. bag, 50 cents; 25 lb. bag, \$1.00; 100 lb. bag, \$2.50.

Plant Food. For flower beds, put up in bags. 5 lbs. 50 cents; 10 lbs. 75 cents; 25 lbs. \$1.50.

Lawn Dressing. 5 lb. pag, 50 cents; 10 lb. bag 75 cents:

25 lb. bag, \$1.25. Bowker's Plant Food. Packages sufficient for twenty plants

Round, Painted Plant Sticks.

Length			Pr 100	
One and one-half feet	\$0 02	\$0 20	\$1 50	
Two feet	04	35	2 50	
Two and one-half feet	05	50	4 00	
Three feet	06	65	5 00	
Three and one-half feet	08	80	6 00	
Four feet	10	1 00	7 50	
Five feet	12	1 25	9 00	
Six feet, Dahlia	15	1 50	12 00	
,				

Painted Pot Labels.

	Pr 100	Pr 1000
Four-inch Pot Labels	\$0 20	\$1 50
Five-inch Pot Labels	25	1 75
Six-inch Pot Labels	25	2 00
Wired Tree Labels	30	2 25

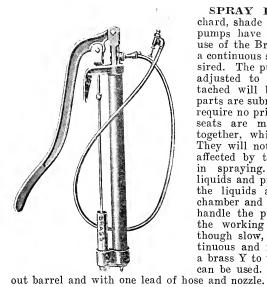


CORN SHELLERS

They have a strong wood frame. Handle on one side, and a heavy balance wheel on the other, which gives them speed and makes them run easily. They have an adjustable hopper, which can be set to shell large or small ears perfectly. It will separate the cob from the corn, and has a fan which blows out chaff and dirt. They are well and substantially made of selected material, and give perfect satisfaction.



Spray your Trees to destroy the San Jose Scale and other Insects. The San Jose is the most dreaded of the imported pests. It was imported from China or Japan on some new varieties of plums and made its appearance first in San Jose, Cal., from which fact it gets its name. The insect is so small that only the practiced eye can detect it in the early stages of infestation, at which time it looks about the size and color of a fly speck, but it multiplies so fast that it soon covers an infested limb or branch, giving it a rough, ashy appearance, soon sapping the life and finally the tree succumbs.



SPRAY PUMPS, for spraying orchard, shade trees, shrubbery, etc. These pumps have great capacity and by the use of the Brass Nozzles they will throw a continuous spray or stream any size desired. The pumps are quickly and easily adjusted to any barrel, and when attached will be solid and durable. All parts are submerged in the liquid so they require no priming. All valves and valve seats are made of brass and ground together, which makes them air tight. They will not corrode or rust out or be affected by the strong ingredients used in spraying. The Agitator stirs the liquids and prevents them from settling; the liquids are compressed in the air chamber and with one stroke of the pump handle the pressure is retained so that the working of the pump handle, although slow, gives a great force of continuous and rapid spray. By attaching a brass Y to the pump, two leads of hose The pumps are sold with-We have several styles, from \$9.00 to \$16.00. can be used.





COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYERS will hold four gallons of water and is made of galvanized iron, double flanged heads to stand heavy pressure of air; have heavy brass pump and two and one-half feet three-ply hose; have brass safety valves to prevent over-pressure, and adjustable shoulder strap and brass nozzle. They are adapted for spraying potatoes, vegetables, bushes, shrubbery, trees, etc. Will spray anything in the liquid form.

When charged contains three gallons of solution and one gallon of compressed air. Eight or ten strokes of the plunger will compress the air, and by once in a while giving a stroke of the plunger the entire contents of the sprayer can be discharged without any extra pumping. Perfection Compressed Air Sprayer, \$5.50. Brown Auto Sprayer, Kant Klog Sprayer, \$5.00. \$5.50.

SPRAY PUMPS, with brass working parts, bronze ball valves, malleable foot rest; throws stream or spray. Price, \$4.50 to \$6.00.



POULTRY SUPPLIES AND FEED.

Essex Model Incubators and Brooders are well balanced, evenly heated and bring out successful results.

New Homestead Incubators, 70 Eggs. Price, \$7.00.

No. 0, Essex Model, 100 Eggs. Price, \$18.00.

No. 1, Essex Standard, 175 Eggs. Price, \$23.00.

No. 2, Essex Standard, 275 Eggs. Price, \$32.00.

No. B, Essex Model, 120 Egg Incubator. Price, \$14.00.

No. C, Essex Model Incubator, 200 Eggs. Price, \$18.50.

Buckeye Incubator A, 60 Eggs. Price, \$10.00.

Buckeye No. 1 Standard, holds 110 Eggs. Price, \$18.00.

New Homestead Brooder, holds 50 chicks. Price, \$7.50.

Double Homestead Brooder, holds 200 chicks. Price, \$10.00.

Model A. Outdoor Brooder, 47½ x 28¼ inches, holds 75 to 100 chicks. Price, \$12.50.



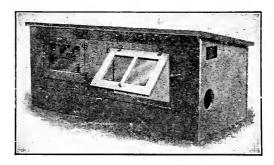
INCUBATOR.



INTERNATIONAL SANITARY HOVER.

Model C, Outdoor Colony Brooder, 72 x 34½ inches, holds 150 chicks. Price, \$18.50.

Chick Comfort Hover, holds 150 to 200 chicks. Price, \$8.50. Fireless Brooder, holds 50 chicks. Price, \$3.00.



BROODER.

International Sanitary Hover is not a center-heated Hover, but is warmest near the curtain. The chicks will distribute themselves around the edge of the curtain, where they have plenty of room and fresh air as well as warmth, with no crowding to the center. The Lamp Holder can be lifted out through the top to attend to or fill. The flame cannot be put out by wind or rain, there being no connection between the lamp chimney and the flues for taking in fresh air and discharging gases. Price, \$8.50.

Norwich Automatic Exerciser and Feeder, will hold 8 qts. to 14 qts. of feed; this Self-Feeder is the best device ever placed on the market; No. 1, holds 8 qts., \$2.50; No. 2, holds 14 qts., \$3.25.

Drinking Fountains, Cypher's, Felker's, Sexton, and Young.

Dry Food Hoppers, Sexton, Felker, Boston, and Essex Safety.

Grit and Shell Hoppers. Chick Servers, Lathrop, Felker, and Cypher's.

Felker's Fountains and Heaters.

Haven's Climax Condition Powder, a tonic preventive and cure for diseases of Poultry, Horses, Cattle, and Swine.

Pratt's, Sheridan's, and Barker's Condition Powder.
Rust's Egg. Producer; makes eggs plentifully and keeps fowls vigorous and healthy.

Model Egg Maker. Conkey's Laying Tonic. Pratt's Egg Producer.

Conkey's and Rust's Soluble Roup Cure; give in the drinking water.

Rust's Roup Pills; will cure severe cases of Roup.

Conkey's Scaly Leg Remedy, Poultry Tonic, Limberneck and Cholera Remedy, Head Lice Ointment, Nox-i-cide, White Diarrhoea Remedy, and Chicken Pox Remedy.

Lice-killing Powder, Rust's, Conkey's, and Pratt's. Liquid Lice-killer, Rust's and Conkey's.

Medicated and Porcelain Nest Eggs. Knox Medicated Nest Eggs, will keep the nests free from lice. Incubator and Brooder Thermometers.

Egg Boxes, made of cardboard, for carrying eggs.

Copper, Aluminum, and Celluloid Leg bands. Poultry Punches. Egg Testers and Whitewash Sprayers. Neverfail and Globe Scratch Food, Globe Chick Food. Cypher's Laying Mash. Beef Scrap.

Charcoal in cartons and 50-lb. bags. Mica Grit, coarse, medium and fine.

Cut Clover. Oyster Shells, and Fine Ground Bone.
Bone.

Hen-e-ta saves all grit, shell, charcoal, beef scrap, and bone, see page 47.

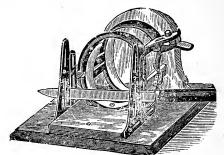


LEGGET'S PARIS GREEN OR DRY POWDER GUN,

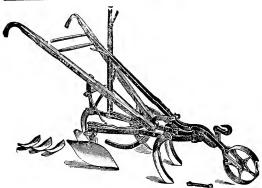
For Garden or Potato Field. Distributes Paris Green or any Dry Powder.

For destroying Cabbage Worm, Cut Worm, Potato Bugs, and all leaf-eating Caterpillars, etc., on Potatoes or Trees. With it a man can thoroughly Paris Green from one to two acres of Potatoes in one hour, using 1 lb. of Green to the acre. When used only on one acre, it will save its cost the first year. No other machine renders the handling of Paris Green so free from danger. Price, \$8.00.

For Using Paris Green Pure. A Wonderful Invention, Light, Swift, Easy, Safe Strong and Cheap.

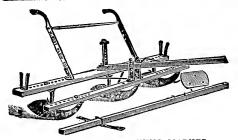


ACME ASPARAGUS BUNCHER. A greatly improved pattern, with adjustable knife guide and movable head, with automatic catch for binding any size bunch.

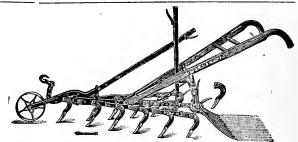


Planet, Jr., Cultivator and Horse Hoe

No. 4. Planet, without Lever	\$5	25
No. 4. Complete, without Lever	7	00
No. 7. Complete, 2 Levers	8	75
No. 8. Complete, 2 Levers	. 9	25
No. 9. Complete, 1 Lever	7	75
12 Tooth Cultivator, with Wheel	7	40
12 Tooth Cultivator, complete with Pulverizer	9	25
Thompson's Wheel Barrow Seed Sower, sows 14 ft		
Calhoon Broad Seed Sower	3	50
Cyclone Broad Cart Seed Sower	1	50



IMPROVED STEEL WING MARKER.



PLANET, JR., 12-TOOTH CULTIVATOR

GREEN WOODEN PLANT TUBS, made of cedar, painted green, with iron hoops and drop handles.

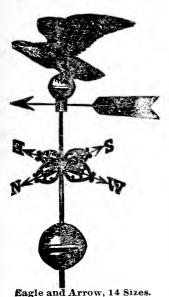
No.	Dia.	Depth.	Price.
A	8 in.	6 in.	\$0.50
В	9 "	8 "	.75
c	10 "	9 "	.80
D a	11 "	10 "	1.00
1	12 "	11 "	1.25



No.					Dia.	D	epth.	Price	
2					13 in.	12	in.	\$1.5	0
3					14 "	14	"	2.0	0
4					16 "	15	"	2.7	5
5					19 "	18	"	3.2	5
6					22 "	19	66	4.2	5

LITTLE GIANT STOCK AND POULTRY FOOD. For cattle, sheep, horses, swine and poultry. It is a concentrated Food and Tonic, to be fed in small quantities with grain or other feed for the improvement of appetite, digestion and assimilation, and the prevention and cure of nearly all ailments incidental to the breeding, growing and fattening of cattle, horses, swine, sheep and poultry. It is composed of sterilized meatmeal, bone flour, ground blood, C. P. charcoal, imported French Gentin Root, African Fenigreek Seed, Spanish Licorice Root and German Fennell Seed. 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.50; 25 lbs., \$3.00.

MALTOID MILK BONE, DOG AND PUPPY BISCUIT. It is a scientific combination of the food properties of malt and milk, with other ingredients used. These produce a food rich in proteid, and, having the proper amount of carbohydrates to constitute a complete food, it aids digestion, prevents foul breath and decayed teeth, imparts vitality, and improves the glossiness of the coat. It is a very powerful nourisher and muscle builder, aids in the assimilation of other food, and is, itself, capable of almost complete assimilation. Price, 10 cents and 25 cents per box; 10 lbs., Dog, 80 cents; 10 lbs., Puppy, 85 cents; 25 lbs., \$2.00.



COPPER WEATHER VANES.

A wane includes a wrought-iron spire and points of compass, with letters and balls ready for mounting. Each vane is a perfect indicator of the wind, and is warranted in every respect. They are made of copper, gilded with the finest gold leaf, and will keep bright for years without corroding.

Maud S., 31 in. long, swell bodied Dexter, 32 in. long, full bodied Dexter, old design Ethan Allen, 31 in. long Ethan Allen, 31 in. graftli bodied	22 00 20 00 25 00
Ethan Allen, Jr, 26 in. long	15 00 25 00
Rooster, 36 in. high, \$35.00; 28 in. \$25.90; 24 in. \$15.00; 14 in.	
Game Rooster, 17 in. high. \$10 00; with arrow, 18 in	18 00 30 00
Eagle, 42 in. spread, with arrow, \$50 00; 36 in. \$47 00; 27 in	
Eagle, 20 in. long, with arrow Eagle, 15 in. spread, with arrow	22 00 15 00
Eagle, with scroll, 15 in. spread, \$26.00; 18 in	33 00
Eagle, with scroll, 27 in. long	45 00
Arrow, 72 in. long, \$50 00; 60 in. \$30.00; 48 in. \$20.00; 42 in	18 00 8 00
Arrow, 18 in. long, \$6.00; 15 in \$5 00; 12 in	4 00
Church Vanes, 60 in. long	35 00 25 00
Church Vanes, 48 in. long	23 00
Small scrolls from 8 inch to 48 in. \$5.00; to	20 00



Kentucky.



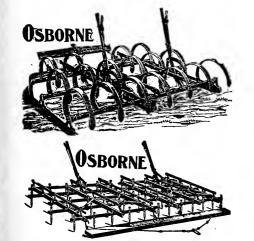
Game Rooster.

SYRACUSE COMBINATION PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

Steel Mouldboard and Landside, Chilled and Steel Shares.

These Plows have a large and unprecedented sale, and are extremely popular in all sections where Combination Plows are used. The Mouldboard, of highest grade soft centre plow steel, is so fashioned that a furrow may be turned smoothly up or down on sloping land, which feature has greatly increased its sale in all sections where the land is somewhat rolling. We furnish this plow with round or flat Colters, the latter being preferred where the land is very hard and stony. We commend this Series to all parties desiring a perfect Combination Plow for general purpose work.

SYRACUSE DOUBLE AND SINGLE SULKY PLOWS.

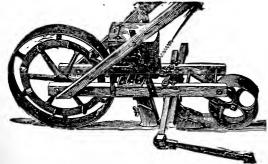


I am Headquarters in Albany for Osborne Division of International Harvester Co.'s goods and carry a full line. Farm Implements, Twine, Oils and Extras. Osborne Columbia Mowers, 4 1-2, 5 and 6 ft. cut. Columbia and No. 8 Reapers. Columbia Harvester and Binder, 5 and 6 ft. cut. Hay Tedders, 6 and 8 fork. Self-Dump Horse Rakes, 8 feet, 20 and 25 teeth; 10 feet, 24 and 30 teeth. Corn Harvesters. Rival Disc Harrows, 12 discs, 16, 18 and 20 inches in diameter. Spring Tooth Harrows, 9, 15 and 17 teeth. Combination Harrows, 8 and 16 teeth. Peg Tooth Harrows, 50, 60 and 70 (5-8 in.) teeth. Machine Oil. Long Fibre Binding Twine.

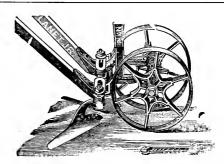
OSBORNE REPAIRS AND EXTRAS for all their machines constantly on hand.

We can fill orders by wire, telephone or mail immediately. Send to me when you need anything in this line and save delay.

Telephone, 815.



NEW MODEL SEED DRILL. Will sow anything from Celery Seed to Peas and Beans perfectly. The flow of seed can be instantly cut off, to prevent waste at ends of rows. The markers are easily adjusted. The wheel is broad, to prevent sinking into soft earth. The opening plow can be adjusted to run deep or shallow. Price, \$8 00 Matthews' Seed Drill. 750 Planet, Jr., Combined Drill and Cultivator. 10 50



Planet, Jr., Double Wheel Hoe, No. 12, Com-	e7 M
plete	\$1.00
Same, No. 13, Plain	4 70
Single Wheel Hoe, No. 16, Complete	6 00
Single Wheel Hoe. No. 18, Plain	3 50
Iron Age Double Wheel Hoe, Complete	7 00
Iron Age Single Wheel Hoe, Complete	6 00

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GARDENERS. Many men apply to us for situations as gardeners, and many persons ask us if we can get gardeners for them. For the benefit of these two classes we wish to say that when a man applies for a situation we ask his name, address, age, nationality, whether he is married or single, whether he has children, their ages, and obtain all the information we think essential. The cases are very rare in which we recommend a gardener to an employer. The most we can do is to give his references and let the employer find out about him for himself. The labor is entirely gratuitous on our part, so we cannot take any responsibility. We do not, however, enter on our books the name of any gardener whom we have reason to believe to be an undesirable man.

